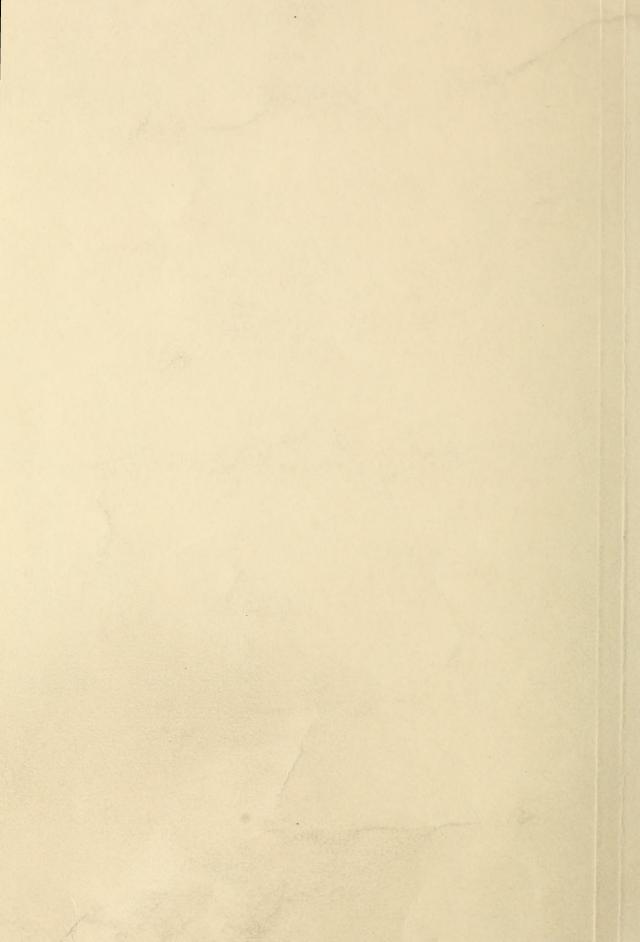
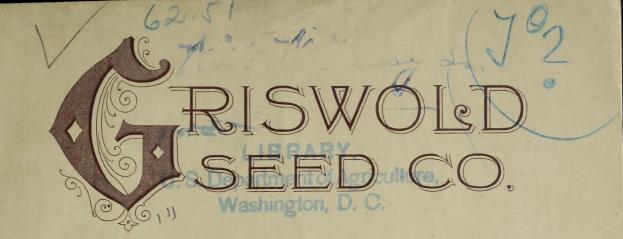
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THE MOST SATISFAC-TORY FLOWERS IN CULTIVATION.



THEY NEVER DISAPPOINT"

LINCOLN, NEBRASKA.

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# Twenty-First Annual Catalog



We want our Catalog to be in the hand of every person who expects to buy seeds. We will appreciate the courtesy if when you send us an order for any of your neighbors you will give their address.

We have not shown any varieties in our Catalog that do not possess real merit. Our field, garden and flower seeds are all standard varieties, and the best that can be had. Our bulbs and roots are reliable.

In our descriptions we have endeavored to be exact, being especially desirious to avoid exaggeration. Our seeds are good, the plain truth is all that is necessary.

TESTED SEED. For several years past we have tested all garden, field and grass seed. We have a large tester built according to the plans approved by the Government Department of Agriculture. The value of tested seed to the buyer cannot be over-estimated. It is an assurance to you that the seed is full of vigorous life and vitality, and that if you plant under proper conditions and follow our instructions, you will not be disappointed.

ERRORS We exercise the utmost care in filling orders, striving to do a little more than we offer: yet in the press of business errors sometimes occur, in which event we wish to be promptly notified of the fact and will make such corrections as will be satisfactory. Please keep copies of all your orders for comparison

OUR TERMS are cash with order. We cannot ship C. O. D. unless you remit at least one half the amount of the order. It always costs you extra for goods to come that way. We will take your personal check if you add 15 cents for exchange, but will hold order till banks report checks paid. Better just send us Draft, Money Order, or Registered Letter. We always refund your money if we cannot fill order.

MARRIED WOMEN will save confusion in correspondence by always using husband's initials. YOUR ORDER is acknowledged the day it is received, and filled just as soon as possible.

HOW WE SHIP. All heavy stuff is sent by freight at your expense, unless otherwise instructed. We send you duplicate bill of lading, showing date, number of bags sent, and route. All plants and perishable stuff are sent only by express at your expense, unless quoted "prepaid", in which case we send by mail or prepaid express and notify you.

HALF FREIGHT RATES. All points in Idaho, Montana and North Western States on Great Northern & Northern Pacific R. R. west of Billings, Mont. will get half rates from Lincoln on Barley, Wheat, Rye, Flax, Grass seed, Clover, Millet and Rape from January 1st, to July 1st. All stations in Montana east of Billings and Shelby will get half rates from St. Paul, Minn.

FREIGHT RATES. Seed takes a low rate. Write us for rates to your station.

SAFE ARRIVAL. We guarantee all goods to arrive safely and will refund you for any loss providing you have Agent make notation of such loss on expense bill and return it to us. This applies on Potatoes if time of shipment is left to our judgment.

We also guarantee all seed that we send out at catalog price to be carefully selected, and tested. We are always pleased to make good any mistake, but all complaints must be made within 15 days from receipt of goods. On account of weather conditions etc. we cannot guarantee the crop. You can have the Experimental station test any of our seed and if not satisfactory we will take them back and refund to you.

OUR RESPONSIBILITY. We have been in business here for 20 years. We would be pleased to have you write (enclosing stamp) any bank or business firm here in Lincoln as to our standing.

## GRISWOLD SEED CO. Lincoln, Nebraska

Sow 20 lbs. to acre 60 lbs. to bushel



### Alfalfa

Alfalfa has been grown with success in every state and territory in the Union, from Maine to Mexico and from California to Florida. It is the best hay and soiling crop in the west. In the south it has been widely recommended as a very valuable addition to the list of forage grasses and clovers. In the middle and eastern states it promises to become a rival of the better known and more widely grown red clover.

ALFALFA IS A DEEP FEEDER. The tap roots descend to great depths wherever the soil is loose and permeable, often averaging 10 to 12 feet. It has been recorded as sending its roots to the

depth of 50 feet.

ALFALFA HAY is a substitute for such substances as wheat bran and cotton-seed meal, usually purchased by the farmer to mix with corn fodder or timothy hay, and since it can be grown on the farm there is a great saving in the actual cost of producing beef, pork and mutton. Alfalfa hay can be fed profitably to all kinds of farm stock.

SUITABLE SOIL. Alfalfa makes a strong and rapid growth on well drained, rather heavy land, which is supplied with some lime, and where the subsoil, while not necessarily sand or gravel, is porous. On sandy soil the growth is vigorous, when moisture is abundant, but during drought it will suffer unless the roots reach water at a depth of 8 to 10 feet. The land should slope some, as alfalfa will not stand surface water.

SEED BED. The land must be free from weeds and the ground must be thoroughly pulverized and well packed. Alfalfa will frequently fail if seeded on freshly plowed ground. If it is necessary to plow the ground before seeding, do it early, harrow thoroughly and sow after a good rain has settled it.

SPRING SEEDING. Sow seed broadcast or with drill from March to June 15, at the rate of 20 pounds to the acre.

FALL SEEDING. Disk oat and wheat land as soon as the crop is cut, and then harrow or disk every 10 days until a suitable time for sowing before the 15th of September when you can sow as above. This repeated cultivation kills all the weeds. Cut for hay the next fall. This is the best time to sow for all except porthern states if you are suggested.

for all except northern states, if you are sure of getting fall rains soon enough.

TURKESTAN ALFALFA. This is the same variety as the common alfalfa, but has been grown for years in the mountains of Turkestan, Asia, in a region where there is very small rainfall and with hot, dry summers and dry, cold winters. A plant developed under such conditions could not be otherwise than hardy and strongly drouth-resistant, and such has proved to be the case.

#### Our Government Tested Seed

We are very particular with all our alfalfa seed and take no chances. We have every car of

it tested by the U. S. Dept of Agriculture. We will not sell alfalfa unless it is free from Trefoil, Sweet Clover, and Dodder. Last year we bought 19 cars of Alfalfa and not one of them tested less than 98% pure and most of them tested over 99% pure Alfalfa seed. Seed is too high for you to take any chances. Buy our Fancy Seed from us and have it tested. We take it back if it doesn't test right. Buy it early for the price will be higher.

PRICE, FANCY SEED, per lb., postpaid, 40c. By freight, per lb., 25c; 20 lbs., (for 1 acre) \$4.50, \$12.50 per bu. (60 lbs.)

TURKESTAN SEED, per lb., postpaid, 40c. By freight, 25c per lb.; 20 lbs. (for 1 acre) \$4.50. Per bu. (60 lbs.) \$13.00. Prices on all Alfalfa subject to change. Lowest prices quoted on larger lots.

INOCULATION. Inoculation of the soil is often necessary in regions where Alfalfa is not commonly grown. Farmogerm is the best artificial culture.

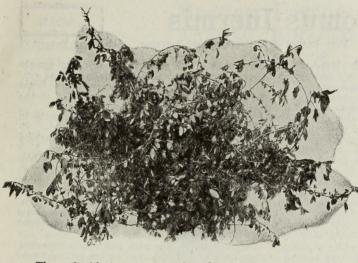
### Farmogerm

Farmogerm is a pure culture, or growth, of nitrogen fixing bacteria that have been selected and bred up to transform large amounts of nitrogen from the air into fertilizer. These bacteria are grown in a jelly or food in which they remain active for long periods of time, and sent out in bottles which admit the necessary supply of pure air, yet keep out destructive contaminations. Farmogerm is mixed with water and applied to the seed before planting.

PRICES. Garden size, for Beans, Peas and Sweet Peas, 50c. One acre size, for Alfalfa, \$2.00.



THE WAY THE BACTERIA ARE SENT TO YOU



60 lbs.

Sow 20 lbs. to acre

## Sweet Clover

TURNS SAND INTO LOAM.
FILLS THE SOIL WITH NITROGEN.

IT WILL REDEEM THE WESTERN SAND HILLS.

This valuable forage plant, though once branded as a weed, is proving to be most valuable for our western semi-arid region. After two years the plant dies and the large roots decay filling the soil with humus and vegetable fiber. This in time, turns the sandy soil into a sandy loam which also has a tendency to make the soil more stable and less liable to blow. This seed can be sown in the spring or in the fall. It makes a large growth the first year and blooms and makes seed the second year and then dies. If cut just before the seed is matured, two years in succession the plant dies out entirely. Many farmers in Western Nebraska are now sowing their ground to Sweet Clover and the second year after cutting the crop, just before seeding, will sow it to Alfalfa. In this way they hold the soil from blowing and get their land seeded to Alfalfa.

Many farmers claim that the forage from this plant is just as good as Alfalfa and just as readily eaten by the stock after they have become accustomed to it. If cut for hay, it should be cut when about two feet high and before the stem is woody. It will not grow in cultivated land nor will it become a nuisance. It is most valuable for bees.

PRICE, 35c per lb., postpaid. By freight, 25c per lb. \$11.00 per bu.

## Other Clovers

60 lbs. to bu.

Our Clover Seeds are of the Highest Grade and Thoroughly Clean and Tested,

Every farmer should have some land sowed in clover. It is of the greatest value for plowing under for supplying humus and nitrogen.

MEDIUM RED, COMMON OR JUNE CLOVER. This is by far the most important of all the varieties for hay or pasture. Sow in Spring or Fall, and if no other grasses are used, at the rate of 8 to 12 pounds per acre. This clover is a biennial, and at best only lasts three years unless it is allowed to reseed itself, which should be done every two years Fancy, per lb., 35c; 3 lbs., 90c; postpaid; by freight, per bu. (60 lbs.) \$10.50.

MAMMOTH RED, SAPLIN OR VINE CLOVER. Quite distinct from common Red Clover. It lasts longer and is two or three weeks later than the Common Red Clover, grows from 3 to 5 feet high and yields an enormous amount to the acre, especially valuable for hog feed and for plowing under green on worn out lands. Sow 12 lbs. seed to acre. Per lb., 35c, postpaid; by freight, per bu., (60 lbs.), \$11.00.

WHITE DUTCH CLOVER. Best adapted to moist soils, but does well on any land. Sow 8 lbs. to acre. Per lb., 45c, postpaid; by freight 1 lb., 35c; 10 lbs. for \$3.25.

ALSIKE OR SWEDISH CLOVER. One of the hardiest of all clovers.

This clover is very nutritious, yields abundantly and can be cut several times during the season. It is good for pasture, green fodder or hay. The roots do not heave like those of Red Clover and for this reason it is especially adapted for wet, moist places. It does well on most any soil and resists the severest cold and extremes of drought and wet. We advise farmers to sow 2 or 3 pounds of this seed with their Red Clover and Timothy. If alone, sow 8 lbs to the acre. Price per lb., postpaid, 35c; by freight, \$12.00 bu. (60 lbs)

ALL PRICES ON THIS PAGE SUBJECT TO CHANGE.

Sow 20 lbs. per acre.

## **Bromus Inermis**

14 lbs. to bu.

Grows in Dry, Semi-Arid Regions. Very Resistant to Drought and Freezing. Lengthens Season of Green Pasture.



Nebraska Experiment Station says: This is one of the principal grasses grown in the dry and semi-arid regions of Russia and Siberia, furnishing pasture in districts having an annual rainfall of only twelve to fifteen inches; hence it is naturally adapted to a dry climate. The grass is very resistant to the drought of summer and the cold and freezing of winter.

A valuable characteristic is its habit of starting growth very early in

the spring, and continuing growth until late in the fall.

Brome grass spreads by means of underground rootstalks, thus making a thick, tough sod, well adapted to withstand the trampling of stock. As a hay crop, the grass usually furnishes good cuttings for two or three years, sometimes cutting three tons of cured hay per acre, after which the sod becomes so root-bound by the thick interlacing of the underground stems that the grass does not make tall enough growth for a heavy cutting of hay (this can be overcome by disking) but will furnish the best of pasture for several years thereafter.

THE LAND. Brome grass probably does its best on a good black loam with plenty of moisture, but it will succeed in a greater variety of soils and dryer

situations than any other cultivated grass we know of.

PREPARATION OF LAND. The soil should always be in the fine tilth and well compacted. For spring sowing, a piece of fall plowing is most easily prepared and furnishes an almost ideal seed bed. If the land is plowed just preceding the sowing, it should be thoroughly worked down with disk and smoothing harrow until a fine, firm seed bed is made.

SOWING THE SEED. Sow at least 20 pounds of seed broadcast per acre, or better, use wheel-barrow seeder, page 24. Sow the grass alone. Cover the seed by harrowing twice with smoothing harrow. You can also disk it in. If sown in the spring, the earlier the better, provided the soil is in it condition to work. It may be necessary to clip the weeds several times the first summer Do not be discouraged in case you should get a thin standas the grass will thicken rapidly after the first season.

FALL SOWING. Fall sowing has some advantages over spring sowing whenever there is moisture enough to insure a good start for the young grass. Sow 20 lbs. to the acre before September 15th, disk in on wheat or oat stubble; in this way one gets almost full use of the grass next year. PRICES. FANCY GRADE OF PURE SEED. 30c per lb.; 5 lbs., \$1.20, postpaid. By freight, 20c per lb.; \$1.75 bu. (14lbs.) 5 bu. lots, \$1.50 per bu.; 100 lb. lots, \$10.00 per 100 lbs. Write for prices on larger lots.

11 to 2 bu. per acre.

## Orchard Grass

14 lbs. to the bu.

Because of its rapid growth orchard grass is one of the most valuable and popular of our domestic grasses. It is hardy and may be grown anywhere in the United States, except the extreme south and the arid regions of the west. It is a very hardy perennial, a vigorous grower and since it grows quite as well in shade as in sunshine, is a particularly useful crop for woodland pastures. It is about two weeks earlier than timothy and one of the last to succumb to frost in the fall.

Orchard grass will stand repeated pasturing and mowing, makes from 2 to 6 tons of very nutritious hay. If well started in the fall will furnish good pasture far into the winter. Indeed

in many sections it may be grazed throughout the winter. It is admirably adapted to the south, as it resists drought remarkably well, and will succeed in any soil or climate where other grasses will grow.

The tendency of orchard grass to grow in tufts may be overcome by thorough preparation of the ground and liberal seeding or sowing with other grasses. It may be sown with good results at most any time from January to September, inclusive. Sow (if alone) 1½ to 2 bushels per acre. Price per lb., 35c; postpaid; per lb., 25c; per bu. (14 lbs.) \$2.75, by freight. Ask for prices in large lots.

ALL ABOVE PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE.

GRASS MIXTURES All Made from Best Grade Seed

MIXTURE FOR HOG PASTURE. This will be considered very heavy seeding and expensive, but if you have a hog pasture for keeps, you cannot afford to skimp on seed or limit the varieties. Alfalfa, Mammoth Clover, Red Clover, Alsike Clover, White Clover, Timothy, Blue Grass, Orchard Grass, Meadow Fescue. 25 lbs. per acre for \$5.00, per 100 lbs., \$18.35. Write for prices in larger lots UNIVERSITY GRASS MIXTURE. This is a special mixture recommended by the University

UNIVERSITY GRASS MIXTURE. This is a special mixture recommended by the University Experiment Station as the best for pasture. We mix it in the right proportion and use only the very best grade of seed. Brome Grass, Meadow Fescue, Orchard Grass, Alfalfa. 24 lbs. per acre, \$4.75; \$18.60 per 100 lbs.

MIXTURE FOR HIGH LAND. Good for pasture and hay. Brome Grass, Meadow Fescue, Orchard Grass, Timothy, Alfalfa and Red Clover mixed in proper proportions. 20 lbs. per acre,

\$3.35; per 100 lbs., \$15.75.

MIXTURE FOR LOW DAMP SOIL. Can be cut for hay but better for pasture.

Blue-Grass, Red Top, Meadow Fescue, Alsike Clover, English Rye Grass and Timothy.

20 lbs. per acre, \$3.10; per 100 lbs., \$13.25. All the above prices subject to market changes

BROADCAST SEEDERS, See Page 24.

Sow 21 to 28 lbs. per acre.

## Meadow Fescue or English Blue-Glass

14 lbs. to bushel.

Hardy and Very Valuable for Seed and Pasture. Starts Early in the Spring and Lasts Until November and December. Just the Grass for Permanent Pasture or Meadow.

Meadow Fescue has come much into favor the last few years owing to its hardy growth.

SOIL. It thrives best on the richest and heaviest soils, although it is found principally on the slopes and uplands. On moist or wettish spots (not too wet) and on gumbo land the plant flourishes wonderfully, yields the heaviest and holds on more tenaciously than anywhere else.



FOR PASTURE. In suitable soil and under normal weather conditions as to moisture, it grows luxuriantly, the blades being broad, tender, and nutritious, and springs up quickly after cropping. It starts early in the spring, affording most excellent picking by March 20 to 30, and in the fall will frequently keep cattle fat until late in November

FOR HAY. Meadow Fescue should be cut soon after the blooms fall.

Fancy Clean Grass Seed for All Soils

KENTUCKY BLUE GRASS. This valuable grass is very productive, usually early and very desirable as a pasture grass. It comes in the spring and with a few rains during the summer will make good pasture until late fall. It is surprising how well this grass does in the west, even during the dry season. It is very desirable for lawns. By freight, 35c per lb.; \$4.25

able for lawns. By freight, 35c per lb.; \$4.25 per bu. (14 lbs.) 45c per lb., postpaid.

RED TOP. Valuable either for mixing in hay or permanent pasture grass. Succeeds almost everywhere but does best in moist rich soil. It is being sown with Alsike in western Nebraska, with a great deal of satisfaction. It is often sown with Timothy and Clover. Price, fancy hulled, oper bu.; fancy unhulled, by freight, 25c per lb.; \$3.00 per bu.; fancy unhulled, by freight, 15c lb.; \$1.60 per bu. (14 lbs.); postpaid, 25c per lb.

ENGLISH OR PERENNIAL RYE GRASS. This

grass is considered invaluable for permanent pasture grass. Produces an abundance of remarkably fine foliage and soon forms a compact sod.

PREPARING THE GROUND. The ground should be plowed several weeks or months before seeding time, and cultivated at intervals to clear it of weeds. The seed bed should be finished with a level, mellow surface, but with a rather compact subsurface, in order that the seed may be evenly covered and come in close contact with the moist soil. The seed should not be covered more than an inch to an inch and a half deep.

Wheat or oat stubble disked soon after harvest and disked and harrowed at intervals until September 1, makes a good seed bed for fall sowing. SEEDING. Sow broadcast, 21 to 28 pounds

of seed per acre on a well prepared bed, and harrow once lightly to cover the seed. Plant good, clean seed. The best seed is the cheapest to buy.

Prof. H. M.Cottrell, of the Kansas Agricultural College (120 miles west of the Missouri river), says: "English blue-grass has been grown in fields on the college farm since 1879, and has withstood all extremes of climate, except in the winter of 1885-86, when all seedlings of this grass were killed. It suffers more than orchard grass from dry weather but it is not so coarse, and many farmers are using English blue-grass and clover for hay on account of its fine quality."

Cheat looks very much like Meadow Fescue.

If you buy from us you are sure of getting the

pure seed. Prices. By mail, 40c per lb. By freight, 30c per lb., \$3.50 per bushel. Write for prices on larger lots, stating amount you wish.

After being cut it grows quickly and remains bright and green through the season. It is also a good variety for hay if cut when in blossom, as it is then most nutritious. Flourishes best in moist soil. Postpaid, 25c lb. By freight, 15c per

lb.; \$2.15 per bu. (24 lbs.).

TIMOTHY. This grass is used extensively for hay and does well on most any soil. Sometimes grows to the height of 4 feet on rich loam. It is exceedingly nutritious, particularly when ripe. This grass is also used for pasture. It is, however, better for hay and is sown mostly with Red Clover. Price, postpaid, 18c per lb.; choice per bu. (45 lbs.) \$5.50.

JOHNSON GRASS. As a meadow or hay

grass this variety is highly esteemed in the south and during the hottest and driest season it can be depended on to yield heavily. It is hard to get rid of when once started and for this reason it should not be allowed to get started in cultivated lands Price by freight, 25c lb.; \$5.00 per bu (25 lbs.); 35c lb., postpaid.

WRITE FOR PRICES IN LARGER LOTS.

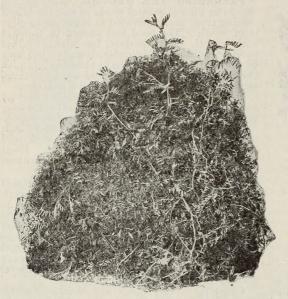
All prices quoted on grass seed are subject to market changes. If prices have advanced when we receive your order will write you before shipping, otherwise will give you our lowest price. Better still, let us know how much seed you wish and we will quote you with samples.

Sow 30 lbs

## Sand or Winter Vetch

60 lbs. to bu.

MAKES FROM 10 TO 15 TONS GREEN FODDER TO ACRE GROWS ANYWHERE.



In sections of the Country where the soil is very sandy, and one extreme of temperature follows another, farmers have been looking for a forage crop which will furnish pasture for a longer period of time than the wild grass. In a number of places, Sand Vetches have been tried with good success.

The plant somewhat resembles a pea vine. The long slender stems are thickly covered with leaves which make nice succulent feed.

When sown in August or September, Sand Vetch will cover the ground before Winter and will remain green during the cold weather. Thus it will furnish green feed in the late Autumn after the grasses have all died, and in the early Spring before they have started. When there is no snow, Vetch can be pastured all winter.

If sown in the spring with Rye or Oats as a support for the vines, Vetch will make from

10 to 15 tons of green fodder or 3 to 4 tons of cured hay per acre. Sand Vetch will thrive on soil so light and sandy that no other crop will live. The fibrous tap root reaches down to a depth of two or three feet and will get moisture. Fall sown Vetch keeps the soil from washing during the Winter and early Spring and thus save a great deal of the soluble mineral fertilizer which is in the soil. If plowed under it enriches the soil in the same way that Clover does, and is much cheaper than commercial fertilizer.

We believe Vetches will prove very valuable for Western Nebraska and Eastern Colorado.

PRICES. 25c per lb., postpaid. By freight, 15c, per lb., 30 lbs. (for 1 acre), \$3.00; per bu., \$5.50. Prices subject to change.

2 bu. per acre if alone. With oats 12 bu. per acre

## Field Peas

60 lbs

#### Canada Field Peas

CANADA FIELD PEAS. The Canada Field Pea is a true pea; and should be sown early in the spring, germinating at the same time as oats. It is grown very largely in some portions of Colorado as a sheep feed, and in Canada takes the place of clover, belonging as it does to the same family, which has the merit of being able to use the free nitrogen of the atmosphere. The Canada Field Pea can be used to advantage anywhere in this state, in connection with oats, as an early feed for hogs. If sown at the same time as oats in the latitude of Lincoln it will be ready for hogs about the 25th of June. In the extreme northern part of Nebraska it would probably take to the first week in July. The peas by that time are in the dough stage and will furnish the earliest grain feed that can be grown on the farm.

Disk the ground as early as possible in the spring, sow the peas at the rate of 1½ bushels to the acre, plow under about three inches deep, then sow 1 bushel oats broadcast and harrow thoroughly. If merely covered with the harrow a heavy rain will uncover a good many of them The oats are sown to furnish support for the peas, to more fully occupy the land, and to give variety of feed. Price, 20c per lb., postpaid. By freight, 10c per lb.; 75c peck; \$2.50 per bushel. Price subject to change.

to change.

#### Cow Peas

COW PEAS. Highly recommended to plant with oats or Kaffir corn, increasing the fertility of the soil for the succeeding crep and leaving the ground mellow and clean from weeds. Do not plant until the weather has become warm; sow 2 bushels if alone, and 1 bushel if with other seeds.

Early, bunch-growing variety. Per lb., 20c, postpaid. By freight, 10c per lb.; 75c peck.; \$2.75 per bu. (60 lbs.) Price subject to change.

NEW ERA. An early variety, probably the best sort for north and west. Can be sown after wheat is taken off the ground and still produce a good crop of forage or peas. Prices, by mail, postpaid, 20c lb. By freight, 10c per lb; 75c peck; u. (60 lbs.), \$2.75. Price subject to change.



## Corn-Saver Beet A Big Money Maker! Keeps Hogs Healthy! Fattens Hogs for One-Tenth the Price of Corn

A MONEY MAKER. Two years ago we, like other farmers, were wondering how we could fatten hogs without feeding them so much high priced corn. After considerable experimenting along the line of feeding Alfalfa, hay, beets, etc., we finally decided sugar beets the better thing for sugar is always fattening. That year we secured from Germany a new sugar beet that was extra rich in sugar considering its size and other qualities. We tried it out thoroughly and it proved to be all we could desire. We decided to name it CORN SAVER BEET. We have sold We have sold this beet all over the United States and the people are writing us in glowing terms how much they like it and how valuable they have found it for feeding not only hogs, but also milk-cows, cattle and calves.

HOW TO FEED. We began feeding our hogs 1/3 corn, 1/3 alfalfa hay and 1/3 of the new CORN SAVER BEET. The amount of alfalfa hay and corn can be reduced from time to time until you will not have to averand corn tain be reduced from time to time that you will not have to all alfalfa hay and the balance CORN SAVER BEET. Give them all they can eat and the hogs will get rolling fat and healthy. Our experience proves we have struck something that will make the profit on hog raising several times greater than heretofore, and believe will entirely do away with hog cholera.

YIELD. Our yield the past season was close to 80 tons per acre. The beets grow very large, frequently weigh 28 lbs. They grow about half out of the ground and are thus very easily harvested. They are two or three times

as large as the regular factory sugar beet and are much better for stock.

AMOUNT TO SOW. It is an easy matter to raise these CORN SAVER BEETS; simply plant 10 lbs to the acre, thin out with a hoe where they are too thick and transplant where they are too thin leaving them about 6 inches apart. Cultivate thoroughly with a five-tooth cultivator or an ordinary one row corn cultivator and you will have one

of the largest money making crops you ever raised.

PRICE. By freight 10 lbs., enough for one acre, \$2.25; 5 lbs. for \$1.25; 1 lb. 30c; by mail, 1 lb. 40c, ½ lb. 25c, packet 5c.

### Dwarf Essex Rape

SOW 5 LBS. TO ACRE

Produces Feed in from Six to Ten Weeks from Sowing. Grows Two to Four Feet high. Produces from 25 to 30 Tons of Green Feed to the Acre.

When one considers that rape will produce good, succulent feed in from six to ten weeks from sowing, he can in a measure realize its value. Rape looks much like ruta baga tops, growing from two to four feet high, has broad, rich, juicy leaves which are liked very much by cattle, sheep and hogs, and continues to grow after being continually eaten off. It is estimated that the feeding qualities of rape are probably twice as great as those of clover.

Rape can be planted early for early feed; can be sown in oats and fed after the oats are cut; sown in corn in the last plowing. This is a good plan when the corn is to be cut green for can be sown in corn in the last plowing. This is a good plan when the corn is to be cut green for feed, as it will leave the rape ready for pasturing after the corn is taken off. Rape is an annual, and will not become a weed or a nuisance as it does not live through the winter. We do not recommend it for cows as it may taint the milk. Stock fed on rape must have plenty of salt.

FINE FOR HOGS

it for cows as it may taint the milk. Stock fed of FOR CHICKENS

Rape makes the best green food for chickens. It can be sown early and the chickens will have good, rich food all summer from one planting. They like it better than garden truck and it is much cheaper.

SOW IT IN CORN

Rape may be sown in the corn field at the last plowing. It will not make much growth in heavy corn, but it will only cost about twenty-five cents per acre and it will keep down more than twenty-five cents worth of weeds and furnish more or less pasture in the fall, particularly if lambs are finished off in the corn field. We know of no way of fattening lambs so easily as turning them into a corn field in which the rape is three or four inches high. The rape, the blades of corn, the weeds and the down ears will make a very nicely balanced ration on which lambs will thrive amazurely. amazingly

"They (Corn Saver Beets) produced the best of anything on the farm. We are feeding to the milk cows with Bran and Hay, no Corn and they are doing fine. Feeding calves on the beets alone, they are growing fine. Feeding stock hogs and brood sows on these beets nearly altogether, so you can see they are saving us lots of high priced corn."

J. C. LEWIS, Wapello Co., lowa. Nov. 16, '90. Nov. 16, '09.

We are satisfied that with the same preparation of the ground and with the expenditure of 25 or 30 cents per acre for seed, a man can grow as much pork from an acre of rape, well managed, as he can from an acre of corn, and grow his pork at a time of year when corn is usually high priced and often scarce.

#### RAPE FOR YOUNG CATTLE

Calves relish a small amount of rape at a very early age and do well on it when fed judiciously. Young cattle thrive on it when it is fed in connection with natural grass pasture. Steers intended for stall feeding or late fall marketing cannot be better cared for than be allowed the run of a good field of rape.

#### GOOD FOR PIGS

The pigs may usually be turned into it five or six weeks after seeding, and an acre will carry from twenty-five to forty during the season. It is better to divide the field into two parts and change pastures at intervals.

"Your Corn Saver Beets went 15 tons to the acre.
We are feeding them to the hogs with big sucess."
Nov. 13, '09. JOHN LASEK, Howard Co., Nebr.

PRICES. Genuine Imported Dwarf Essex Rape. Per pound, 18c: postpaid. By freight, per pound, 10c; 3 pounds, 25c; 15 pounds, \$1.00; 50 pounds \$3.00; 100 pounds, \$5.50. Prices subject to change.

For ckickens or stock. Big grain yielder.

## NEW SHALLU

One seed makes from 3 to 6 Stalles.

A NON-SACCHARINE SORGHUM from India, where it is extensively culitvated under the name of "Shallu."

"It is more valuable than Kaffir Corn for grain, as it yields considerably more seed, it being of stooling habit, producing all the way from three to six stalks from a single grain, and it is quite a drought resister. The heads grow similar to Broom Corn, forming large heads of round, plump, white seeds. It is an excellent feed for horses and cattle, and for chicken feed it is unexcelled. (an be popped the same as Pop-corn, being more crisp than Pop-corn. When ground it makes an excellent flour for pancakes. It is more of a grain crop than a forage crop. It will produce more seed than any of the cane or sorghum family and about double the amount of either Red or White Kaffir Corn."

Sow in rows three feet apart, three to five pounds of seed per acre. For fodder, sow half to one bushel either broadcast or in drills. Give it a trial.

PRICE. Pkt., 10c; 1 lb., 25c; 4 lbs., 90c; postpaid. By freight or express, at your expense, 1 lb., 15c; 10 lbs., \$1.10; 50 lbs., \$5.00; 100 lbs., \$8.00.

2 or 3 bu., 50 lbs. to bu., broad cast per acre for fodder.

### CANE OR SORGHUM

5 lbs. in rows per acre for sorghum.

Feeding Value. It is known quite definitely that an acre of sorghum will produce more food value, more pounds of beef or pork, when properly fed, than an acre of corn. The main use of the crop, however, is for a winter supply of forage, and it has this advantage over corn or any other kind of grain, that it can be sown late.

Time to Sow. Sorghum may be put in almost any time up to the middle of July. June is the best time. Sow broadcast because the fodder will grow fine, will cure better, and will give better results in feeding. Eighty days will produce a very satisfactory crop. Sow 10 lbs. in in rows for cultivation.

The Soil. Select the thinnest soil and highest part of your farm for sorghum. On this soil it is not so likely to fall down in season of excessive rainfall. Mollasses growers know how rich in sweetness is sorghum grown on clay soils, and the sugar is the valuable part when grown for stock feeding. Have the ground free from clods and do not plant more than one inch deep, except in very light soil.

Harvesting. Harvest as late as possible to avoid hard frost, in order that the fodder will retain its sweetness and succulence. It is then cut, when sown broadcast, with a mower and allowed to dry for a week or ten days, after which it may be put up in shocks weighing about 500 pounds and allowed to stand until fed.

Price per lb., 15c, postpaid. By freight, 5c per lb.; \$1.25 per bu. (50 lbs.) Subject to Change. Ask
For Prices on larger lots

Good for Chickens

## Kaffir Corn

so lbs to bu.

This is a most excellent fodder plant, yielding two crops of fodder during a season. It grows from five to six feet high, making a straight upright growth. The stem, or stalk bears numerous wide leaves. The stalks keep green and are brittle and juicy, making an excellent fodder either green or dried.

The seed crop is also heavy, sometimes yielding sixty bushels to the acre. Both grain and fodder are excellent. The stock remains tender to full maturity of seed. There is no failure about it as it possesses the quality that all the tribe possess, of going without rain without any loss of capacity to yield.

city to yield.

The grain is extremely valuable for feeding to poultry and will make a flour that is like wheat.

Cultivated the same as our common Indian corn, requiring five pounds of seed per acre. For fodder sow one to two bushels, either broadcast or in drills.

sow one to two bushels, either broadcast or in drills.

PRICE. Per lb., 15c; postpaid. By freight 5c per lb.; 90c per bu. Subject to change.

Ask for prices in larger lots.

It waits for rain

## Milo Maize

50 lbs. to bu.

#### BROWN DURAH

Milo Maize is an excellent grain for dry regions. It will yeild 15 bushel to the acre under conditions so dry that corn will be a total failure. When fed with some succulent feed such as alfalfa, stock beets or sorghum, it makes fine feed for fattening cattle. To prevent waste, Milo Maize should be fed in heads or ground. Plant 4 to 6 pounds per acre in rows and cultivate.

PRICE. Per lb., 15c, Postpaid. By freight, 5c per lb.; \$1.25 per bu.
ALL PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE.

#### MILLETS

50 lbs. to the bushet

Prices quoted here are subject to market changes. If the price has advanced when we receive your order we will notify you before shipping. If it has declined we will give you your money's worth at lower price.

GERMAN MILLET. German Millet will grow are larger than common millet and taper at both in any climate or soil. It is a strong grower ends. Sow \(^3\_4\) bu. broadcast or \(^1\_2\) bushel in drill

and will yield enormous crops of the finest hay. For this purpose the seed must be sown thickly, not less than 50 lbs per acre, at any time between May 1st and August 1st, and the crop cut when it is in bloom before the seed hardens in the head. For grain sow in drills at the rate of 1 peck per acre not later than June 20. The seed makes Price, 15c per lb., postexcellent chicken feed

paid. By freight, 4c lb.; \$1.50 per bu,;  $2\frac{1}{2}$  bu. grain bags extra, 25c each.

SIÉERIAN. called Red German Dakota and Earliest Russian Millet.) This millet is from 2 to 4 weeks earlier than German millet; it can be cut for hay in 60 days from planting the seed. It does excellently in wet seasons and is a better drouth resister than The German millet. blades are wide and start near the ground, continuing nearly to the top. The straw is fine and soft and does not grow as

tall, and hence does not make as much hay as German millet. It stools heavily. The heads

Makes a splendid continuous cutting forage crop either for green food or hay and is highly

prized because it yields so largely. It grows luxuriantly on any soil suitable for corn, especially on rich land, where it will grow 10 to 12 feet high, but cutting should commence when  $2\frac{1}{2}$  to 5 feet high. After being cut it will stool out enormously, become thicker and during

the warm weather grow with marvelous luxuriance. It also does well on poor soil. Very desirable in districts subject to drouth as it con-



the target what combined and target at 50th ends. Sow \(^2\_4\) bu. broadcast or \(^1\_2\) bushel in drill to the acre for hay, on rich land. Price, 15c per lb., postpaid. By freight 4c per lb., \(^1\_2\) per bu. (50 lbs.) \(^1\_2\) bu. grain bags extra at 25c each.

JAPANESE BARNYARD MILLET. (Called "Billion Dollar Grass" owing to its high value.) Erect in growth, very leafy, stalks tender and succulent, even when mature. Stools freely on good soil if not sown too thickly. Its greatest value is for green fodder, of which it yields 3 to 5 tons per acre. It is excellent for cows, producing more milk than corn fodder. It grows 6 to 8 feet high, and produces 50 to 90 bushels of seed per acre, if allowed to mature before It should be sown to give best results cutting. the latter half of May at the rate of 10 pounds per acre. Price, per lb., 20c; 3 lbs., 50c; post-paid. By freight, per lb., 7c; 20 lbs., \$1.00; 50 lbs., \$2.25; 100 lbs., \$4.00.

HOG, OR BROOM CORN MILLET. grown for the same purpose as other millets but makes inferior hay unless cut very young. It, however, yields enormously of seed, even 60 to 70 bushels to the acre, and this seed is very advantageously used for fattening hogs and other stock. Price 15c per lb., postpaid. By freight, 5c per lb.; \$1.50 per bu.;  $2\frac{1}{2}$  bu. grain bags extra at 25c each.

HUNGARIAN. (Dark Seed.) Many regard this as being better than German millet, as it is about one week earlier and requires less moisture. The hay is fine and of excellent feeding value. Price, 15c per lb., postpaid. By freight 5c per lb.; \$1.75 per bu.; 2½ bu. grain bags extra at 25c each. PENCILARIA OR PEARL MILLET 50 lbs. to bushel

tinues to grow in dry weather, though of course not so rapidly.

It is very nutritious and relished by all kinds of stock. Dairymen and stockmen should plant Pencilaria in large quantities, as it furnishes fresh green feed all summer and fall, until killed

Sow 2 to 3 lbs. per acre in drills 3 feet apart. Do not plant until warm weather. Price 25c per lb., postpaid; by freight, 15c per lb.; 5 lbs., 65c; 10 lbs. for \$1.10.

TABLE	Showing Numb	er of I	ound	is t	o the	Bushel, and amount of Seed Necessary for an acre			
	N	o. Lbs	s. N	0.	Lbs.	No. Lbs.			bs.
	te	bu.	to	οА	cre	to bu.	t	ю A	cre
Alfalfa		60	20			Kentucky Blue Grass	21 1	to	30
Alsike Clover				to	8	Meadow Fescue. (English Blue Grass) 14	21	to	28
Barley		48	48	to	96	Millet (except as noted)	25	to	50
Beans		60	75	to	100	Oats		to	64
Billion Dollar Grass		40	12	to	20	Onion Sets, bottoms	0.0		-
Buckwheat		52	25	to	50	Onion Sets, tops			
Broom Corn		46	10	to	12	Orchard Grass	25	to	30
Brome Grass		14	25	to	40	Pearl Millet 50		to	8
Blue Grass, Kentucky		14	25	to	30				4 00
Blue Grass, English		14	21	to	28	Peas, field or smooth garden 60	90	to	120
Cane in Drills		50	6	to	8	Peas, wrinkled			
Cane, for Fodder Broadcast		50	100	to	150	Peanuts	24		30
Clover, Alsike		60	6	to	8	Pencilaria	5		8
Clover, Red		60	12	to	15	Potatoes, Irish good measure 60	480	to	600
Clover, White Dutch		60		to	8	Potatoes, sweet			
Corn			8	to	10	Rape 60	5	to	6
Corn, on Ear		70				Red Top	20 1	to	30
Cow Peas		60	60	to	90	Red Top.       14         Red Clover       60	12	to	15
English Blue Grass, (Meado	w Fescue)	14		to	28	Rye		to	90
Flax		56		to	42	Rye Grass, English or Perennial 24		to	60
Hemp		44		to	60	Speltz, or Emmer			120
Japanese Millet		4ñ		to	20	Timothy		to	20
Johnson Grass		25		to	50	Wheat	60 •		90
Kaffir Corn		50	***	to	100	White Clover		to	8
		90	. 00	ıu	100	HILLE CHUYEL	U	00	0

## Kherson Oats

#### Also known as University Oats, No. 1

Hardy and good yielder. Largest yield in Nebraska 112 bushels to acre; frequently yields 80 bushels per acre; two to three weeks earlier than common oats



ORIGIN

Kherson Oats were brought to America in 1900 by the university of Nebraska located at Lincoln. They originally came from the Province of Kherson, Russia, where they were known as the best extra early, hardy, good yielding oats in that locality. The University of Nebraska sent out small lots to farmers all over the state and tests proved that the oats far excelled their highest expectations as to earliness, amount of yield, and adaptability to withstand heavy winds and not lodge.

DESCRIPTION. Kherson Oats when ripe are a beautiful yellow in color. They have fine large spangled or full heads, which frequently contain more than 100 seeds. A good idea is obtained from the illustration which is taken from an actual photograph. The straw is stiff



and does not lodge or rust. The leaves are broad, frequently three-fourths of an inch wide. They extend to the roots and are so pliable that they stay on even through threshing. The straw makes an unusually good fodder and is eaten greedily and with profit by all kinds of stock. While the kernel

is a little small, the berry, when the hull is off, is extra large. We have never found a grain so small but what it contained a well developed seed. This is not true of the large oats.

YIELD. Under favorable conditions Kherson Oats have yielded as high as 112 bushels to the acre in Nebraska. At the Experimental Station at North Platte the yield averages about 50 bushels to the acre.

The season of 1909, here in Nebraska, was very hard on all kinds of grain, and especially oats. We did not hear of a single field of common oats that made more than 20 bushels and many were an entire failure. Kherson oats, as usual, made a large yield, average fields running from 35 to 60 bushels to the acre.

We have never sold anything that gave such universal satisfaction. In 1905 we sold over 9,000 bushels of Kherson Oats; in 1906 almost 11,000 with increasing sales each year since. These immense amounts go out in from 3 to 50 bushel lots to almost every state in the Union, and especially Iowa, Illinois, Kansas, Missouri and Oklahoma. All these states report the yield from 10 to 30 bushels more per acre than Texas Red, Champion and other Oats. Customers who bought these oats when we first introduced them are now buying to secure a new start.

GOOD IN DRY SEASONS

The year 1904 was an exceptionally trying one

for oats on account of the small rainfall. Notwithstanding this, Kherson Oats demonstrated their superiority over all other kinds. We disked the oats in April 2, on second bottom land. The season was cold and backward, but notwithstanding this, on June 18, the field was all headed out. Common oats were not yet shooting. At this time the oats stood 4 feet high, and were not lodged or rusted.

The field was cut June 28, and in the stack two weeks ahead of a field of common oats near by. In a good favorable year Kherson Oats are three weeks earlier than common oats, thus losing by two weeks the risk of hail and two weeks better chances for a crop.

SOW on rich soil. Reports show that they do not lodge, even on bottom land. They will not give satisfaction on poor soil. Sow 2½ bushels per acre.

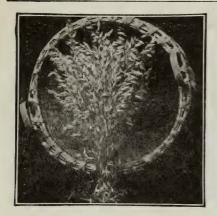
Buy direct from us and you get the pure seed—no substituting.

If you order only oats, remember the freight will be no more for three bushels than for one bushel.

We have handled the Kharson Oat since its adaptability to our soil and climate has been proven.

Prices, 1 bu., 80c; 5 bu., \$3.75; 10 bu., \$7.00; 25 to 50 bu. lots, per bu. 65c. These prices are sacked f. o. b. cars, Lincoln, Nebraska.





## OATS

#### READ'S GREEN MOUNTAIN OAT

(We guarantee all the grain we sell this year under Read's name and description to come direct from him.)

#### Absolutely Rust Proof

YIELDS 40 to 130 BUSHELS per Acre, Year after Year.

More dependable and profitable than most of Oats, and never runs out or deteriorates like Swedish Oats and some other vari-Heads reach the length of 18 inches, and the grain weighs from 35 to 42 pounds per bushel.

ORIGIN—READ'S GREEN MOUNTAIN OAT was obtained in 1896 by cross-breeding the Mortgage Lifter and White Russian. The new Oat is a marvel for combined qualitiesand a champion in productiveness. Doctor C. G. Pringle, University of Vermont, says of GREEN MOUNTAIN OATS:

1.—Absolutely rust-proof, also free from smut and disease.

- 2—Grains of the largest, pure white in color, having the longest and heaviest meat, with the thinnest hull and softest nib, and slips the berry very easily.
  3—Heads extremely long, and so heavy they turn down from the weight of the grain before the Oats are ripe, standing so thick that the field has the appearance of a solid mass of heads.
  4—Its crowning merit is its all-around qualities, which enables it to out-yield all Oats.
  5—They demonstrate their superiority over all other kinds, and are the most profitable Oat to grow.

OTHER SUPERIOR POINTS OF MERIT ARE-

Resists drought best, least damaged by harvest rains: grains largest and purest white in color, adapts itself to the greatest variety of soils and climate, straw and grain of the finest and best quality, either cut green or dry, and the chaff and leaves adhere to the straw when threshed, making it the most economical and profitable to feed. From eight days to two weeks earlier than the White Russian. Will stand a long time after dead ripe without damaging. A great stooler, and heads fill every year, and always practically free from light, chaffy kernels. All the above is Mr. Read's own description.

Price, pkt.,15c; i lb.,4oc; 3 lbs.,\$1.00, postpaid. By express or freight, at your expense, i lb., 3oc; ½ peck, 4oc; i peck, 75c; ½ bu., \$1.25; i bu., \$2.25; 2½ bu., \$5.50; 5 bu., \$10.75; io bu. for \$21.00.

## Regenerated Swedish Select **Oats**

These oats were introduced for the first time two years ago. They were "crossbred" by the Garten Seed Company, of England, and the system that they used was such that it increased their vitality and put them back to their original standard of high excellence. Under this system the oats were made to weigh 52 pounds to the measured bushel. We had a small lot of these oats planted for us a year ago, and they yielded a little more than twice as much as common oats under the same conditions. This season we are offering oats grown from last year's stock. Our grower says, "They beat all other kinds two to one in yield and quality."

Price, by mail, 1 lb., 20c; 3 lbs, 55c; by freight, 1 lb., 10c; ½ peck, 25c; 1 peck, 35c; 1 bu., \$1.10; 5 bu. for \$5.00.

### Speltz or Emmer

Drill 2 bu., or if broadcast, 3 bu. to the acre. 40 pounds to bushel.

This grain resembles barley except that it has two berries in each hull. Sow it in place of oats. Grain is just as good for stock. Better than barley for hogs. It is liked by horses, sheep and cattle. Its straw makes feed equal to prairie hay. It produces from 50 to 100 bushels of seed per acre, and yields well in dry years when other small grains are a failure, and will grow anywhere in the corn belt and as far north as wheat will grow. As the grain is very rich in protein, it makes a most nutritious feed. Cut when middling green, as it threshes easier, and the straw makes better hay

Farmers who planted this seed last year found it to be a most valuable crop for dry seasons. While it grows just as well in the eastern part of this state as wheat, oats and other grains it is especially valuable where the rainfall is light. Price, 1 lb., 25c, by mail, 35c. Per bushel (40 lbs.), 80c, 10 bushels lots, 75c. rice subject to change.



#### BARLEY Read's Vermont Beardless Barley



The wonderfully strictly New Barley with Hulls that is Superior to All Other Beardless Barleys.

Yields all the way from 40, 60 to 80, and even as high as 200 bushels per acre, according to the care, condi-tions, and state of soil.

ORIGIN—In 1897 Mr. Read crossed the Giant White Hulless Barley with the Mandscheuri and produced the best six-rowed Beardless Barley ever originated. After eleven years of persistent selection and roguing, its type has been thoroughly fixed. It has a great many qualities transplanted into it that are unknown to all other kinds.

Mr. F. H. HORSFORD, the well-known nurseryman, says;

1—A new variety, noted for its wonderful root development, great stooling properties, and thrifty appearance of the stalk.

2—Heads six-rowed and unequaled in length and thickness in beardless Barleys with hulls on 3—Kernels the largest, plumpest and heaviest I have seen in its class.

3—Kernels the largest, plumpest and heaviest I have seen in its class.

4—Leads all other beardless Barleys in yield.

5—Threatens the practical extinction of all other beardless Barleys.

DESCRIPTION—Straw tall, strongest, heaviest leaved, soft and much superior in feeding value. A great drought resister, most marvelous in health and stooling qualities. In malting qualities it has no equal in its class. Threshes easier than other beardless Barleys, and it does not shatter in the field, is always salable everywhere, as it will not stain readily, and possesses the highest protein content. Is immensely prolific, and can be grown on richer or poorer soils, than other kinds with always the best filled heads. Never rusts or smuts. Entirely beardless and hardy. All the above is Mr. Read's own description.

less and hardy. All the above is Mr. Read's own description.
Price, pkt., 15c: 1 lb. 45c: 3 lbs., \$1.15, postpaid.

Price, pkt., 15c: 1 lb. 45c: 3 lbs., \$1.15, postpaid.

Price, pkt., 15c: 1 lb., 45c: 3 lbs., \$1.75; ps., 30c;

Prock, 75c; 1 peck, \$1.10; bushel, \$1.75; 1 bu., \$3.00;

Prock, 75c; 1 peck, \$1.10; bushel, \$1.75; 1 bu., \$3.00;

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### OTHER BARLEYS

WHITE HULLESS. A valuable variety, has large heads, plump kernels, both hulless and beardless and looks like large white wheat. It is two or three weeks earlier than any other barley, and an immense yielder. As it stools wonderfully, sow only 1½ bushels per acre. \$1.75 per bushel. CHAMPION. It is beardless and nice to handle. Grows tall and stands up well. Straw is good and grows taller than any other variety. Per bushel, \$1.60.

MANDSCHEURI. It is a nearly six-rowed variety, maturing 80 to 90 days from the time of sowing; is very strong strawed and stools well, bearing large heads of plump grain, adapted to all kinds of soil and climate. Per bushel, \$1.50.

COMMON. Succeeds best on lands more sandy and lighter than those adapted to wheat. Sow from 2 to  $2\frac{1}{2}$  bushels per acre. Per bu., \$1.35.

Prices on Barley subject to change.

TRIUMPH BARLEY. This is a barley that was hybridized by Mr. Read, under the name of Read's Triumph Barley. It is a six-rowed variety with extra heavy long heads. The grains are very plump, unusually large, and are set very close together in the row. There are frequently 100 or more kernels to a head. It is exceptionally free from smut and other diseases. The root growth is very heavy, the straw is stiff and stands erect, and will remain ripe a long time without falling down, thus allowing the farmer a long spell to harvest his crop in the rush season. This barley does not color badly on account of its heavy bearded heads. It is a wonderful stooler, and all straws have enormous root growth, which helps it to withstand drought. The beards are very silky and pliable. We recommend sowing two bushels of seed to the acre, and with ordinary care it will yield 70 bushels per acre. This was not a very good barley year in this section, but the yield of this barley ran about 15 bushels more to the acre than Common Barley. The seed we are selling was grown from seed that came direct from Mr. Read, and we can guarantee it to be grown from pure stock.

The Triumph Barley is the best grown, rust proof and does not lodge. 11-25-09. Fred Kettler, Saline Co., Nebr.

PRICE. Pkt., 15c; 1 lb, 30c; 3 lbs., 80c; postpaid. By express or freight, 1 lb., 20c;  $\frac{1}{2}$  peck, 30c; 1 peck, 50c;  $\frac{1}{2}$  bu., 90c; 1 bu., \$1.50;  $2\frac{1}{2}$  bu., \$3.50; 10 bu., \$13.50. Sacked free.

## Spring Wheat

60 lbs. to the bushel



#### Read's Reliable Spring Wheat

162 Bushels Per Acre by Intensive Farming

Perfect Blood Strongest Grower ORIGIN. This wheat was produced in 1896, while endeavoring to unite the remarkable standing and yielding qualities of the Western Imperial with the fine and superior milling qualities of the Saskatchewan Fife. This hope was more than realized as the Reliable has been making a steady advance over both its parents in productiveness, vigor and hardiness. It has now been selected for twelve years and these qualities are fully established established

Doctor C. G. Pringle, of the University of Vermont, has this to say of the Reliable Spring Wheat:

1. Vigorous growing, smooth chaff, semi-bearded variety, bearing heavy head on stiff straw, of good height with

Aves.

Kernels large, of a dark amber color, flinty and rich in gluten.

Type thoroughly fixed

Apparently immune from rust, smut, and the attacks of insects.

Every requirement of good wheat seems to have been obtained and it not only combines the merits of its parents, but is in fact superior to either.

A SUMMARY OF ITS GOOD POINTS. Vigorous grower, stools out heavily, often one seed producing 20 to 80 stalks of bearing size. Grows strong, tall healthy stalks that are very wiry. Grain does not bleach, and owing to the kernel being so firmly held by the chaff it is not easily shelled by hail or scattered during handling. It is also difficult for the birds to dislodge the grain from the heads It has never shown any signs of damage by insects, blight, rust, smut or any other diseases. No other velvet chaff wheat has come anywhere near equaling it when tested side by side. It seems to resist the extremes of weather better than any other varieties, and under like conditions always makes a heavier yield. It ripens early and has heads mammoth in size, semi-bearded. The dark amber grain are so rich in gluten that the flour from them makes bread of the richest quality and most delicate flavor. All the above is taken from Mr. Read's description.

Price, pkt., 15c; 1 lb., 40c; 3 lbs., \$1.00; postpaid. By express or freight not prepaid, 1 lb., 30c; ½ peck 70c; 1 peck \$1.15; ½ bu., \$1.70 i bu., \$3.10; 2½ bu., \$7.60; 5 bu., \$15.00; 10 bu., \$29.00.

We guarantee all the grain we sell this year under Read's name and description to come direct from him.

### Macaroni Kubanka

This wheat is tall, with broad, smooth leaves. The heads are large, heavily bearded, and have much the appearance of barley. The kernels are large, very hard, having less starch than common wheat. Largely used in the manufacture of Macaroni, and makes excellent flour.

The habit of growth adapts Macaroni Wheat to regions of light rainfall, having great ability to withstand drought and It requires rich soil, but will grow in alkali. heat.

Reports show a better yield per acre of Macaroni or Durum Wheat than other spring varieties. Sow early in the spring as it is not easily injured by frost. Price, 50c per peck: \$1.50 per bu.; 2 to 10 bu., \$1.40 per bu.

#### Turkey Red Winter Wheat, Flax and Winter Rye--Ask for Prices in Fall.

## Buckwheat

52 lbs. to Bushel

This sort has proven to be much earlier and more productive than any other variety. The grains are rich, brown color. It excells in yield and earliness Postpaid, lb., 25c; 3 lbs., 6oc. By freight or express very large and of rich, brown color. peck. 40c; bu. \$1.50.

SILVER HULL. A very good and popular variety. The grain is of light gray color, is rounder than the common variety, matures earlier, and yields a half more to the acre. Postpaid lb., 20c; 3 lbs., 45c. By express or freight, peck, 40c; bu. \$1.50.

COMMON. Sow in June, broadcast, at the rate of 2 to 3 pecks per acre Postpaid, 1b. 25c; 3 lbs., 6oc. By express or freight, peck, 35c; bu., \$1 45

## Broom Corn

to Bushel

THE OKLAHOMA DWARF. This variety possesses several feature, of merit which distinguish it from others and place it at the head viz: Its earliness, dwarf habit (5 feet high) robust growth, extreme productiveness, long, well-fibered brush, and above all, its ability to resist drouth Prices per lb. postpaid, 20c; by express or freight, 25 lb. lots, 4c per lb.; 100 lb. lots \$3 50 per 100 lbs

IMPROVED EVERGREEN. The best variety for general cultivation on account of color and quality of brush. Price, 15c per lb. postpaid. By freight 5c per lb. \$1 25 per bu

LWARF Grows from three to 4 feet high: straight brush Used for making whisks and brushes. Price, I lb., 15c, paid By freight 5 c per lb \$1.50 par bu. post paid

## SEED CORN

Purchasers of Griswold's Western Grown seed corn can rely upon securing good varieties. All of our seed corn is prepared by experienced seedmen. We do not have boys in our employ in this work. Furthermore, each variety of seed corn is kept entirely separate. Our seed corn is brought to our ware-house in the ear. Here the ears are carefully hand picked and only perfect ones, with sound corn, are saved. The poor corn goes to the grinder for feed, while the perfect ears are sent to the butting and tipping machine, which shells off the butts and tips leaving only the perfect, regular sized kernel for seed. After shelling the seed corn is run through a large cleaning machine, equipped with separating screen. A powerful fan mill blows out all trash and light kernels. Before our seed corn is shipped out it is placed in our Seed Tester, the plans for which were endorsed by the United States Department of Agriculture. Here it must test out at least 90 per cent. Farmers cannot run the risk of a poor stand. Better let us furnish something that we have tested and know is good.

#### UNIVERSITY NO. 3

A New Early Yellow Corn Originated by the Nebraska State University.

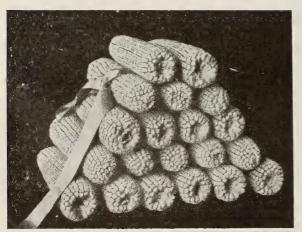
The following description is made by Prof. E. G. Montgomery, A. M. who has charge of Experimental Agronomy at the Nebraska Experiment Station.

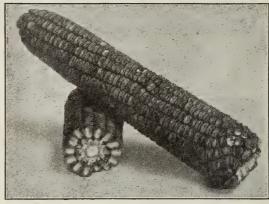
"There is usually a demand for early corn in Nebraska. In the southern part of the state many farmers desire a small field of early corn for fall feed. Also the first planting in many fields is often washed out by floods, destroyed by cut workers or lost in some other way, so that the growers are often looking for a good early corn that can be planted about June 10 and mature ahead of frost.

We have been looking for a satisfactory corn of this type for some years. The standard corns while maturing early enough, do not yield well as a rule, as they seem to be adapted to a northern climate.

In testing out many varieties of farmer's corns, we chanced to test a variety of early corn grown by a farmer in Wayne County. It gave good results and more seed was secured in 1906 and a breeding plat established at the Experiment Station, where it has been selected since, and improved in type.

The ear tends to be rather long, and the grain is about as broad as long. Color, yellow, averages 12 to 14 rows to the ear. Matures in 90 to 100 days, which makes it safe to plant in Southern Nebraska, June 10th to 15th In Northern Nebraska it is just right for a full season corn." Our seed we sell you was grown from this University stock and although the season was very unfavorable it made 60 bushels per acre, field run. Price. Pkt., 10c; pt., 20c; qt., 30c; postpaid. By freight, ½ peck 65c; peck, \$1.15; ½ bu., \$2.00; bu., \$3.50.





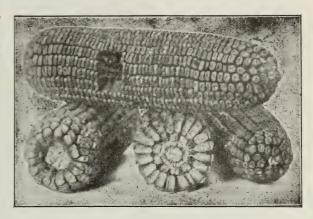
#### \$100.00 WHITE PRIZE

This is a photograph of the 20 ears of Improved White Prize Corn that took the highest prize at the University Corn Show, January, 1907. We purchased the 20 ears at a cost of \$100.00, or \$5.00 per ear. From these 20 ears we raised 126 bushels The corn we are now selling was grown from selected seed originating from these 20 ears. We sold this 1907 crop at \$5.00 per bushel, and we did not begin to have enough to supply the demand. Parties who have planted this corn have been taking the premiums at county corn exhibits. It has been yielding from 50 to 80 bushels per acre, field run. Better get some of it this year. It doesn't cost any more to grow good corn than some poor variety. Price, pkt., 10c; pint, 20c; quart, 30c; postpaid. By freight or express, ½ peck, 40c; peck, 75c; ½ bu., \$1.25; bu., \$2.00 Shelled only.

## SEED CORN—Continued

#### PAWNEE COUNTY YELLOW DENT PRE-MIUM YELLOW CORN

This corn took the highest prize of all yellow corn shown at the 1908 Nebraska Corn Exhibit. It was selected from Reid's Yellow Dent with the idea of securing as near a perfect corn as possible. The top ear in cut gives you a good idea of just how well this selection is being carried out. Notice how nearly cylindrical it is. It has been grown in Pawnee County Nebraska, for several years so it is well acclimated. It has been making large yields. It yields from 75 to 80 bushels under good tonditions. Give it a trial. Price, pkt., 10c; pint 18c; quart, 30c; postpaid. By freight or express, ½ peck 40c; peck, 75c; ½ bu. \$1.25; bu., \$2.00. Shelled only.



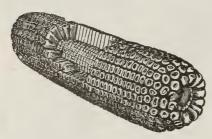
## U. S. GOV'T SELECTION No. 119

PREMIUM WHITE CORN
This corn took the highest prize for the best white corn shown at the 1908 Nebraska Corn show. We bought the whole exhibit at a big price and planted it the spring of 1909. We are selling you the seed that originated from this choice corn. This No. 119 corn was selected from Boone County White by the U. S. Government. They have been making "ear and row" selection until they have secured a most excellent corn. Notice the cylindrical shape, well filled tips and butts and compact kernels. It has been grown here in Nebraska for four years and has been yielding 60 to 80 bushels field over. It will pay you to get some of this, it is absolutely pure. Pkt., 10c; pint, 18c; quart, 30c; postpaid. By freight or express, ½ peck, 40c; peck, 75c; ½ bu., \$1.25; bu., \$2.00. Shelled only.

FUNK'S YELLOW DENT, STRAIN 140. This seed was purchased originally direct from Funk at an expense of \$5.00 per bushel and grown here right near Lincoln The strain, number 140, was selected for large amount of protein, oil and extra large yield. Average yield for four years as follows: 1902, 111 bu.; 1903, 119 bu.; 1904, 108 bu.; 1905, 114 bu. If you manage right and plant on good, rich soil, you ought to get not less than 90 bushels here in Nebraska. This Funk's Yellow dent is an improvement of Reid's Yellow Dent, and has the same general characteristics. The ears are from 8 to 11 inches long, cylindrical in shape from butt to tip, with 18 to 20 rows on a small cob. The kernels set very close together with no open space between. They are moderately rough, rather blunt, medium in thickness, and almost cover both ends of the cob. It cures readily in the shock, and retains its natural green color. Shelled, pkt., 10c; postpaid. By freight, 1 lb., 10c; peck, 60c; ½ bu., \$1.00; bu., \$1.75. 10 bu. for \$16.50.



HOGUE'S YELLOW DENT. This corn is highly endorsed by the State Experimental Station and is one of the very best corns for Nebraska or Kansas. Ears are medium sized to large, maturing in about 100 days. Kernels are long, set very close together, covering the small cob on tip end, and extra well filled out on shank end. Shelled, pkt., 10c; postpaid. By freight, 1 lb., 10c; 50c peck; 80c ½ bu,; \$1.50 per bu.; 10 bu. for \$14.00.



NEBRASKA WHITE PRIZE. Ears are large and well filled at both ends, the white cob being hardly visible. The kernels are deep and wide, ranging from 16 to 22 rows to the ear. The corn is medium early and yields frequently 75 bushels to the acro. Our stock this season is dry, well matured and pure white. White corn stands the drought much better than yellow, and usually sells for more money on the markets. We have had high praises for this corn and you can not do better than give it a trial. Remember it only costs you 20c per acre to plant this corn. Don't run any risk by putting in something inferior. Price, 6oc peck; \$1.00 half bu; \$1.75 per bu: 10 bu, for \$16.50.

PRIDE OF THE NORTH. This is a well known old variety: beautiful, deep dented, fine golden color, small ear, but a tremendous sheller. Will run about 40 to 75 bushels to the acre, ripens in 85 to 90 days, is hardy and vigorous, grows and matures anywhere, and is a most desirable variety when sure and early crops are wanted. This is a fine corn for the north and for replanting. Price, \( \frac{1}{2} \) bu, 60c; \( \frac{1}{2} \) bu, \$1.75, 10 bu. for \( \frac{1}{3} \) for \$16.50.

IMPROVED LEAMING. A rich golden colored dent corn, good size ears, rich in protein, wedge shape kernels, medium size cob, a strong vigorous grower, quite early, ripening in 90 to 95 days, and has become thoroughly acclimated in Nebraska. Will always ripen, when conditions are at all favorable, a large crop of fine golden corn. Two ears usually grow on each stalk. This makes the yield per acre equal that of much larger corn. We secured our stock seed for this variety from the originator, and the seed for this year is fine and perfectly pure. We have known this corn to yield as much as 90 bushels per acre. There is nothing better for an extra early corn. Price, 50c, peck; 85c ½ bu.; \$1.50 per bu., 10 bu. for \$14.00.

WHITE CAP BUTCHER. The White Cap Butcher is a medium large early red corn with white cap; will mature in 85 to 90 days and be good and sound. It is a large yielder on thin soil and will stand the drought as well as any variety of corn grown. This is sometimes called Red Dakota Corn. Price, 60c peck; ½ bu., \$1.00; bu., \$1.75; 10 bu. for \$16.50.

CALICO. That fine, large, variegated corn that always yields well and makes big ears. This corn always gets ripe before frost. 60c per peck; \$1.00 \frac{1}{2} bu.; \$1.75 per bu.; 10 bu. for \$16.50.

YELLOW FLINT. The corn for the extreme north. Ears long, of rich yellow color. Very productive, outyielding any flint corn we have ever grown. Ripens earlier than any other corn. As it makes good size ears in 5 or 6 weeks, it is especially valuable for early hog feed. Peck, 60c; ½ bu., \$1.00; bu., \$1.75; 10 bu. for \$16.50.

WHITE FLINT. Similar to the above but white. Stalks usually bear 2 or 3 long ears, having 8 to 10 rows of hard white corn. Very early; excellent for fodder and ensilage. Price, 35c lb.; 5 lbs., \$1.00; postpaid; peck, 60c; ½ bu., \$1.00; bu , \$1.75; 10 bu., \$16.50.

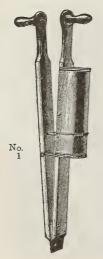
SILVER MINE. Stalks grow 7 or 8 feet high, every stalk has an ear, often 2 or 3 ears, set about 4 feet from the ground. Ears long, heavy, generally with 18 rows of broad, semi-transparent white kernels on a white cob. It is the earliest white corn and very productive. Very hardy and little affected by drought. Price, 50c peck; \$1.00 \frac{1}{2} bu.; \$1.75 bu.; 10 bu for \$16.50.

IMPROVED REID'S YELLOW DENT. Has a world-wide reputation, and is endorsed by more experimental stations than any other corn grown. The ears are from 10 to 13 inches long, 7 to  $7\frac{1}{2}$  inches in circumference, 18 to 24 rows to the ear, grains quite thick, rather long, blunt out on end, and just packed in the rows, butts and tips almost completely filled. Has heavy stalks with an abundance of blades, making extra fine fodder.

15 to 80 bushels per acre ordinary farming. Shelled, pkt., 10c; postpaid.

16 by freight, 1 lb., 10c; \frac{1}{2} bu., 50c; \frac{1}{2} bu., 80c; bu., \$1 50. 10 bu. for \$14.00.

GOLD MINE. Our stock of this variety has been grown for us by the same man for several years. He has improved it right along. It is a medium early variety, doing well and ripening in good shape as far north as southern Minnesota. The grain is a rich golden, shining like new coin from the mint; dent, long, deep; kernel often over three-fourths of an inch long. This corn will shell more pounds to seventy pounds of ears than any corn we know of. 100 to 110 days. Pkt, 10c; postpaid. By freight, 1 lb., 10c; ½ bu., 60c; ½ bu., \$1.00; bu., \$1.75; 10 bu., \$16.00.



For Other Tools, Seeders, etc., see Page 24

#### CORN PLANTERS

No. 1. Good reliable two hand corn planter. Price . . . . . \$1.00

No. 2. Segment one hand corn planter, adjust-able for planting all kinds of corn. Has pumpkin seed attachment, well made in every way.

Price . . . . . \$1.25



No. 2



COMBINED TIPPER AND SHELLER. This is just the machine you have been looking for It butts and tips your corn and then shells it. Also has an attachment for shelling pop corn These machines are well made, extremely handy, you can more than pay for one by shelling and tipping your seed corn and then have it for next year Price, complete. . . . . \$1.13

## Seed Potatoes

All Potato Prices Subject to Advance

Red River Early Ohio, Our Specialty for Nebraska. Matures Early, Heavy Yielder, and a Vigorous Grower

8 to 12 Bushels of Seed Required to the Acre.

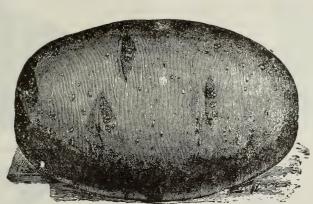
One Peck will Plant About 100 Hills

IMPORTANT.—Seed potatoes should be changed every year. The necessity for doing so is universally admitted by all potato growers, especially when the best seeds can be had at so little additional outlay.

Our Northern Grown Seed were produced by potato specialists, who have grown for us for years. They use first-class potato land, pure, well-matured, good sized seeds — When necessary they treat the seed and spray the foliage.



Tubular Hand Potato Planter. Price, \$1.25, by express.



RED RIVER EARLY OHIO



ACME HAND PO. TATO PLANTER, 80c, by express.

## Red River Early Ohio

This is the most popular early potato in this country. We have more calls for it than any other early variety. Every potato grower knows what it is, and knows just about what it will do in his locality. It is the standard extra early the world over, and other varieties are measured by it. We have an extra choice strain of early Ohio. Our Red River Valley stock, grown in North Dakota last fall, is the earliest, purest, and altogether the handsomest stock of Early Ohio potatoes to be found anywhere, and as fine as one cares to see. The tubers are smooth and regular in shape, free from prongs, perfectly pure and full of vigorous life. They are selected with the utmost care, and the result is grand, such as to delight everyone who knows and appreciates a good potato. Price, peck 40c; bu., \$1.40; barrel, \$4.00. 20 bu., lots or over at \$1.35 per bushel, sacked.

### Home Grown Ohios

OUR SPECIALTY FOR KANSAS, MISSOURI, AND THE SOUTHERN STATES

These potatoes were from Red River seed on Nebraska soil, and you have our assurance that they will give the best satisfaction of any potatoes adapted to these states. We would ask that you place your order for potatoes as early as possible, stating whether you wish them shipped by express or freight We will ship them as soon as weather will permit. Peck, 35c; bu., \$1.25; barrel, \$3.55.

Extra Early Potatoes

ACME. The most profitable early potato in cultivation. Fit to eat in six weeks and crop fully matured in ten weeks from planting. Prolific yielder; tubers are oblong, smooth; skin flesh color: flesh white; upright strong vines with tubers growing compactly in the hill. Eyes shallow, quality excellent, mealy and of fine flavor. Keeps well. Price, peck, 50c; bushel, \$1.75; barrel, \$4.95.

EARLY SIX WEEKS. Another potato of the Objective in great descend New Years and New Year

EARLY SIX WEEKS. Another potato of the Ohio type in great demand. Not the heaviest yielder, but good sized, smooth, round to oblong, tubers in eating condition before the well-known Early Ohio. Grown in Nebraska. Price, peck

50c; bushel, \$1.75; barrel, \$4.95.

EARLY WHITE OHIO. This is practically the same as the Early Red River Ohio, with the exception of the color, which is white, and the flavor is a little better (if such a thing is possible.) They are very early, good yielders, and extra fine quality, in fact in every way a desirable potato. They have a fine appearance, and there is no other early white potato quite as good. Price, peck, 50c; bushel, \$1.75; barrel, \$4.95.

RED TRIUMPH. Earlier than any other desirable for the first "new potatoes." Tubers nearly round, medium in size reddish pink in color. Price, peck, 45c; bushel, \$1.50; barrel, \$4.25.

### Main Crop Potatoes

CARMAN NO. 3. This potato is of large and uniform size, yielding immense crops. It is of perfect form. It has but a few eyes, and they are shallow; the skin and flesh are extremely white and its cooking qualities are very fine. It is a remarkably handsome potato, enormously prolific. Keeps well. Price, peck, 35c; bushel, \$1.25; barrel, \$3.55.

RURAL NEW YORKER. It is very large, unusually smooth with few and shallow eyes; form slightly oblong, and rather flattened. Skin and flesh white, quality excellent, season intermediate. Tubers of great uniformity in size, almost every one marketable. It holds a leading place as a standard field cropper. Price, peck, 35c; bushel, \$1.25; barrel, \$3.55.

## True Hybridized Potato Seed

From the Seed Balls--Headquarters Stock



It is intensely interesting work to grow potatoes from seed-ball seed, and many new and valuable varieties may in this way be introduced. We offer a superb collection of seed from innumerable hybridizations between the best new and old sorts in cultivation. This seed will produce an endless variety of kinds, colors, shapes, sizes and qualities.

Every enthusiastic farmer, every boy, every wide awake gardener should surely plant a few packets of this Potato Seed. The product will be of absorbing interest to yourself and friends, and may be of untold profit. New creations of merit bring rich returns. They are easily grown.



POTATO SEED-BALLS BY THE BUSHEL-



BALLS ONE-FOURTH SIZE.

#### Directions for Planting and Cultivating Hybridized Potato Seed

Plant in a hot-bed, window-box, or warm border, early in the spring—covering the seed one-fourth inch with fine soil and press firmly. Water sparingly when dry. As soon as plants are up give them plenty of sunshine and air. Do not crowd them. When two or three inches high and danger of frost is past, transplant in rich soil two feet apart and one foot in the row. Keep free of bugs by careful picking, or cover plants with mosquito netting. Allow no weeds, and cultivate thoroughly. When ripe, dig and store tubers carefully in a cellar until the next season, and plant same as mature potatoes. The tubers will grow from one-half inch to two inches or more in diameter the first season, and in two or three years will attain their full development.

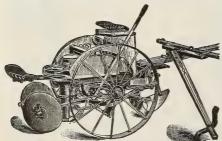
Price of Potato Seed. Pkt. 15c; 2 for 25c; 5 for 50c; 10 for \$1.00; 100 for \$8.50.

I have experimented and find that the Northern Potatoes pay. I planted some very fine home grown potatoes side by side with Northern Grown Early Ohios, with results as follows: 50 bushels to the acre more to the Northern grown, so fine they brought me 10 to 15 cents more per bushel in the market than home ones were bringing, making me \$30 to \$40 profit over the native.—J. Burgess.

over the native.—J. Burgess.

THE EXPERIENCE OF ONE OF OUR OCCAL CUSTOMERS

The bugs having taken his entire crop of potatoes in 1905, he took the matter in hand early the next year, bought a large sprayer and Bordeaux Mixture at an expense of \$20, saved the 20 acres and had an immense yield; while neighbors who did not spray their potatoes had another failure. This customer sold a sample load of 61 bushels for over \$50.00.



Iron Age Potato Planter

The only planter with which you are sure of getting a full stand. Ask for large catalog and price.



Iron Age Potato Digger

This is a first-class machine in every respect and so built that it only requires 2 horses to pull it. Write us for price and large catalog giving full description.

FOR SPRAYERS SEE PAGES 21-23

## Insecticides and Spray Mixtures

All of these goods by freight or express at your expense

## When to Spray

Just before buds open. When fruit is set. Two weeks later. When fruit begins to color.

#### Lion Brand Arsenate of Lead



Lion Brand Arsenate of Lead is more sticky than any other insecticide, and is used where it is desirable that the poison should remain on the foliage. It positively will not burn. Use two pounds of Arsenate of lead to 50 gallons of water. Any unused portion of Lead should be kept covered with water to prevent its

becoming hard. The insect poisoning effects of Arsenate of Lead are more seriously affected by adulteration than those of any other insecticide. Hence the absolute necessity of getting a known product. Such a preparation is Lion Brand. Price 1 lb., 25c; 2 lb., 45c. Write for prices in larger lots.

#### Lion Brand Bordeaux Mixture

Lion Brand is absolutely the best Bordeaux Mixture made or possible to be made. It is not a cure-all, but it wll prevent blight from destroying your crops and will increase the yield. Add 49 gallons of water to each gallon of Bordeaux Mixture. Fruit trees should be sprayed before the buds open, and again after the fruit has set. Pota-



the first, when five inches high, then twice, about two weeks apart. If troubled with bugs, add Paris Green and spray with the two together Price 1 pint 25c; 1 quart, 40c; gallon, \$1.00.

### Lion Brand Lime-Sulphur Solution

(Known as California Wash)



For San Jose Scale and All Other Scale on Trees, Shrubs, etc. Lion Brand is the most perfect, uniform, safe, and effective preparation and combination of lime and sulphur than can be made for destroying Scale. Use one gallon to make twelve gallons of liquid, for strongest use or 24 gallons for summer spraying For San Jose scale spray every part of the trunk and branches after leaves are off in the fall and the tree is dormant, using one part to ten of water. Then again in the spring before the leaf buds open. Better make two sprayings of it if you can, about two weeks apart Price, quart, 40c, gallon, 90c.

### Target Brand Quick Bordeaux

In making a Bordeaux Mixture some people prefer to have the lime and copper sulphate in a dry state. To supply this demand we are furnishing this Quick Bordeaux. The lime and copper sulphate are prepared in such a way that they are put in one sack with oiled paper between To mixyou simply hang the sack in a barrel of water and the two immediately dissolve, thus forming a mixture that is free from any lumps or cake. The whole thing can be made in from five to ten minutes 10-pound bag, 4-6-50 formula, enough for 50 gallons mixture, price, 85c each.

### Target Brand Scale Destroyer

A remedy for San Jose Scale. This preparation contains a combination of mineral and vegetable oils easily mixed with water. When diluted with nineteen parts of water it represents a 5 per cent solution of mineral oil sufficiently strong to be fatal to insects and yet remain perfectly harmless to buds, bark and the growth of trees. It kills scales, larvae and all kinds of insects either by absorption of the oil or the formation of the fatal film which destroys by suffocation—It is used by a great many people in preference to lime and sulphur wash.—It does not clog the pump and nozzle. Price, 1 quart cans, 35c; half gallon cans, 65c.

Price, 1 quart cans, 35c; half gallon cans, 65c.

TOBACCO DUST. One of the best remedies for green and black aphis fleas, beetles, etc., also for insects in the ground Lb., 10c; by mail, 25c; 5 lbs., 35c; 10 lbs., 50c; 100 lbs., \$4.00.

### INSECTICIDES---Continued

### Lion Brand Strictly Pure Paris Green

Slug Shot



Lion Brand is the best Paris Green that can be made. It is neither reduced nor "loaded", nor does it have free Arsenic added to it. The most effective and economical way to apply Paris Green for any purpose, is in water as a spray. It is the most active poison known for the destruction of chewing insects, and it should not be applied or left where stock of any kind can have access to it, or where it would be within reach of children.

For destroying the potato bug it should be applied in the proportion of one ounce of pure "Lion Brand" Paris Green to three gallons of water, or I pound to 50 gallons of water. If applied dry. the proportion should be one part Paris Green to ten parts of either flour or plaster. Price, \(\frac{1}{2}\) lb. box, 15c; \(\frac{1}{2}\) lb. box, 25c; 1 lb. box, 45c; postpaid. By express, per lb. 30c; 5 lb. \$1.30; 14 lb. \$3.50. 100 lb. lots, 24c per lb.

#### Lion Brand Kerosene Emulsion

Lion Brand Kerosene Emulsion is a perfect emulsion that does not separate. It is put up in concentrated form, and the only thing necestary to make it ready for use is to dilute it with ten to thirty times its bulk in cold water. This is a safe and sure remedy to kill all sucking insects, that is those which get their nourishment through a proboscis, which they insert into the leaves or bark. If applied to the roots of plants it will destroy the tender larvae. Price quart, 55c; gallon, \$1.10.

### Lion Brand Whale Oil Soap

Destroys Lice on House Plants; Mealy Bugs, Scale on Palms, and San Jose Scale.



Whale Oil Soap is a necessity for every one who grows plants. It effectually destroys the mealy bug and almost all lice on indoor and outdoor plants. It is largely used on palms of all kinds to rid them of scale. It is invaluable as a wash for keeping trunks of shrubs and trees bright and free from insects, as it not only kills the insects themselves, but penetrates into the crevices where the eggs and larvae are hidden and destroys them. Simply make a suds and spray the plants with it. Price 1 lb. 15c, 30c postpaid.



Slug Shot is one of the cheapest and most popular insecticides. It is very easily applied. Does not need to be mixed with water, but just dusted lightly on the plants. The best time to do this is in the early morning when the plants are covered with dew. The Slug Shot will then stick to the leaves, and will be more effective. It kills potato bugs, cabbage worms, melon, squash and cucumber bugs. Non-poisonous and harmless to all creatures except insect life. One pound can with perforated top, 15c; postpaid, 30c; by freight or express, 5lb. package, 40c; 10 lb. package, 75c.

BLUE VITRIOL. 15c per lb., 2 lbs. 25c.

#### Grape Dust

Roses and other plants are often affected by Mildew, which makes the leaves turn white and shrivel up. Grape Dust is the remedy which should be used to get rid of this disease. Sprinkle or dust it on the plants much as you do Slug Shot. Price, 5 lb. package, 45c.



SULPHO-TOBACCO SOAP, is a powerful agent for the destruction of all bugs and insects. One or two applications will rid plants of the pests. Full directions with each cake. Kills the plant lice on cucumbers and muskmelons.

the plant lice on cucumbers and muskmelons.

Destroys cabbage, squash and potato-bugs, currant-worms, lice, green-fly, mealy bug, red spider, etc. Sure death to all plant insects indoors and out of doors. Of special value for spraying shrubs, fruit trees and vines. Is also valuable as a wash for dogs and other animals.

valuable as a wash for dogs and other animals.
3-oz. cake makes 1½ gallons prepared solution.
10c; postpaid, for 13 c.

8-oz. cake makes 4 gallons prepared solution.

20c; postpaid, for 28c.

10-lb cake makes 80 gallons prepared solution. By express, your expense, \$3.00.



## **Sprayers**

No. 1. We recommend this Sprayer for spraying stock poultry houses and house plants. Holds 1 stock, poultry houses and house plants.

pint. Price, tin tank, 45c; Postpaid 70c No. 3 Made of heavy tin, has the same size air chambers' as

our other styles, and the reservoir holds about one quart, and throws a single spray straight chead. Price ......... 50c Postpaid ...... 75c



THE DOUBLE DAISY. Sprays both ways. Push the plunger in and it sprays. Pull the plunger out and it sprays. This sprayer is made on a new principle and sprays both coming and going. Made out of galvanized iron and holds 1 qt. Does anything that any other sprayer will and does it twice as fast. Price only ...........\$1.00



BRANT EASY SPRAYER. This sprayer holds one gallon of liquid, is equipped with automatic shut off lever nozzle, and made of heavy galvanized iron. Just as good as the larger sprayer only for size. Price......\$1.90



ACME POWDER GUN

The bellows are made of fine russet leather, bellows sides of basswood, painted red and varnished. It will spray any powdered insecticide. It weighs one and one-half pounds . Price, \$1.00



ACME DOUBLE POWDER GUN

Similar to the single but holds twice as much and works much faster. An easy gentle movement of the bellows produces a light and continuous blast of poison. Made out of the best 



NO. 4 LOWELL GRAND

Equipped with long handle so you can stand up straight. Has air chamber in end of the pump. This keeps works. Aluminized tin . . This keeps the water out, so pump always

No. 20. consists of a Mason fruit jar. Its shape causes it to give a churning motion when in



use, thus keeping the ingredients thoroughly mixed .....

No. 30 H A two-gallon pressed air Sprayer, made of galvanized iron and fitted up with good hose and automatic nozzle. Price ..... \$2.00

No 5 Junior



No 30 H

No. 5 JUNIOR. This pump . .quires no fastening of any kind, holds itself down and works anywhere and everywhere. Just press the plunger down. A brass spring forces it up again. The all Brass suction working within a brass cylinder, with all Brass Valves, does away entirely with all leather, rubber, or other packing. It is

impossible for any part to get out practically imp of order. Price 



Price 750 40C 400 75C



AQUAJECT

## SPRAYERS---Continued

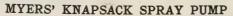
AQUAJECT. This pump will throw a stream about 60 feet. It can be adjusted to a very fine or coarse spray. The cylinder, piston rod and couplings are all of brass. A good whitewash

sprayer. Used with bucket, \$5.00.
No. 27. LITTLE GIANT. A Brass Spray Pump, complete with agitator, hose, fine and coarse spray and solid stream nozzle, with malleable foot rest. Will throw a stream 50 feet. This is a first-class all around sprayer, 28 inches high, made of 11/8 inch brass tubing, \$2.50.

A SPECIAL PIPE to fit Nos. 27, 702, 307, or Meyers Knapsack for spraying under leaves of Musk Mellon or Cucumber vines

50c each.

No. 28. Similar to No. 27, but all made out of galvanized Splendid for chicken houses, \$1.75.



The tank holds 5 gallons. The pump has a large air chamber, ball valves, solid plunger and agitator. It is so arranged that no water can drip on the operator. The pump can be removed easily. The pump is also fitted with handle, so the operator can set the knapsack on the ground and work as a bucket pump. The handle lever can be shifted from right to left shoulder at will. Price, \$5.50.

THE STANDARD. This is a powerful direct-acting force pump madel entirely of brass with two brass ball valves. It has no leather suckers or washers and no leaky joints. It is equipped with 3 feet of hose. The nozzles for it are made to produce a mist-like spray in trees at a height of from 2 to 35 feet. Just drop the hose in a bucket and work pump with both hands. It is fully warranted for 5 yrs. and sprays any material, price, \$4.50.



KNAPSACK



No 702

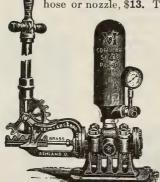
#### No. 702 IMPROVED BARREL SPRAY PUMP

This pump is made in a first-class manner. All parts that come in contact with the liquid are of heavy brass. It can be easily and solidly bolted to any barrel. The air being compressed into the air chamber with a 2-inch all brass cylinder makes the spray continuous. A small jet of liquid from the pump keeps the ingredients agitated. It will spray whitewash, kalsomine, and water paints. Fitted with 15 reet of best 3-ply rubber hose, and graduated Vermorel nozzle complete as cut, \$7.50.

Fitted with two 15 ft. discharge hose and two nozzles, \$10.00.

#### O. K. SPRAY PUMP NO. 307.

For hot, cold or any kind of mixture. Has mechanical agitator, solid brass ram plunger, ground bevel valve and seat. A strictly reliable first-class pump for spraying orchards or potatoes. Easily adjusted to barrel of any size. The handle is of wrought steel, so as to enable the operator to get up a pressure of 200 lbs. or more. It is fitted for 2 strings of discharge hose. Price without hose or nozzle, \$13. Two 15-ft. discharge hose, and 2 graduated nozzles, \$6.00, extra.



**COG GEAR SPRAY PUMP** 

#### MYERS' DOUBLE ACTING COG GEAR SPRAY PUMPS

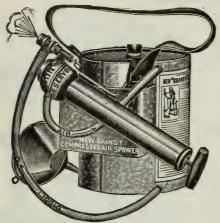
This is built especially for heavy spray work. The two-inch cylinder is brass-lined. The plunger is brass, hemp-packed, and piston rod is brass. You can use any material, hot or cold. It is fitted with large air chamber, pressure gauge, 6-foot wire-bound suction hose, two 8-foot extention pipes, and two Vermorel or Bordeaux nozzles. Can be used on floor or barrel as the motion of handles is either perpendicular or horizontal. Price, \$18.00.

30 ft. heavy hose for \$4.50 extra



No. 307 O. K.

## SPRAYERS



### Brandt Sprayer

This Brandt sprayer is built on a new principle. It is the first and only KNAPSACK COMPRESSED AIR SPRAYER that gives a continuous even pressure. This pressure is maintained by giving the pump a stroke or two every fifteen or twenty hills. To make this handy, the pump is carried in the hand and the sprayer is supported by a strap over the shoulder.

Unlike other sprayers, it is equipped with two tubes, the air goes from the pump through the upper tube producing a compression of the air which forces the liquid through the lower tube to the nozzle.

The nozzle is made on a new principle and works with a combination of liquid and air; this gives a fine mist-like spray which is sent out with such force that clogging is practically impossible. All Brandt nozzles are detachable, very simple, and made of polished brass. They are equipped with a new automatic lever valve that starts the spray or shuts it off instantly.
One filling, of 3 gallons of liquid, (Paris Green, Bord-

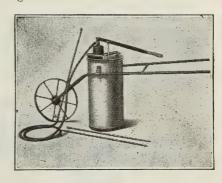
eaux, etc.) will cover well and spray good, a row of

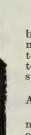
potatoes a mile long.

Price, Galvanized Iron, \$6.00. Copper, \$8.00. Double Row Attachment, \$1.75. Tree Attachment, \$1.75. IDEAL SPRAYER OUTFIT

This is just the sprayer for small fruit, small orchard, and an ordinary size patch of potatoes. The tank is made of galvanized iron and holds 15 gallons. The extention pipe can be held and pump worked with one man.

The iron pump is equipped with a large air chamber which maintains the uniform pressure. It has a mechanical agitator and brass ball valves. It is complete with 10 ft. ¾ in. pressure hose; 10 ft. of extension pipe in 3 pieces; and a Brandt Ideal Nozzle. Price \$18.00.





## Kant-Klog Sprayer

DESCRIPTION.—The Sprayer holds over 4 gallons. bottom are dome shaped; joined to body under heavy pressure, making a complete double seam. When completed this body is tested under double the pressure formerly used, so enabling you to get a finer spray for a greater length of time than with any sprayer we have ever made.

The air pump is made of heavy brass two inches in diameter. A safety valve is provided to allow air to escape when necessary

Special attention is called to the new "Kant-Klog," the only nozzle that can be successfully cleaned without stopping the spray or removing the nozzle from the tree. The first and only nozzle ever made which gives both flat and round sprays, or solid sprays.

A light pressure of the thumb starts the spray. Remove it and the spray stops instantly.

DIRECTIONS. - A few seconds working of the air pump thoroughly agitates the solution and charges the sprayer with compressed air,.

After sprayer is charged, you need not stop for anything; just walk along from one row to another, the machine will supply sufficient spray to enable you to do the work as fast as you can walk. The great saving in time, labor and solution even on small sprayings will more than pay for this splendid machine the first month it is used, to say nothing of the big increase in crops as a result of spraying properly. Price, galvanized steel and 3 feet brass, extension rod, \$5.; polished brass and 3 ft. brass extension rod \$6.50.

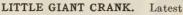
NO. 100 ONE-HORSE 4-ROW SPRAYER

Tank made of best galvanized iron, holds 55 gallons. wheels turn an air pump which furnishes the compressed air. Best automatic horse sprayer we ever saw. Can be used for spraying orchards or potatoes. Send for large descriptive catalog and prices



## SEEDERS AND IMPLEMENTS

All Sent by Freight or Express



model. This is the best mediumpriced seeder sold. Will sow anything broadcast and do it right. Price, \$1.75.



#### CAHOON SEEDER. The best machine of the kind in the market. The grain is held in a tight sheet-iron

hopper surrounded by a bag which will hold a bushel of seed. This is suspended by a strap from the operator's neck and held in position by a strap around the waist. The seed is thrown from eight to twenty feet on each side of the operator, the heaviest seed being, of course thrown the greatest distance. Price, \$3.25.



## Simple in contruction and easy f operation; has

struction and easy of operation; has automatic regulator and cut-off, and performs its work perfectly. It is practical.

Price.....\$1.65

THE CLYCONE SEEDER

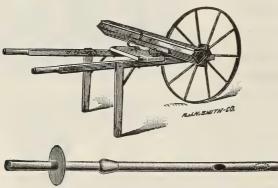


#### NEW METAL BOX WHEEL-BARROW SEEDER

The twelve foot Box rests on springs, has positive feed and is made of heavy galvanized iron.

It will sow Alfalfa, Clover, Timothy, Millet, Red Top, Kentucky Blue Grass, Brome Grass, Wheat, Rye, Oats, Barley, or any other seed of similar size and nature in any quantity you may desire. Price \$8.00.

POCKET GOPHER TRAP. We have an extra good trap that is sure to get them. Just place it in the last hole. Price 25c; postpaid, 30c.



#### NICKEL PLATED MILKING TUBES

Use for sore and obstructed teats and hard milking cows. 2 inch,  $2\frac{1}{2}$  inch, 3 inch long, 25c each, postpaid.



#### GARDEN BARROW

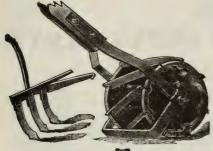
Hardwood, well ironed and braced, steel wheel, removable sides. Box 11x24x28. Price, \$3.00.

## LITTLE GIANT MOLE TRAP

Most simple and best trap on the market. Fully guaranteed to give satisfaction. Each, 75c.



No. 1 CLIPPER FANNING MILL. This is the small size of the fanning mill and seed separator used by all seedsmen. It will separate small seed from large, take out light seed, straw, and weeds all at one time. Is equipped with ten screens, will fan all kinds of grain and seed. Send for large catalog of fanning mills. Price, complete, \$21.00.





#### THE BARKER WEEDER AND MULCHER

It operates on the plan of a lawn mower. It is better than a hoe. It is ten times as fast. It is easy to operate. It forms a dust mulch. Cut your weeds in your garden once a week. With the revolving blades of the Barker the surface of the ground is chopped, the weeds are cut, separated from the soil and thereby destroyed.

It cuts the weeds under the ground as well as the weeds out of the ground. Price complete with three cultivator teeth and leaf guards, \$5.00.

#### EUREKA CHEAP SEED DRILL

It will sow and cover Beets, Cabbage, Carrots, Celery Lettuce, Onions, Radishes, Spinach, Turnips, and all such seeds with the greatest regularity. Much better and faster than hand work. It is not a toy, but a strong practical machine. Of course, when you have a larger garden, you will want our Iron Age Drill, but for a few vegetables the Eureka is superb.

It is the only machine suited to sow in a hotbed. Sows the smallest packet of seeds as well as a large bulk. Price, 80c; prepaid \$1.30.



TRANSPLANT-ING TROWELS. With steel blade,

25c; postpaid, 40c Steel, 25c; postpaid, 40c



Clyde Draw Cut Pruner. 2½-inch cut, solid tool steel blade and hook, 22 inch handle, hand finished. \$1.65.



This wood beamed plow with Hardened Steel Mold board, one 6 inch and 7 inch share, only \$4.00.



All steel, heavy shank, 50c, postpaid 60c



Dibble 25c. Postpaid 40c Dandelion Puller, 25c



Plain 6-inch trowel, 19c postpaid, 15c



Bulb Trowel, 50c; postpaid, 60c



Hedge Shears. Cast Steel, notched, hand finnished and burn shed handles. 8-inch, \$1.35; 9-inch, \$1.60; 10-inch, \$1.90.



Pruning Shears. 9-inch Forged Steel, polished blades, volute spring. 65c.



Tree Pruners. Waters' Cast Steel blade, Single. wood pole, 6-toot handle, 75c; 8-foot handle 90c; 10-foot handle, \$1.00.

# IRON AGE FARM AND GARDEN IMPLEMENTS



No. 1 Double and Single Wheel Hoe

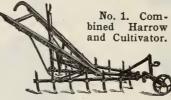
No. 1. This tool is practically made "bicycle construction." Wheels are of steel, very light, and are 16 inches in height. Frame made of tubing, coupled to malleable castings; high arch capable of working astride of 20-inch plants. An extra axle is sent out with each tool to be used for making a perfect single wheel hoe. No. 1 is No. 6 or No. 4 combined less the drill attachment



is but eight pounds, and can therefore be carried about the garden and used as readily as a common hoe. Price with tools as in cut, \$3.50.

No. 1 Combined Harrow and Cultivator

Teeth are steel, diamond shaped with small cultivator tooth forged on one end. They are adjustable for depth and angle. No 1 is extensively used in sugar beets



Price with lever expander, as in cut, \$5 25

Complete descriptions of these and 100 other styles of Farm and Garden Implements will be found in the 1911

IRON AGE

75th Diamond Anniversary Catalog. It is free and will be sent on application.

The completeness of this tool and the universal satisfaction it has given places it first among garden implements. Combined in this tool there are four distinct and thoroughly practical tools; a hill seeder, a drill seeder, a double wheel hoe with ten tools, and a single wheel hoe. All vegetable seeds can be sown with this drill.

Besides placing seeds in drills, the No. 6 will also drop in hills at 4, 6, 8, 12, or 24 inches apart. The tool can be instantly changed to drop from hills to drills or the

reverse.

No. 6. Complete (like cut) ......\$12.00
No. 7. As a Hill and Drill Seeder only \$9.00
No. 4. Combined Double and Single
Wheel Hoe and Drill Seeder is the same as
No. 6, except that it sows seed in drills
only, not in hills. Three machines in one.
No. 4. Complete with all working tools \$11.00
No. 5. As a drill only......\$8.00



Packed weight 40 lbs.

No.	1.	Complete (like cut), 10 tools \$7.00	)
No.	3.	Side Hoes only, 2 tools \$4.2	5
No.	13.	Side Hoes and Teeth, 6 tools\$5.50	)

The wheel is made of steel, 24 inches high, and is very strong. The tire is 1 inch in width. The frame is made of steel throughout. The handles are made of best oak.



Price complete with 5 tools. . . . \$3.25

## bined Harrow and Cultivator. No. 1 Seven Tooth Cultivator

This tool most thoroughly pulverizes all conditions of soil. Made in many different combinations. We furnish it with wide or narrow teeth at same price.







## No. 9 STANDARD

Shipping weight 50 Pounds.

#### Combined Double and Single Wheel Hoe, Cultivator, Plow, Rake, Hill and Drill Seeder

The tool is light and strong with few parts to get out of order and has a positive rotary force feed.

The Hill Spacer is the simplest known, being of only one piece, quickly set for hills at 4, 6, 8, 12 and 24 inches apart. Price complete, \$11.00. Price without drill attachment, \$6.75.



## No. 20 STANDARD

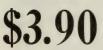
#### Garden Plow

Shipping Weight, 19 lbs.

This new single wheel plow has a 24-inch wheel which will make it the leader of its class. The adjustment is the handlest and most perfect ever put on a tool of this kind and is adjusted up and down by loosening a thumb nut. This is done at the top of the shank, as shown in cut, and may be accomplished without even removing the plow from the ground. The handless are also adjusted by the same thumb nut without interfering with the plow adjustment. Price, complete with 4 tools, \$2.75.

#### MONOGRAM GARDEN CULTIVATOR

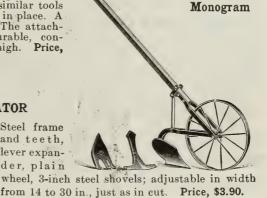
This is a garden cultivator of high quality at a low price. It is light, convenient to handle and will do any work similar tools will do. It only weighs 8½ lbs. with one attachment in place. A child or woman can easily handle or operate it. The attachments are made of high grade steel, are strong, durable, convenient and of new design. Wheel is 14 inches high. Price, complete with three attachments, \$1.75.



## DIXIE

ONE HORSE CULTIVATOR

Steel frame and teeth, lever expander, plain wheel, 3-incl

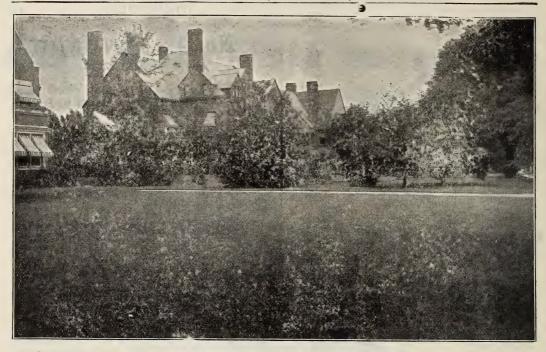


# No. 6. "Iron Age" Horse Hoe and Cultivator

It is a popular implement wherever the sun shines and crops grow. Its great adjustability adapts it for numberless uses and conditions.

By the use of the lever expander, the tool, as cultivator, can be instantly changed while in motion from the extreme width of 30 inches to 14 inches as its narrowest. Or, the castings of the hoe standards can be placed on the inside of the frame and be narrowed to 11 inches. Complete as cut, \$6.25; with plain wheel, \$5.75.





To Make a Good Lawn.—Nothing is more easily made and kept in order by a little well directed care. To get grass seed up quickly and evenly the surface must be mellow and level, with at least six inches of good black soil. Sow one pound of Griswolds Special Lawn Mixture to every 400 square feet, rake the seed in and roll well, or use a wide board until soil is uniformly firm. If the soil is clayey, cover the surface with a light coating of our Lawn Fertilizer. To keep the lawn beautiful, it must be frequently mowed. In hot, dry weather it is better to mow the lawn and not remove the clippings, as these will gradually form a thin mulch which will hold moisture, and protect the roots from the hot sun. Never water a lawn when the soil and grass are hot. The best time for watering is in the early morning before sunrise.

Special Lawn Grass Mixture

A mixture adapted to our not, dry chimate. It is composed of Blue Grass, White Clover, and several other best lawn grasses. Some of these come early, some grow best during the summer, some grow well in the shade, while others make their growth in the fall. In this way one has green grass the whole season. This mixture will make a rich, deep green, velvety lawn, with a close, thick

turf, in a few weeks' time, and one that will last much better than if sodded.

One pound covers 400 square feet (a space 20x20 feet) for new lawns, and half this amount for re-seeding old ones. Per lb., 40c; 5 lbs., \$1.75; by mail, lb., 50c; by mail, 5 lbs., \$2.25.

FANCY KENTUCKY BLUE GRASS. Best grade of fancy, clean, new crop tested seeds. Per lb., 40c; 5 lbs. for \$1.75; by mail, 50c; per bu., (14 lbs.) \$4.50, by freight.

WHITE CLOVER. This is just the seed to sow on the bare spots in your yard or lawn where a lawn grief grade of the properties is desired, as it will severe better in the days' time then grace seed will

very quick green covering is desired, as it will cover better in ten days' time than grass seed will cover in two months. 50c per lb., by mail; By express or freight, 40c, per lb., 10 lbs .for \$3.50.

Weed Killer

This is a preparation to be used on driveways, walks, tennis courts or other place that you wish to free from weeds. It will kill all kinds of weeds or grass, both top and roots. To be diluted with 50 parts of water. Price, pint cans, 45c; half gallon cans, 65c; one gallon cans, \$1.00.

Composed mainly of fine, ground bone. It is clean and dry and furnishes Lawn Fertilizer

composed mainly of line, ground some. It is clean and dry and furthshes just the desired element for young plants, and gives to the grass a permanent rich, green color, so much desired. It can be sown easily broadcast by hand. On new lawns it should be sown same time as the seed, and on old lawns any time in the early spring. It furnishes the same nourishment as manure, but has none of the weeds. One hundred pounds covers surface of 75x75 feet.

25 Pounds, 85c; 50 pounds, \$1.50; 100 pounds, \$2.75. Lawn Fertilizer

For lawn use, cemetery purposes or public grounds; it is a splendid feeder for turf, and quick in the result. It is free from any unpleasant odor. Its action Sward Food is quick and lasting. Apply early in the spring to start the grass; it will fairly make it jump for joy. Sprinkled on the earth where ornamental or fruit trees have been dug around, is soon washed into the ground and taken up by the roots, giving beneficial and marked results to fruit and leaf. Vegetables and flowers may be treated with like results. It makes flowering vines of all sorts grow with great rapidity. 5 lbs. (enough for 400 square feet), 25c.

## The "Fountain" Lawn Sprinkler

One of the REALLY GOOD things



Made entirely of brass No moving parts Nothing to get out of order

beautiful than a fountain, more efficient than a shower.

Price 65c

#### THE "BABY" FOUNTAIN LAWN SPRINKLER

Made of brass, handsomely polished, makes a beautiful mist-like and spray, sprinkles a square instead of a circle. Price 50 cents.





#### RUBBER HOSE

We do not carry cheaper grades for they do not give Satisfaction.

LAWN ROLLER

15-in., weight 150 lbs. Price, \$7.50

Regular Hose Nozzles, \$ .35 each.

Three-fourth inch 3-ply Water Snake guaranteed, \$.10 per ft. 50ft for \$4.50.

inch 6-ply Extra Strong, \$.12 per ft. 50 ft. for \$5.00. If hose is purchased in 50 ft. length, we furnish attached coupling

free; extra couplings \$ .20 per pair.

½ inch Hose throws just as large a stream and the couplings are the same size, as on three-fourth inch hose.

## Bird Seeds

We carry a complete stock of clean, pure Bird Seed.

CANARY. (Sicily.) Superior to all other varieties. In demand by all bird dealers and others who desire best grade of seed. 1 lb., 10c; 3 lbs., 25c. By mail, 1 lb., 18c; 3 lbs.,

of seed. I lb., 10c; 3 lbs., 25c. By mail, I lb., 13c; 3 lbs., 50c.

HEMP, RUSSIAN. A very rich, oily seed much liked by all birds. Should be fed sparingly as it fattens the bird and injures the song. I lb., 10c; 3 lbs., 25c. By mail, I lb., 18c; 3 lbs., 50c.

RAPE. Very desirable to furnish variety. Many bird fanciers feed only canary and rape for regular diet of canary birds. I lb., 10c; 3 lbs., 25c. By mail, I lb., 18c; 3 lbs., 50c.

MIXED SEED FOR CANARIES. All clean, plump seed in the proportions called for by experienced bird fanciers. This you will find more economical than package seed. I lb., 7c; 4 lbs., 25c; 17 lbs., \$1.00. By mail, I lb., 16c; 4 lbs., 57c.

MAMMOTH RUSSIAN SUNFLOWER. Most important food for parrots. Very nutritious and is liked by all large seed eating birds. Can be fed freely at all times. Better order a year's supply and have it sent by freight. I lb., 10c; 3 lbs., 25c; 13 lbs., \$1.00; 50 lbs., \$3.50; 100 lbs., \$6.50. By mail, I lb., 20c; 3 lbs., 50c.

PADDA OR UNHULLED RICE Ordinary rice of commerce in its natural state. A strengthing food for parrots, red birds, etc. 1 lb., 10c; 3 lbs., 25c; 13 lbs., \$1.00. By mail 1 lb., 20c; 3 lbs., 50c.

CUTTLE BONE. Important for canaries, parrots, and all seed eating birds. 2 for 5c. By mail, 4c each, 45c per

## Standard Fly and Germ Killer

It is a liquid preparation designed for keeping flies from cows and horses, and is perfectly harmless. Most rapidly and economically applied with a sprayer. Put up in one gallon seal top cans, \$1.00. Sent only by express or freight at buyer's expense.

Special-One No. 1 Sprayer and one gallon Standard Fly

Killer for \$1.25, by express, your expense.



#### CALF DEHORNER

This comes in he shape of a pencil, and is very easily applied. Clip off the hair around the little horn at the time it feels like a button and before it starts through the skin. Dampen it a little with water, and rub it with the Dehorner material. This causes the horn to stop growing. the horn to stop growing, and should be applied when the calf is from 5 to 10 days oud. (Enough for 25 or 30 calves) the horn

Price 5oc postpaid.



THE MILK SUBSTI-TUTE. Blatchford's Calf Meal, is for calves what Mellin's Food is for babies. Raises the finest calves at about half the cost of milk. Prevents scouring

100 lb. bag (makes 100 gallons of rich, nutritious gruel), \$3.50; 50 lb. bag, \$2.00; 25 lb. bag, \$1.00. Try it and sell the milk.

# POULTRY SUPPLIES

CRUSHED SHELLS. If you expect your hens to lay eggs you must furnish them with something to make shell. 17 lbs., 25c; 50lbs., 50c; 100lbs. Clam Shells, 75c; 100 lbs. Oyster Shells, 85c.

CRYSTAL GRIT. Not only your large fowls, but your small chickens must have grit. Most so-called chicken cholera is simply indigestion caused by lack of grit with which to grind the food. Large, medium and chick. 17 lbs., 25c; 50 lbs., 50c; 100 lbs., 85c.

POULTRY BONE should be kept before poultry of all classes, at all times, especially where egg production is desired. They will be the best judges as to the amount they want. Young chickens should be permitted to get it at their pleasure. Large, medium, chick and meal. 8 lbs., 25c; 50lbs., \$1.35; 100 lbs., \$2.65.

BEEF SCRAPS. For laying hens may be mixed one part meat scraps to three parts crushed grain, bran or shorts. Wet with hot water, or skimmed milk preferred. Feed night and morning. 7 lbs., 25c; 50 lbs., \$1.75; 100 lbs., \$3.35.

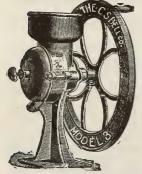
BLOOD MEAL. This is pure, rich, dried blood. Very fine for incubator chicks, as it prevents loss from breaking down or leg weakness. Good to start hens laying. Feed one part blood meal to fifteen parts of mash 6 lbs., 25c; 50 lbs. \$2.00; 100 lbs., \$3.75.



## STEARNS' BONE CUTTER

It has automatic feed; is self cleaning; is the fastest fine cutting machine on the market; will stand more wear and tear; is least liable to get out of order; is the only Bone Cutter that will not clog with gristle or meat.

STEARNS' BONE CUTTER Price.....\$9.00



MODEL GRINDING MILL

#### MODEL GRINDING MILL

This mill will grind wheat corn, roots, etc., No. 1, capacity, ½ to 1 bushel per hour, \$2.50.

No. 2, capacity, 1 to 2 bushels per hour.....\$4.65

GRISWOLD'S CHICK FOOD. This consists of millet, wheat and other seeds, grit, bone, etc., in such proportions as shall supply the young growing chickens with all that is necessary to secure health, vigor and growth. It not only is a money maker but saves much time in feeding. 8 lbs., 25c; 50 lbs., \$1.35; 100 lbs., \$2.50.

SCRATCH FOOD. From 15 to 20 kinds of seeds and grains; specially good for grown fowls. Do not confuse this with screenings. This has no waste whatever, no grit. 15 lbs., 25c; 50 lbs., 80c; 100 lbs., \$1.50.

ALFALFA MEAL. Made from green, kilndried alfalfa hay and is 2 to 3 times more valuable than clover meal. Good for chickens or stock. 10lbs., 25c; 50 lbs., 90c; 100 lbs , \$1.50.

ALFALMO MEAL. Same as alfalfa meal except that it is mixed with syrup, a decided addition. 10 lbs., 25c; 50 lbs., 90c; 100 lbs., \$1.50.

CHARCOAL. This is a most excellent ingredient to mix with mash. 10c per lb., 4 lbs., for 25c.

TOBACCO DUST. Sprinkle it around the chicken house and nest. It keeps away the lice Per lb., 10c; 5 lbs., for 35c; 10 lbs., 50c; 100 lbs., \$4.00.

SULPHUR. 10c per lb.; 3 lbs., for 25c. Ask for prices in large lots.

### SANITARY BROOD COOP



Poultry Marker 25c each





GALVANIZED IRON WALL FOUNT



The only kind good for pigeons as well as chickens.

size, 75c.

#### HENFRIEND Water Fount

Made of very best galvanized iron, cheap, practical and durable, protected from dirt, yet easy to clean; will not drown the chicks; easy to fill and carry as a pail. Keeps the water cool in summer. Filled with hot water in the morning will not freeze during the day in cold weather. A child can fill it.  $2\frac{1}{2}$ gal. size, 60c; 1 gal. size 45c; ½ gal. size, for little chickens, 30c.

#### GALVANIZED IRON GRIT AND SHELL BOX

Three compartments; always ready; no waste; 50c: larger size, two compartments, 75c.

## Poultry Netting



Grit and Shell Box

Heavy galvanized wire, 1 or 2 inch mesh, in 12, 18,24, 30, 36, 48 inches high. Rolls 150 feet long. 1 inch mesh, 2c per square foot for small llots; 1½c per square foot in rolls; 2 inch mesh. small lots, 1c per square foot; in full rolls 2/3 c per square foot.



POULTRY NETTING

Porcelain Nest Eggs Made of flint glass, are 1 gal. size, clean and cannot carry 50c; 2 gal. disease germs. Will last indefinitely. 2 for 5c; 25c per dozen.



DAVIS'S ANTI-LOUSE ROOST BRACKETS



LEG BANDS

In ordering always give breed of fowls bands are used on.



Not made in pigeon sizes.

LEADER ADJUSTABLE LEG BANDS. Latest and best adjustable Leg Band out. Has neat, compact and smooth fastening with no catching points; easily attached, and is absolutely secure. Doz., 15c; 25 for 25c; 50 for 40c; 100 for 65c; postpaid.

Will effectually protect your fowls from lice and mites by making it impossible for them to reach the fowls at night. Each point of contact letween the roosts and building is provided with an oil cup and the mites cannot get onto the roosts from the building or back again. Send for special circular. Prices for brackets only: Single Roost, per set, 75c; 3 sets, \$2.00; 6 sets, \$3.50. Multiple Roost, per set, \$1.25; three sets, \$3.25; six sets, \$6.00.

CONKEY'S POULTRY REMEDIES EACH ARTICLE MUST SATISFY YOU OR YOU RECEIVE YOUR MONEY BACK

Roup Cure \$0.50	\$0.50 Postn'	dHead Lice Ointm't \$0.10	\$0.10 Postp'd	
" " 1.00		" " .25	.25	
Bronchitis Remedy .50		Lice Powder(small) .25	.40 "	
White Diarrhoea				ci Da Bu
Remedy	.50 "			
Chlclera Řemedy25	.25 "	" (large) .50	.75 Exp.P'd	
" "50	.50 "	Lice Liquid (1 qt.) .35	.60 "	
Gape Remedy50	.60 "	" (½ gal) .60	.85 "	
Chicken Pox		(20)		Don't
Remedy	.55 "	" " (1 gal.) <b>1.00</b>	1.30 "	Worry!
Limber Neck				Conkey
Remedy	.55 "	Laying Tonic	.50 "	Will Cure
Scaly Leg Remedy .50	.55 "	" " <b>.</b> 50	.75 "	Me.
Rheumatic " .50	.55 "	Nox-i-Cide (1 pt.) .35	.60 "	<u> </u>
Poultry Laxative 25	.25 "	" (1 qt.) <b>.60</b>	.85 "	5.
Poultry Tonic		Fly Knocker(1 qt) .35	.60 "	4000
Sulphur Candles 10	.15 "	" " (½ gal.) .60	.85 "	
" " (3) .25		" " (1 gal.) <b>1.00</b>	1.50 "	
" (12) 1.00	1.35 Exp.P	'd		

### QUEEN INCUBATORS AND BROODERS

We are general agents for these well-known, dependable Incubators and Brooders, and are glad to be able to offer them to our trade. They are made right here in our home city—Lincoln Nebr. We have fully investigated the construction and workings of QUEEN machines and the great record they have made in the hands of many thousands of poultry raisers in every part of the country and are fully satisfied that in offering our customers QUEEN machines, we are offering the best Incubators and Brooders on the market.



This is the picture of the 130-egg size QUEEN Incubator. QUEENS are made in five sizes, the 70-egg and 180-egg sizes being square like the 130-egg size, and each has one egg tray and one chick tray. The 240 and 360-egg sizes are oblong and each has two egg and chick trays.

The Queen incubator is constructed so that it will hold an even temperature throughout the hatch. The Queen hot water heating system has no equal. The regulator used exclusively on Queen Incubators is perfection itself-the result of tests and experiments with every imaginable kind of regulator. It was invented and patented by P. M. Wickstrum, president of the Queen Incubator Company, and you cannot get it on any other make of incubator. The QUEEN heater and tank are made of the very best quality of copper, put together with lock-seam joints and will not leak. The body of the incubator is made of the very best grade of California Redwood. Legs and moulding around the table top of the machine are made of clear pine, and as for appearance make a pleasing contrast with the beautiful red of the incubator box. The outside of the machine is finished in natural wood, well oiled and varnished, which makes the QUEEN an attractive piece of furniture. You will find the QUEEN to be a splendid hatching machine as it com-bines all the points that make it possible to hatch chickens artificially in every month of the year, and along with this you still have an attractive, well finished incubator, and one that does not cost you a great deal of money QUEENS are sold on trial and are now guaranteed for 10 years. Prices, F. O. B., Lincoln, Neb.

 70-egg size
 \$ 8.85

 130-egg size
 10.00

 180-egg size
 12.30

 240-egg size
 15.25

 360-egg size
 20.30

Write for special prices with freight paid to your depot.

#### QUEEN BROODERS

Made in two styles—Lamp-heated and Fireless—both for outdoor and indoor use. A size and style suitable to the needs of every poultry raiser.

All Queen Brooders are made out of extra good material, are substantially and properly built, and each one will furnish perfect brooding conditions when used in the place for which it is made.

#### QUEEN INDOOR FIRELESS BROODERS.

50-chick size										
100-chick size										
200-chick size										

#### QUEEN OUTDOOR FIRELESS BROODERS.

100-chick	size			٠,							٠.				\$ 8.40
150-chick	size		٠			ď	٠								10.10
200-chick	size.														12.20

QUEEN INDOOR LAMP-HEATED BROOD	ERS
50-chick size\$	
100-chick size	
100 Chick Size	7.35

QUEEN OUTDOOR LAMP-HEATED BRO	ODERS
100-chick size	\$10.00
100-CHICK SIZE	10.00
150-chick size	
200-chick size	14.00

All the above prices are F. O. B. Lincoln, Neb. Write for special prices with freight paid to your depot.

In both Queen Incubators and Brooders we offer high quality at low prices. Every machine is fully guaranteed.

It is not so much what the manufacturer says, or what we say about them, but it is what the users say that counts. Judged by this standard, Queen machines are worthy of the confidence of poultry raisers everywhere.

We do not have room in this catalog to illustrate and describe in detail these perfect incubators and brooders, but we have the regular Queen Poultry Guide and Catalog that we want to send to each one of our customers who raise poultry. This book tells all about QUEEN MACHINES and POULTRY SUPPLIES and how to raise chickens successfully, and it will be mailed FREE to all who ask for it.

In addition to handling Queen Machines we also handle the complete line of Queen Poultry Feeds and Supplies.

GRISWOLD SEED CO., General Agents, Lincoln Neb.

# Vegetable Plants

We Grow Great Quantities of Cabbage, Cauliflower, Celery, Tomato and Sweet Potato Plants

	Ready		ostpaid		By Expres	ss, rour i	xpense
	About	Per Doz.	Per 25	Per 100	Per Doz.	Per 100 1	Per 1000
Early Cabbage, most leading varieties .	Apr. 25	\$0.15	\$0.25	\$0.75	\$0.10	\$0.50	\$4.00
Late Cabbage, most leading varieties	May 10	.10	.20	. 65	.10	.40	2.50
Early Tomato, most leading varieties		.25	.45	1.00	. 15	.80	7.00
Late Tomato, most leading varieties	May 10	.15	.30	.90	.10	.70	6.00
Cauliflower, Snowball		.25	. 45	1.25	.20	1.00	7.00
Egg Plant		.25	.45	1.25	.25	1.00	8.00
Early Celery, most leading varieties		.20	.35	.75	. 15	. 50	4.00
Late Celery, most leading varieties		.15	.25	. 55	.10	.35	3.00
Pepper, most varieties	.May 10	.25	.45	1.25	.20	1.00	8.00
Sweet Potato, Yellow Jersey & Nansemond	l.May 10			.50		.30	2.50
Asparagus Roots				1.00		.60	
Rhubarb Roots			per d	loz.	.50	o per do	Z.
WRITE FOR	PRICES	IN LAR	:R L(	OTS			

### TO MAKE A HOTBED

A hotbed should face the south or southeast, be located on well drained ground, and if possible be protected on the north by a building or high fence.

6x10 feet will be large enough for an acre garden. Sashes are usually 3x6 ft. Dig a trench 2 ft. deep, around this place a frame 16 inches high at the back and eight inches in front. Fill the hole with fresh horse manure that has lain for a week or ten days, tramping it down firmly and covering with 4 inches of fine, rich, black soil. Place the sashes over the frame. After standing a few days lift the sashes to allow the rank heat and steam to pass off; when the temperature has subsided to 90 degrees F. sow the seed. It is best to bank the outside of the frame up to the sash.

The hotbed may be all above ground by making a pile of manure 2 ft. high, and 2 ft. longer, and 2 ft. wider than the frame, fill in with black soil and complete as directed for the excavated bed.

When plants are nearly ready for outside lift the sashes every pleasant day, gradually hardening off the seedlings. Frame and sashes should be stored away at the close of the season and will thus last for years.

# Vegetable Seeds

At prices named we pay postage on all seeds ordered by the Packet, Ounce, Pound, Pint and Quart DISCOUNT ON SEEDS IN PACKETS

Send us	\$0.25 and select seeds in	packets and ounces only, to the value of
		a packets and ounces only, to the value of
		n packets and ounces only, to the value of 1.25
		n packets and ounces only, to the value of
		n packets and ounces only, to the value of
Send us	4.00 and select seeds i	n packets and ounces only, to the value of 5.00

Please remember that these discounts apply only to Vegetable and Flower Seeds in Packets and Ounces, but not to seeds by the ¼ lb., Pound, Pint or Quart, or to the Special Collections; the prices on these are net; no premiums allowed.



### ASPARAGUS

1 oz. to 50 ft. of drill 5 lbs. to the acre.

Sow in March or April, in good mellow soil, after soaking the seed 24 hours in warm water, in drills one foot apart, and one inch deep. During the summer keep the soil mellow and free from weeds, thinning the plants to 4 inches apart. The following spring transplant into permanent beds that have been deeply dug and highly manured.

CONOVER'S COLOSSAL. A mammoth, green sort of the best quality.

Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ½ lb., 25c; lb., 70c; postpaid.

BARR'S MAMMOTH. An early, large-stemmed, green variety.

Pkt., 5c;
oz., 10c; ½ lb., 25c; lb., 70c; postpaid.

PALMETTO. An early, green sort, prolific and very desirable.

Pkt., 5c;
oz., 10c; ½ lb., 25c; lb., 70c; postpaid.

COLUMBIAN MAMMOTH WHITE. Produces white stalks of large size and finest quality.

Pkt., 5c;

and finest quality. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1 lb., 25c; lb., 70c; postpaid.

#### ASPARAGUS ROOTS

The ground should be well manured and deeply spaded, the roots planted two feet apart, one foot apart in the row, and at least six inches deep. These will be ready to use in two to three years. 15c per dozen; 50 for 60c; \$1.00 per 100, postpaid; 40c for 50; 60c per 100, by express at your expense.

#### Asparagus Culture

A book giving all possible details as to Growing, Soil, Marketing, Canning, etc., for home use or market, 174 pages. Cloth, 50c; postraid 50c; postpaid.

FOR PRICES ON LARGER LOTS SEE OUR MARKET GARDENERS' PRICE LIST SENT FREE

# Beans

BUSCH BOHNEN

1 PINT TO 100 FEET OF DRILL; 1 BUSHEL PER ACRE EARLIEST VARIETIES READY EARLIEST VARIETIES READY FOR TABLE IN 40 DAYS

The soi! best adapted to beans is a light, rich. well drained loam, which was manured for the prewhich was manured for the previous crop. Beans are extremely sensitive to both cold and wet, and it is useless to plant them before the ground has become dry and warm. The largest return will result from planting in drills from two to three feet apart, and leaving the plants two to six inches apart in the row. Up to the time of blossoning they should have frequent shallow cultivation. Never hoe when the vines are wet, as the pods would become discolored. For succession plant every two weeks.

### Bush or Snap

Wax or Yellow Pod Varieties GOLDEN WAX. standard sort. One of the earliest beans in the market. The pods are of good length, flat, but quite thick and broad. They are waxy, golden yellow, and of fine, but-



productive. Pkt., 5c; pt.,

25c; qt., 40c; postpaid.

IMPROVED GOLDEN WAX. Pods are thicker than those of Golden Wax, and of better quality. Pkt., 5c; pt., 25c; qt., 40c; postpaid.

GERMAN BLACK WAX. A popular variety; pod a waxy yellow, solid, tender, almost transparent, stringless, seeds when ripe jet black. Pkt., 5c; pt., 25c; qt., 40c; postpaid.

CURRIE'S RUST-PROOF WAX. The vine is very vigorous, hardy, and an early and abundant bearer. The pods are long, flat and straight, and of a light yellow color. The beans when ripe are a bluish black. It is an excellent shipper. Pkt., 5c; pt., 25c., qt., 40c; postpaid.

CHALLENGE BLACK WAX. This is the first sort to give a full picking. The pods are a clear waxy white, round, fleshy, tender and stringless. Seed jet black. Pkt., 5c; pt., 25c; qt., 45c; postpaid.

DAVIS' KIDNEY WAX. The large beans are pure white, kidney shape, excellent for cooking, green or dry. The pods while young are stringless, tender and of excellent flavor, very long, straight, flat, and clear, waxy white. Very productive. Pkt., 5c; pt., 25c; qt., 45c; postpaid.

WARDWELL'S KIDNEY WAX. Pods long, flat, nearly straight, white, handsome and of good quality. One of the very best beans, large, kidney shaped, white with dark markings about the eye. Pkt., 5c; pt., 25c; qt., 45c; postpaid.

YOSEMITE WAX. The pods are golden yellow, very long, round, nearly all solid pulp, and stringless, cooking tender and delicious, seed black. Pkt., 5c; pt., 30c; qt., 50c; postpaid.

# DWARF BUSH LIMA BEANS

The Bush Limas are quite desirable for the garden, their cultivation does away with poles. These should as their cultivation does away with poles. These should be planted edgewise with the eyes down and two inches Plant June 1st.

HENDERSON'S BUSH LIMA. Grows in compact bush form about 18 inches high. The beans are small in size, but of delicious flavor and great productiveness, and about two

weeks earlier than the others. Pkt., 5c; pt., 25c; qt., 45c; postpaid.

BURPEE'S BUSH LIMA. A bush form of the true large Lima. A good yielder, bearing a handsome large pod, well filled. Pkt., 5c; pt., 30c.; qt., 50c; postpaid.

# **BEANS--Continued**

### DWARF, GREEN PODDED SORTS

BURPEE'S NEW STRINGLESS. The only stringless green-podded bean in cultivation. The pod is round, full, large and straight. In quality it is superior to most other Bush Beans. Pkt., 5c; pt., 25c; qt., 45c; postpaid.

IMPROVED RED VALENTINE. Early and prolific. Pods are remarkably fleshy and tender, and remain a long time without becoming hard.

Pkt., 5c; pt., 25c; qt., 40c; postpaid.

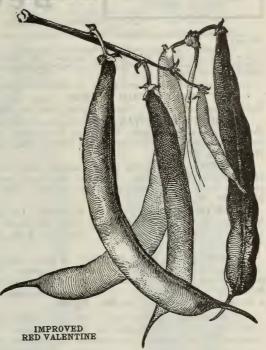
EARLY MOHAWK. Long, flat, straight pods. Very hardy and can be planted much earlier than other sorts. Pkt., 5c; pt., 25c; qt., 40c; postpaid.

LONG YELLOW SIX WEEKS. Hardy, early and productive. A standard sort. Pkt., 5c; pt., 25c; qt., 40c; postpaid.

REFUGEE (THOUSAND TO ONE). Most prolific green-podded sort, thick and fleshy. Especially desirable for pickling. Pkt., 5c; pt., 25c; qt., 40c; postpaid.

WHITE MARROW. Good shelled, either green or dry. Pkt., 5c; pt., 25c; qt., 40c; post-

LITTLE WONDER NAVY. Valuable for field culture; very prolific, excellent dry bean. Pkt., 5c; pt., 20c; qt., 35c; postpaid.



# POLE BEANS

One Quart to 200 Hills

These are more tender than the Dwarf Beans, and planting should be delayed about a week longer. Set a stout stake about 8 feet long firmly in the center of each hill, leaving four plants to a hill.

EARLY GOLDEN CLUSTER WAX. Begins bearing in July, continuing to produce abundantly

until frost, large clusters of golden-yellow pods 6 to 8 inches long and of delicious flavor. Valuable either as a shell or snap bean, white seed. Pkt., 5c; pt., 25c; qt., 45c; postpaid.

CUT SHORT (Corn Hill). A standard sort for planting among corn. It will yield a good crop without the use of poles. Beans nearly oblong, cut off at the ends, white with reddish-brown spots.

Pkt., 5c; pt., 25c; qt., 45c; postpaid.

DUTCH CASE KNIFE. An early corn hill bean. Pods very long and flat; beans, flat, kidney shaped, white, of excellent quality, green or dry. Pkt., 5c; pt., 25c, qt., 45c; postpaid.

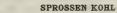
OLD HOMESTEAD (Kentucky Wonder). An excellent green podded variety; enormously productive, the long pods hanging in great clusters along the entire vine; they cook very tender and melting. Seed dark brown. Pkt., 5c; pt., 25c; qt., 45c; postpaid.

LAZY WIFE. A late bean. Pods long, broad, thick and entirely stringless; rich and buttery; dry beans white, and unsurpassed as shell beans for winter use. Very prolific. Pkt., 5c; pt., 25c; qt. 45c; postpaid.

25c; qt., 45c; postpaid. LARGE LIMA. (Butter) 5c; pt., 25c; qt., 45c; postpaid.

# BRUSSELS SPROUTS

Productive. Large, flat pods; beans white, of excellent flavor. Pkt.,



Matures 140 to 150 days from seed

The plants grow two to three feet high, and produce miniature heads from the sides of the stalk. These heads, after they have been touched by frost, become very tender; boiled in the same way as cauliflower. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; \(\frac{1}{4}\)lb., 45c; postpaid.

Culture-Same as winter cabbage. Break down the leaves in the fall to

force the growth of the sprouts.

ONE OUNCE TO 100 FEET OF DRILL, 5 TO 7 POUNDS TO ACRE IN DRILLS.

# Beets

The early turnip varieties are ready for the table in from 50 to 60 days from sowing seed.

ROTHE REUBEN or RUNKLE-REUBEN

The best results are obtained on a deep, rich sandy loam, in freshly prepared soil, which should be pressed firmly over

the seed.

If wanted very early, sow in hotbeds and transplant, cutting off the outer leaves. For general crop sow in drills 18 inches apart, and thin to three inches in the row. For winter use, the turnip varieties may be sown in June, and the beets may be kept by storing in a cellar and covered with sandy soil to prevent wilting. To prevent beets losing their color in cooking, do not break the skin.

Prices made are all postpaid. If sent by express deduct 10 cents per pound.

BEST EARLY BLOOD TURNIP. Dark red, fine flavor, good for winter. Oz., 5c; 1 lb., 15c; lb., 50c.

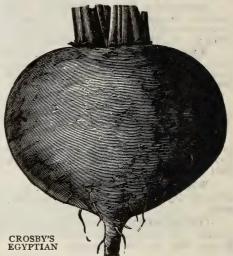
CROSBY'S EGYPTIAN. An improved strain of the Egyptian; skin and flesh are dark red, roots smooth, round, fine quality, extra early. Oz., 5c; ½ lb., 20c; lb., 60c.

ECLIPSE. An extra early variety with round, smooth, blood-red roots. Matures very early and is popular both for market and home garden. Oz., 5c; 1 lb., 20c; lb., 60c.

DEWING'S EARLY RED TURNIP. Of good form and flavor. Flesh and top deep blood-red; excellent for early or winter use. Oz., 5c; \frac{1}{4} lb., 15c; 1b., 55c.

DETROIT DARK RED TURNIP. A grand beet for bunching for market, and for the home garden. Tops small; roots globular, skin smooth; dark blood-red; flesh bright, crisp, tender, sweet and remaining so for a long time. Oz., 5c; 1 lb., 20c; lb., 60c.

COLUMBIA. Extra early, also one of the finest main-crop beets for market or home garden. The roots are turnip shape, 3 to 4 inches in diameter, deep



ECLIPSE.

through, smooth and entirely free from small rootlets. Flesh deep blood-red, tender and of rich flavor. Oz., 5c; 1 lb., 20c; lb., 60c.

CRIMSON GLOBE. Early, of medium size, uniformly round; color deep crimson throughout, exceedingly tender and sweet and a good keeper. Oz., 5c; 1 lb., 20c.; lb., 60c.

EXTRA EARLY FLAT BASSANO. Very sweet, light colored

flesh, fine form. Oz.,5c. 1 lb., 15c. lb., 50c.

EARLY EGYPTIAN. Early, flesh dark red, zoned with lighter shade; sweet and tender when young. Oz., 5c. 1 lb., 15c. lb., 55c.

BASTIAN'S EARLY BLOOD TURNIP. Very early and popular, small top, retaining its blood-red color when cooked. A good second early variety. Oz., 5c. 1 lb., 15c. lb., 50c.

EDMUND'S IMPROVED BLOOD TUR-NIP. Round and smooth, matures early. Skin and flesh are of a deep blood-red; sweet and tender. An excellent keeper. Oz. 5c. ½ lb., 15c. lb., 55c.
ARLINGTON BLOOD TURNIP. A

maturing; perfectly round, blood-red, excellent quality, and good for winter.

Oz., 5c. 4 lb., 15c., lb., 50c.

HALF LONG BLOOD. An entirely distinct variety
winter use. The roots are

LONG BLOOD. An entirely distinct variety, and the best for The roots are pear-shaped, smooth, flesh a rich, dark red, crisp, tender and very sweet, never becoming woody, and retaining its excellent quality longer than other sorts. Oz., 5c. 1 lb., 15c. lb., 50c.

LONG DARK BLOOD. Tops large, with good sized, long roots, tapering

and growing even with the surface; dark red; flesh sweet and tender, remaining so until spring. A popular winter sort. Oz., 5c. 4lb., 15c. lb., 50c.

### Swiss Chard

Grown for its leaves only; the mid-rib is cooked and served like asparagus, HALF LONG BLOOD the leaves used for greens. Oz., 10c. 1 lb., 25c. lb., 85c.



# Mangel Wurzel and Sugar Beet

One ounce will sow 100 ft. rill. 6 pounds per acre. 140 to 150 days required from required from sowing to maturity







LANE'S IMPERIAL SUGAR

MAMMOTH LONG RED MANGEL WURZEL

KLEIN'S WANZLEBEN SUGAR

# For Stock Feeding

When the fact is considered that 50 tons of Mangel Wurzel may be grown on a single acre, at a small outlay, the wonder is that every farmer does not profit by it.

Mangels grow to a larger size and will produce a greater bulk of roots per acre than sugar beets, but the latter are richer in quality and of superior feeding value.

As all mangels require a deep soil in order to grow well, plow and subsoil at least a foot to eighteen inches and apply plenty of rich stable manure. Sow in April to June, in rows eighteen inches to two feet apart, and thin to eight inches in the rows. Young plants may he transplanted to fill up vacancies. As soon as frost occurs dig the crop.

MAMMOTH LONG RED. (Dignity.) This is truly a mammoth, a single root often weighing 30 pounds. Enormously productive, smooth and regular in shape, with a small top. They grow half above ground, and are easily harvested.

GOLDEN TANKARD. A superior strain of golden fleshed mangel; roots half long and very large. It is particularly rich in milk-producing qualities. It is very easily pulled; exceedingly hardy.

GIANT HALF SUGAR MANGEL. The roots of this new mangel are more valuable, pound for pound, than those of the best strains of sugar beets, supplying food of very much higher nutritive value and not only are they of better quality

but they yield more than twice as much. The roots grow partly out of the ground which renders the harvesting of the crop very easy. Every progressive farmer should try this new food.

new food.

KLEIN'S WANZELBEN SUGAR BEET. This is considered the most desirable variety for sugar. It is also desirable for feeding to stock. The roots, while rather shorter than some varieties, are thicker in diameter, and yield an immense crop on rich land. The largest diameter is at, or just below, the surface of the soil, then tapering rather quickly.

LANE'S IMPERIAL SUGAR. This beet grows to a large size, will yield almost as much in bulk as the best mangels, and contains a large percentage of sugar. The roots are smooth, broad at the shoulder, and gradually taper to the base. They grow with a considerable portion above the soil, and are easily harvested. Gray top, whitish-green skin, with crisp snow-white flesh. crisp snow-white flesh.

RIVENHALL GIANT YELLOW GLOBE. This is the cleanest growing, heaviest cropping and longest keeping globe variety in cultivation. Notwithstanding its great size it produces only a small top with a single tap root.

For Prices see top of page. For CORN SAVER, the new hog beet, see page 7.

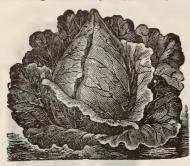
Ready for the table in from loo to 160 days from seed, according to

# Cabbages

1 ounce to 5,000 plants, 2 ounces to transplant for an acre.

KOPF KOHL, oder KRAUT

For early summer use sow in hotbed in February or March. Before transplanting to the open ground they should be hardened off by exposing them gradually to the night air. For winter use sow in open ground in May or June, taking care in either case not to let the plants stand too closely, as this makes them "spindling". When five or six inches high, transplant in rows two feet apart one way, and 12 to 18 inches the other, according to variety, burying to the first leaf, whatever the stem length. Hoe frequently, drawing the earth up about the plants until they begin to head.



EARLY JERSEY WAKEFIELD

### Extra Early Varieties

(For Cabbage Plants see Page 33.)

EARLY SPRING. The earliest, flat-headed variety. A wonderful compact plant with few outer leaves. Ready for use as soon as Early Jersey Wakefield. The head is oval and very large for the size of the plant, nearly equaling many of the later kinds. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; ‡ lb., \$1.60. Postpaid.

EXTRA EARLY EXPRESS. (Lightning.) Pointed, hard heads of good size; a week earlier than Jersey Wakefield. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; ‡ lb., 50c; lb., \$1.60; postpaid.

postpaid.

EARLIEST ETAMPES. (Earliest of All.) Extremely early, with small, quite solid, pointed heads; excellent quality. Pkt., 5c; oz., 2oc; \(\frac{1}{2}\) lb., 5oc; lb., \(\frac{1}{2}\).

postpaid EARLY YORK. Very early; small heart-shaped heads. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c;

EARLY YORK. Very early; small heart-shaped heads. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ł lb., 4oc; lb., \$1.4o. postpaid.

EARLY JERSEY WAKEFIELD. Most gardeners depend upon it for the bulk of their extra early crop. Heads conical, very compact, solid and of excellent quality. Pkt., 5c; oz., 2oc; ł lb., \$1.6o; postpaid.

EARLY WINNIGSTADT. One of the best, being very hardy and sure to head; suffers less from the cabbage worm than any other sort; heads regular, conical, very hard and keep well. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ł lb., 4oc; lb., \$1.5o; postpaid.

### Second Early or Summer Varieties

EARLY DWARF FLAT DUTCH. An early cabbage of good size. Heads are flat and very solid. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; ½ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.40; postpaid.

EARLY DRUMHEAD. A fine strain; of dark bluish-green color, plant very hardy; compact, flat head. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; 1lb., 40c; lb.,

\$1.40; postpaid.

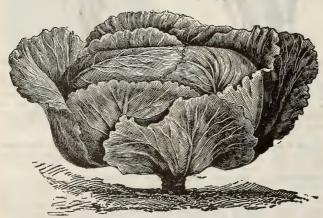
EARLY SUMMER. A popular sort; producing large solid heads of fine quality; keeps

longer without bursting than most any sort. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; 1b., 40c; lb., \$1.60; postpaid.
ALL HEAD EARLY. The heads are deep

through, extra solid, uniform in color, form and size. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; ½ lb., 50c; lb., \$1.50;

ALL SEASON (Vandergaw). Growing so quickly the large, solid heads are very tender and of the finest quality. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; 1b., 40c; lb., \$1.40; postpaid.

### Late or Winter Varieties



PREMIUM LATE FLAT DUTCH

LARGE LATE DRUMHEAD. A favorite winter variety; extra large, solid heads; slightly later than the Flat Dutch. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c;

lb., 40c; lb., \$1.40; postpaid. FILDERKRAUT. Has an Has an elongated cone shaped head, very solid and compact, and very white, Rather late; keeps well for some time in winter. Best for saurkraut.

Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; ½ lb., 50c.; lb., \$1.85; postpaid.

SUREHEAD. This cabbage never fails to make a fine solid large head, with few outer leaves. It is a vigorous grower, maturing late. First-class main crop variety. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20; lb., 50c; lb., \$1.50; postpaid.

THE LUPTON. This variety is one

of the best for main crop combining the best qualities of the second-early and the late sorts. It is also one of the best keepers. Pkt., 5c; oz., 25c; 1 lb., 60c; lb., \$2.00; postpaid. PREMIUM LATE FLAT DUTCH

(Selected Strain). The great cabbage for fall and winter. The large, oval solid heads are flattened and of splendid quality. Will keep in the best condition for a long time. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ½ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.40; postpaid.

HOLLANDER (Danish Ball Head). Hardest heading variety known. Remarkable for great weight and long-keeping qualities. The heads weight and long-keeping quanties. The heads are of medium size, exceedingly tender, crisp, solid, with no waste heart. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; ½ lb., 50c; lb., \$1.85; postpaid.

RED DUTCH. A deep red or purple, solid head, fine for salad or pickling. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; ½ lb., 50c; lb., \$1.50; postpaid.

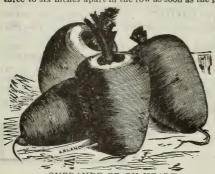
Ready for table in from 95 to 120 days from seed, according to variety.

# Carrots

CAROTTEN MOHREN

1 oz. to a row 100 feet long. 2½ lbs. per acre.

Any good land, if thoroughly and deeply worked, will produce satisfactory crops. Sow as early as the ground can be worked, sow the smaller kinds in rows 16 to 18 inches apart. For field culture sow in drills 18 to 24 inches apart. Cover one-half to one inch deep and see that the soil is pressed firmly above the seed. Do not let the weeds get a start. Thin to three to six inches apart in the row as soon as the plants are large enough. For winter use gather and store like turnips.



GUERANDE OR OX HEART

EARLY FRENCH FORCING. A valuable forcing variety, with short stubby roots. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ½ lb., 30c; lb., 75c; postpaid.

SCARLET HORN. Very small and early. A rich, deep orange in color, fine grained, of sweet flavor, succeeding well in shallow soil. Desirable for bunching. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ½ lb., 25c; lb., 65c; postpaid.

CHANTENAY. A choice variety, longer than the Scarlet Horn, and a little broader at the top. The flesh is a beautiful rich orange color, and of the finest quality. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ½ lb., 25c; lb., 65c; postpaid.

DANVER'S HALF LONG POINTED. It is of a rich, dark orange color; very smooth and easier to dig than most carrots. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ½ lb., 25c; lb., 65c; postpaid.

OX HEART or GUERANDE. (See cut). A thick

carrot, five inches long and very blunt at the lower extremity. It grows very rapidly, and the roots attain a weight of more than a pound. It is tender, of good flavor and of a deep red color, and is a variety we can recommend to all market gardeners. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ½ lb., 25c; lb., 65c; postpaid.

HALF LONG SCARLET NANTES. The leaves are fine, the roots are almost cylindrical, very smooth, of good shape and size, and about six inches long; the flesh is red and very sweet. They are easily pulled and keep well. A most excellent sort. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ½ lb., 25c; lb., 60c; postpaid.

HALF LONG STUMP ROOT. The tops are of medium size, roots deep orange, large, tapering to a dull point. Smooth, erisp and tender. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 25c; lb., 65c.; postpaid.

IMPROVED LONG ORANGE. Large, smooth, and of rich orange color. A good keeper, of fine quality for table use, and highly nutritious for stock Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ½ lb., 25c; lb., 60c; postpaid.



HALF LONG STUMP ROOT

SOW IN APRIL OR MAY

# CARROTS FOR STOCK

4 to 6 lbs. to the Acre

These are undoubtedly the most valuable of all the roots usually grown for stock. They are more nutritious than turnips and nearly all animals like them and are benefited by them.

LARGE YELLOW or VICTORIA. Largest, heaviest cropping and most nutritious variety in culivation; roots fine, of light orange color, and possessing high feeding properties; good keeper. Lb., 50c; postpaid. By freight, 5 lb., \$1.75.

Coorse. The roots grow to a large size. Lb., \$1.75.

Large white, green above ground with small top. Flesh rather coarse. The roots grow to a large size. Lb., 50c; postpaid. By freight, 5 lbs., \$1.75.

Cress or Peppergrass

Ready in from 21 to 40 days. Cress should be sown in a sheltered spot quite thick in shallow drills, in a short time it will be fit for cutting. Sow frequently as it matures very rapidly.

EXTRA CURLED. This small salad is much used with lettuce the warm, pungent taste makes a most agreeable addition. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10; ½ lb., 25c; postpaid.

WATER CRESS. Hardy, perennial, growing readily on the banks of

WATER CRESS. Hardy, perennial, growing readily on the banks of streams or ponds. Pkt., 5c; ½ oz., 15c; oz., 30c; ¼ lb., \$1.00; postpaid.



CRESS OR PEPPERGRASS



# Cauliflower

z OZ. TO 5000 PLANTS

BLUMEN KOHL

(For Cauliflower plants see page 33)

These need a deep, rich , moist soil, and require the same treatment as cabbages. For early summer varieties, seed should be sown in hotbed early in March, transpleat when weather is warm. For late or autumn varieties, sow in March

or April; transplant in June; hoe often.

EXTRA EARLY ERFURT. Head of good size, white and compact. Early and desirable. Pkt., 5c; ½ oz., 90c;

oz., \$1.60; postpaid.

EARLY SNOWBALL. (Extra Selected). This very superior strain is noted for producing early plants of dwarf habit, short, compact growth, and uniform shape. It is extremely hardy and one of the surest to make a solid head. For forcing or planting in open ground no other variety can surpass it. Good for early, second early, and late planting. Pkt., 5c; ½ oz., \$1.35; oz., \$2.50; postpaid.

Ready for table in 160 to 175 days from seed.

Grow your own Celery. (For Celery Plants see page 33.)

Sow the seed (which is slow to germinate) in shallow boxes, or hotbed, cover the Sow the seed (which is slow to germinate) in shallow boxes, or hotbed, cover the seed not too deep. Keep the bed moist, almost wet, until the seeds germinate. When about two inches high, thin out and transplant so that they may stand three inches apart, when the plants are four inches high, cut off the tops, which will cause them to grow stocky. The essentials to success in celery growing are rich soil and plenty of water. The best results are usually obtained from setting about the middle of June or the first of July. In setting, prepare broad trenches about six inches deep and four to six feet apart, in which the plants should be set six inches apart, cutting off the outer leaves and pressing the soil firmly about the roots. Cultivate freely. Earth up a little during the summer keeping the leaf stalks close together, so that soil cannot get between them. Finish earthing up in autumn, and never hoe or earth up when plants are wet, as this would be likely to cause them to rust or rot.

To keep celery for winter, dig trenches a foot wide and as deep as the tops of the

To keep celery for winter, dig trenches a foot wide and as deep as the tops of the plants. Stand celery in these erect, with what dirt adheres to the roots, packing closely, but not crowdidg. It should be covered with straw or leaves a little at a time, as the cold becomes greater. Celery will bear a good deal of frost.

GIANT PASCAL. One of the best for fall and winter use. The stalks are very large, solid, crisp and of a rich, nutty flavor. It blanches very easily and quickly. The heart is golden yellow, very attractive. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; ½ 1b., 50c; 1b., \$1.60; postpaid.

WHITE PLUME. (See cut.) A variety specially adapted to cultivation by amateurs, as its inner stalks and leaves are naturally A variety specially adapted to white. By simply tying up the stalks and drawing up the soil with

the hoe the work of blanching is complete. It is tender, crisp and of good flavor. The earliest celery in cultivation, but will not keep longer than Christmas. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; ½ lb., 50c; lb., \$1.70; postpaid. SNOW WHITE.

A pure white variety. It is vigorous in growth, rich in flavor and crisp; grows solid on all kinds of soil, and is an excellent

keeper. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; † lb., 60c; postpaid.

GIANT GOLDEN HEART. This variety attains a large size, but still remains crisp and It is a fine keeper and a favorite for tender. market. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; \(\frac{1}{4}\) lb., 45c; lb., \$1.65; postpaid.

SOUP or FLAVORING CELERY. (Old Seed.) Used for flavoring soups. stews, etc. Oz., 5c; ½ lb., 12c; lb., 3oc; postpaid. Used ounce to 3000 plants or 200 feet of drill



CELARIAC GIANT PRAGUE. The roots of this celery are turnip-shaped, large and smooth; are almost round and with very few side roots. Sweet and tender and may be cooked like turnips or eaten like radishes; used largely for seasoning meats and soups. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 50c; postpaid.

GOLDEN SELF-BLANCHING. This is without doubt the best celery for general use, the ribs are perfectly solid, crisp, brittle and of delicious flavor, while it has the decided merit of being self-blanching to a very remarkable degree. The heart is large, solid and a beautiful rich, golden yellow. It is decidedly the best keeper of all the self-blanching varieties. Pkt., 5c; oz., 25c; ½ lb., 90c; lb., \$3.10; postpaid.

"CELERY CULTURE" by W. R. Beattie. A practical guide for beginners and a standard reference of great interest to all celery growers. Complete for the amateur, market gardener or shipper Fully illustrated. 150 pages, cloth 50c.

# **CORN--Sweet or Sugar**

ZUCKER MAIS

For prices in larger lots see our Market Gardeners' Price List, Sent Free

I quart to 200 hills; 8 to 10 quarts to the acre. In an average season from planting to first fair picking is from 55 to 85 days, according to variety.

Sweet corn being liable to rot in cold, wet ground, should not be planted before May, or until the ground has become warm; practically nothing is gained in time, and much is lost in quality by planting too soon. To have the finest sweet corn it ust be picked in just the right condition, that is when the skin of the grain breaks at the slightest puncture, and planting ould be made every two weeks to have a supply at this stage. Plant in rich ground in hills three feet apart each way, covring about half an inch, and thin out to three plants to a hill. The extra early varieties can be planted closer. Give frequent and thorough but shallow cultivation until the tassels appear.

PEEP O' DAY. The two points of this new corn are its extraordinary earliness and sweetness. It is also very productive, the stalks bearing from two to five ears each, are very dwarf, which admits of their being planted close together. Pkt., 5c; pt., 15c; qt., 30c; 2 qts., 55c; postpaid.

GOLDEN BANTAM. Extremely hardy, can be planted earlier than any other true sweet corn, thus producing the earliest supply. Ears 6 inches long, with 8 rows of grains, which are a golden yellow when ready for use. Can be planted thickly, and every stalk should have from 2 to 3 perfect ears. Pkt., 5c; pt., 15c; qt., 30c; 2 qts., 55c; postpaid.

EARLY EVERGREEN. Very similar to Stowell's Evergreen; somewhat smaller; ripens about ten days earlier. Pkt., 5c; pt., 15c; qt., 30c; 2 qts., 55c; postpaid.

ADAMS' EXTRA EARLY. Not sugar corn; small ears for early use. Pkt., 5c; pt., 15c; qt., 27c; 2 qts., 50c; postpaid.

EARLY CORY. (Red Cob.) This is still the earliest sweet corn. Ears six inches in length with eight rows of grains. The cob is red, and ripe grains tinged with amber. Pkt., 5c; pt., 15c; qt., 30c; 2 qts., 55c; postpaid.

MAMMOTH WHITE CORY. Nearly as early but larger than Early Cory. The ears are twelverowed; grains are broad, very white and of excellent quality for an early sort. Pkt., 5c., pt., 15c; qt., 30c; 2 qts., 50c; postpaid.

CROSBY'S EARLY. Remarkably early and of the best flavor. Ears of medium size, twelve rowed, with grains very tender and sweet. Pkt., 5c; pt., 15c; qt., 30c; 2 qts., 50c; postpaid.

EARLY CHAMPION. Only a few days later than the extra earlies, bear ing large, handsome twelve-rowed ears. Deep, white, plump grains of milky tenderness and very sweet. Very productive. Pkt., 5c; pt., 15c.; qt., 30c; 2 qts., 50c; postpaid.

EARLY MINNESOTA. One of the best early sort for the market or private garden. Stalks four to five feet high and bearing one to two long, eight-rowed ears; kernels very broad, sweet and tender, not shrinking much in drying Pkt., 5c.; pt., 15c; qt., 30c; 2 qt., 50c; postpaid.

BLACK MEXICAN. Medium early, about six feet in height, with one to two fine ears eight inches in length, with eight rows of large grains, which when in condition for the table cook remarkably white, but the ripe grain is black or bluish-black. It is surpassed by none in tenderness. Pkt., 5c; pt., 15c; qt., 30c., 2 qts., 56c; postpaid.

STOWELL'S EVERGREEN. The standard main crop variety. It is hardy, large-growing and productive, very tender and sugary, remaining a long time in condition suitable for Pkt., 5c; pt., 15c; qt., 30c.; 2 qts., 50c; boiling. postpaid.

COUNTRY GENTLEMAN. (Shoe Peg.) This variety has a small cob densely covered with irregular rows of very long, slender grains of fine Pkt., 5c; pt., 15c; qt., 30c; 2 qts., 55c; quality. postpaid.

MAMMOTH SUGAR. Produces the largest ears of any sort; excellent quality, sweet, tender and delicious; late variety. Pkt., 5c; pt., 15c; qt., 30c; 2 qts., 50c; postpaid.

SWEET CORN FOR FODDER. A mixture for green feed or to cure for winter. Pt., 10c; qt., 20c; postpaid. By freight 75c peck.

### Pop Corn

WHITE RICE. A prolific variety. Ears short; ernels long, pointed and white. Probably no kernels long, pointed and white. Probably no variety of pop corn is superior to this for parching. Pkt., 5c; lb., 15c; postpaid.

QUEEN'S GOLDEN. The largest of all Pop Corns. The stalk grows five to six feet high, and bears two or three large ears each. It is yellow, but pops creamy white, and of excellent quality. Pkt., 5c; lb., 15c; postpaid.

Ask for prices on Pop Corn in large lots.

### Corn Salad

(Feldsalat.) A small, hardy plant, used during the winter and spring months as a substitute for lettuce; also cooked like spinach Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1 lb., 25c; lb., 80c; postpaid.

# Cucumbers

I oz., to 50 hills; 2 to 3 lbs. to the acre. Earliest varieties ready for table in 50 to 55 days, from seed. Main crop in 65 to 75 days

As soon as the weather becomes settled and warm, plant in hills 4 to 6 feet apart each way, with 8 or 10 seeds in a hill cover half an inch deep, smoothing the hill off with the hoe. Keep the soil well stirred, and when the plants are out of danger of insects, leave 3 or 4 plants to a hill. For pickles, plant from 1st of June to 1st of August. The fruit should be gathered when large enough, whether required for use or not, as, if left to ripen on the vines, it destroys their productiveness. A few hills for early use may be had by sowing on pieces of sod in a hotbed, and when warm enough transplant to open ground.

A GOOD SCHEME. Put in a second row of seed a few inches from your first encumbers when they begin to run. The bugs prefer young plants. Your earliest plants are thus protected and those of later planting that escape the bugs will prolong the pickle season.

DAVIS PERFECT. This Cucumber has the merit of being not only a firstclass variety for forcing under glass, but is equally as good for outdoor culture. The color is a dark, glossy green; in shape it is smooth and symmetrical with an average length of ten to twelve inches. It is very tender and of exceptionally good flavor. For shipping it is unsurpassed. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1lb., 25c; lb., 85c, postpaid

Kill Bugs with Slug Shot. See Page 20. Kill aphis (lice) with Sulpho Tobacco Soap. See Page 20.



DAVIS NEW PERFECT CUCUMBER (FIELD RUN)

WHITE SPINE

EARLY RUSSIAN. One of the earliest; the fruit is small and pro-

duced in pairs. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ½ lb., 25c; lb., 85c; postpaid.

EARLY CLUSTER. A short, pale green variety; fruit borne in clusters near the root, containing few seeds. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ½ lb., 25c; lb., 85c; postpaid.

EARLY FRAME OR SHORT GREEN. Excellent for table use and for pickling. Fruit straight, smaller at each end; bright green flesh tender and crisp. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1b., 25c; lb., 85c; postpaid.

IMPROVED EARLY WHITE SPINE. (See cut.) For forcing it is preferred to all others. Flesh tender and crisp. Fruit uniform in size, straight and light green, with a few white spines. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; \(\frac{1}{4}\) For forcing it is lb., 25c; lb., 85c; postpaid.

BOSTON PICKLING OR GREEN PROLIFIC. best pickling varieties; dark green, tender, crisp, and productive, Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ½ lb., 25c; lb., 85c; postpaid.

IMPROVED JERSEY PICKLING. A standard small variety, dark green, tender, crisp, productive, of fine flavor and uniform size. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; \( \frac{1}{4} \) lb., 25c; lb., 85c; postpaid.

IMPROVED LONG GREEN. A well known standard, maincrop variety, about nine inches long, of excellent quality, and makes the best of pickles. Vines vigorous and very productive. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; \(\frac{1}{4}\) lb., 25c; lb., 85c; postpaid.

JAPANESE CLIMBING. The vines can be trained to climb, thus requiring less ground space. The cucumbers are thick, tender, and of delicate flavor, flesh white; skin dark green, turning to brown and netted when ripe. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ½ lb., 25c; lb., 85c; postpaid.

EVERBEARING. Small, very early and productive; solid, few seeds and of fine quality. It continues to bear until frost. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1 lb., 25c; lb., 90c; postpaid.

### EGG PLANT

EIERPFLANZE

1 oz. to 1000 plants. Ready for table in 145 to 160 days.

A tender plant, start early in hotbed or in the house. Plant out early in June, care being necessary to prevent plants being chilled by the change

IMPD. NEW YORK PURPLE, SPINELESS. The standard for home and market. Fruit very large, productive, and of the highest quality. Pkt. 5c;  $\frac{1}{2}$  oz., 20c; oz., 35c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., \$1.25; postpaid.



#### Endive

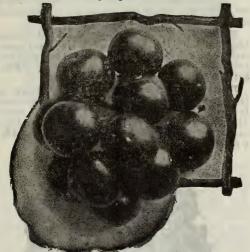
ENDIVIEN

Ready for table in 43 to 50 days from seed 1 oz. to 100 feet of drill. One of the best autumn and winter salads Sow from June until August, hand the nout to 1 foot apart in rows. When nearly full grown bleach by tying the tips of the leaves together. GREEN CURLED. Large and well adapted to this soil and climate. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; hb., 30c; hb. \$1.00; postpaid

MOSS CURLED. Leaves very finely curled.

Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ½ lb., 30c; lb., \$1.00; postpaid.

WHITE CURLED. Very tender when cut WHITE CURLED. Very tender when cut young; branches readily Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; \(\frac{1}{2}\) lb., 30c; lb., \$1.00; postpaid.



### Garden Huckleberry

A New, Heavy Yielding Garden Berry
We could not supply the demand for these last year.
Send your order early.
This new fruit can be grown from the seed the first year and produces berries about as large as a grape; the color is jet black, and when cooked can searcely be discerned from the real buckleberry. Plant and cultivate same as tomatoes.
Do not eat green. Berries make splendid pies, jelly and sauce

Par boil a few minutes in soda water using about 1 teaspoon soda to 1 lb. of fruit. After pouring off this water add sugar and cook slowly for several hours; a little vinegar or lemon juice improves the flavor. Very desirable while waiting several years for hardy fruits to come into bearing, or in dry climates where the ordinary small fruits do not succeed. Pkt.,

#### Garlic

The sets should be planted in spring. Cultivate same as onions. Sets, per 1 lb., 15c; lb., 40c; postpaid.

#### Kale or Borecole

BLAETTER KOHL

Ready for table in 100 to 130 days

1 oz. to 300 feet of drill, and makes 5,000 plants. Sow
about April 15 in well prepared soil, covering the seeds
thinly. Cultivate like cabbage. Much improved by freez-

TALL GREEN CURLED. About two feet high with numerous dark green curled leaves. Pkt.,

5c; oz., 10c; \(\frac{1}{4}\) lb., 25c; lb., 75c; postpaid.

DWARF GERMAN. (German Greens). leaves are curly, bright green, very tender, and delicate flavor. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ½ lb., 25c; lb., 75c; postpaid.



#### Kohlrabi

KOHLRABI

oz. to 300 ft. drill and makes 3000 plants. A vegetable in-termediate between the cabbage and turnip. The edible bulb is served like turnip. Sow from May to July in rows 18 inches apart, and thin. Cultivate the same as cabbage.

EARLIEST SHORT-LEAVED WHITE VIENNA FORCING. This variety is especially adapted for early work and forcing; delicate flavor, flesh white and very tender. Pkt., 5c; oz., 25c; ½ lb., 75c; postpaid.

EARLY WHITE VIENNA. A favorite sort; flesh white and tender. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; 1 lb.,

50c; lb., \$1.75; postpaid.

EARLY PURPLE. Purple outside with white flesh. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; ½ lb., 50c; lb., \$1.75; postpaid.

#### Herbs

Herbs delight in a rich, mellow soil. Those marked with a \* are perennial. Sow early in spring in shallow drills, one foot apart; when up a few inches thin out; cut just before they come into full blossom, tie in bunches and hang up or spread thinly.

Leaves and seed are used in soups, sauces and pickles. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1 lb., 20c; postpaid.

\*LAVENDER. (Lavendel.) Aromatic, medicinal herb. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ½ lb., 40c; postpaid.

\*MARJORAM, SWEET. (Majoran.) Leaves and shoots for seasoning. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; \(\frac{1}{2}\) and shoots for seasoning. lb., 40c; postpaid.

\*SAGE. (Salbei.) Most useful herb for seasoning. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; 1 lb., 40c; postpaid.

SUMMER SAVORY. (Bohnenkraut.) Used for flavoring soups. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ½ lb., 30c; postpaid.

\*THYME. (Thymian.) For medicinal use. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; 1/4 lb., 60c; postpaid.

#### Leek

LAUCH

1 oz. to 100 feet of drill, and makes 1,500 plants. Succeeds best in light, rich soil. Sow early in drills 1 inch deep and 1 foot apart. When 6 inches high, transplant in rows 10 inches apart each way, as

deep as possible, that the neck may be bleached.

AMERICAN FLAG. An old favorite: large with broad leaves growing only on two sides; enormous size; best for forcing; excellent keeper. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; 1 lb., 35c; postpaid.



AMERICAN FLAG

#### Mint

The old-fashioned mint has been growing in favor of late years. Used in flavoring meats. etc., also for mint sauce. Easily grown. We offer only the roots. Per clump, 10c; 3 for 25c; post-

Fit for use in 3 or 4 weeks, marketable size, 60 to 65 days from seed.

# Lettuce

1 OUNCE TO 400 FERT OF DRILL

Lettuce thrives best in a light, very rich, moist soil, but does well in common garden soil enriched with rotten manure. For first crop sow in gentle heat in February, and transplant to 10 inches apart. It may be sown thickly and cut when plants are very young.

For a summer supply sow thinly in shallow drills in a cool, partially shaded place, in rich soil, and thin out to a foot apart. w. s., white seed; b. s. black seed.



#### Curled or Loose-Leaved Varieties

GRAND RAPIDS. As a lettuce for greenhouse forcing, this variety undoubtedly stands at the head of the list, being of quick growth, little liable to rot and standing for some days after being fit to cut. The plant is upright and forms a loose cluster of large, light leaves. It is useful also for outdoor planting. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; \( \frac{1}{4} \) lb., 30c;

lb., 90c; postpaid.
SIMPSON'S EARLY CURLED. w. s. Leaves broad, frilled and blistered. Light green, sweet, tender, and well flavored. An early, erect growing sort. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ½ lb., 30c; lb., 80c; postpaid.

BLACK SEEDED SIMPSON. The leaves are large and form a compact mass. They are thin, tender and of a very light green. color. Well adapted for growing under glass or for very early spring use. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ½ lb., 30c; lb., 85c; postpaid.

EARLY PRIZE HEAD. Forms a mammoth plant, in which even the outer leaves are crisp and tender; color bright green tinged with brownish red. It is of superb flavor and very hardy. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1 lb., 30c; lb., 85c; postpaid.

#### Cabbage or Heading Varieties

The best results with head or cabbage sorts is only obtained when the plants are transplanted several times.

HANSON. Forms a large, flat head, resembling that of cabbage and so slow to form a seed stalk that it fails to seed at all. Very tender and sweet. A standard summer heading lettuce. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ½ lb., 30c; lb., 85c; postpaid.

DENVER MARKET. An early variety of Head Lettuce, either for forcing or open ground. It forms large heads, of good light green color. The leaves are blistered (like the Savoy Cabbage), very crisp and tender. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 11b, 20c; be Soc. rectaid. 1 lb., 30c; lb., 80c; postpaid.



ICEBERG

ICEBERG. Makes a large, handsome, crisp head, conical in shape, tightly folded and well blanched; outer leaves fringed. Very highly esteemed for its beautiful appearance and mild flavor, even during hot summer months. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; \(\frac{1}{4}\) lb., 30c; lb., 90c; postpaid.

### Other Standard Sorts

All Postpaid
Pkt. Oz. 1 lb. lb.
\$0 05 \$0 10 \$0 30 \$0 80
05 10 30 90 05 10



# MUSTARD

1 oz. to 75 feet of drill

Very hardy. Seed can be sown as soon as the soil is free from frost, in shallow drills. Cut when a few inches high. It grows rapidly, and several sowings may be made. CHINESE. The immense leaves grow rapidly, and can be cut frequently until killed by frost. Leaves are eaten boiled like spinach. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ½ lb., 25c; lb., 75c; post-

MAMMOTH SOUTHERN CURLED. The large curled-leaf variety, popular in the south, where the seed is sown in the fall for spring use. Pkt., 5c; oz., 1oc; ½ lb., 25c; lb., 75c; postpaid.

WHITE. A small pungent salad; the seed is also used for flavoring pickles. etc. Oz.,

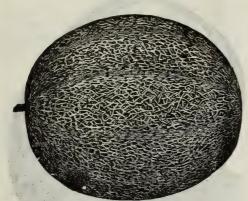
A small pungent salad; the seed is also used for flavoring pickles. etc. Oz., 5c; 1 lb., 15c; lb., 4oc; postpaid.

# Muskmelons

ONE OUNCE TO 50 HILLS; 2 TO 3 POUNDS PER ACRE

Earliest varieties ready in 90 to 100 days from sowing. General crop requires 115 to 140 days.

Melons thrive best in a light rich soil. Plant when the ground has become warm and dry, and danger from frost is past, in hills 6 feet apart each way in well enriched soil. 12 to 15 seeds in each hill. After all danger of bugs is over thin out to 3 plants per hill. When about three feet long, pinch off the tips to make them branch, and the fruit mature earlier. G. Green Flesh. S. Salmon Colored Flesh. Y. Yellow Flesh.



THE GRAND

GRAND. This is a most excellent new Muskmelon introduced for the first time last year. It is of a peculiar rich green color on the outside, slightly ribbed and netted. Its uniformly rich, thick, salmon-colored flesh makes it one of the most favorable fruits for the market ever offered. It is from ten to fourteen days earlier than Osage, and equaling it in flavor. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ‡ lb., 5oc; lb. \$1.75; postpaid.

OSAGE, OR MILLER'S CREAM. S. A standard sort, medium size, oval, dark green, netted, and slightly ribbed The flesh is thick, and firm, rich salmon, highly flavored and delicious to the rind; cavity very small, a remarkable keeper and a good shipper. Pkt., 5c; oz., 1oc; ½ lb., 3oc; lb., \$1.00; postpaid.

TIP TOP. Y. Every fruit produced, whether big or little, early or late in the season, is a good one—sweet, juliey and fine flavor, firm, but not hard fleshed, eatable to the very outside coating. As a yielder it is not surpassed. Pkt., 5c; oz., 1oc; ½ lb., 3oc; lb., \$1.00; postpaid.

BURRELL'S GEM. Very much like the Rocky Ford, but has orange colored flesh. The rind is thin and tough and covered with a close gray netting. The flesh is fine grained and spicy. It is a good keeper. Fruits large and somewhat elongated. Pkt., 5c: 02., 10c; ½ lb., 25c; lb., 85c; postpaid.

EMERALD GEM. Y. A small, very early melon, form globular; skin smooth, dark green. The ribs are marked, flesh very thick, with small seed cavity, and the flavor is sweet and luscious. Pkt., 5c; oz., 1oc; ½ lb., 3oc; lb., \$1.00; postpaid.

LONG ISLAND BEAUTY. G. Fruits of large size, well flattened, heavily ribbed and netted. Of very handsome appearance, and fine quality. Most highly recommended; It ripens as early and is similar to Hackensack, but superior Pkt., 5c; oz., ioc; ½ lb., 25c; lb., 85c; postpaid.



ROCKY FORD. G. A small oval melon, slightly ribbed and covered with a coarse netting. The flesh is thick, green, very sweet and juiey, and solid clear to the rind; very early and popular. One of the best for hotel and restaurant use, as well as for the home garden. Pkt. 5c; oz., 10c; ½ lb., 25c; lb., 6oc; postpaid.

		All Pos			
	Pkt.	Oz.	llb.	1 lb	
PAUL ROSE, OR PETOSKEY, S. Small, oval, highly flavored and very sweet	05	\$0 IO	\$0 30	\$1 00	)
CHICAGO MARKET. G. Early, large nearly round, small seed cavity, delicious flavor	05	IO	- 25	7:	5
EARLY JENNY LIND. G. The earliest variety; small, round, netted, fine flavored	05	10	25	7	5
EXTRA EARLY HACKENSACK. G. Like Hackensack but ripens about ten days earlier	05	10	25	75	5
HACKENSACK, TURK'S CAP. G. Large, round, flattened; deep ribs, coarse netting	05	IO	25	7:	5
LONG CANTALOUPE. Y. Skin yellow, not netted; good quality	05	10	25	8	5
NUTMEG. G. Very early, fine quality; fair size, with thick, sweet flesh	05	10	25	7	5
VINE PEACH, VEGETABLE MELON. For preserves or sweet pickles and mangoes	05	10	35	I 25	5

# Mushroom Spawn

MUSHROOM SPAWN. Delicious mushrooms may be grown by any one having a supply of fresh horse manure and a tight shed or cellar where a temperature of 50 to 60 degrees can be evenly maintained.

MUSHROOMS. How to Grow Them. The most practical work on the subject ever written. Describes how they may be grown with profit by market gardeners and also how to grow them for home use. 170 pages. \$1.00



AMERICAN, PURE CULTURE SPAWN. Produced by the new grafting process, from selected and most prolific varieties, has never failed to run. Per Brick, enough for 8 square feet, 35c; 5 for \$1.50, by mail, postpaid. By express, at buyer's expense, per Brick. 25c; 6 Bricks, \$1.40; 12 Bricks \$2.75.

One ounce to 30 hills; 4 lbs. per acre.

# Watermelon

Ready from 90 to 140 days from seed.

WASSERMELON

To get good strong vines early in the season, form large, well drained hills of earth, made very rich, about eight feet apart. In these plant the seed as soon as the ground is warm and dry, and carefully protect the young plants from insects. and hasten their growth by the use of liquid manure. Is.. light seed; ds., dark seed.

ALABAMA SWEET. Is. A large and attractive Melon, oblong in shape, early in maturing, and very sweet. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ½ lb., 25c; lb., 60c.

BLACK BOULDER. ds. It is enormously productive, nearly round in shape, reaching a mammoth size, with rich dark green skin; flavor equal to any melon, and shipping qualities excellent. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 20c; lb., 65c; postpaid.

COLES' EARLY. ds. This is a very choice melon for the home garden and can be grown farther north than any other variety. The flesh is bright red, crisp, and very delicate in texture, sweet and refreshing in flavor. It is an abundant bearer, of medium size, but very solid, with thin rind. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ½ lb., 20c; lb., 55c.

CUBAN QUEEN. ds. One of the largest varieties, skin striped dark and light green; heavy cropper; flesh bright red, luscious, crisp, sugary. A favorite melon for home and market. One of the best keepers, and a first rate shipper. Oz., 5c; 1 lb., 15c; lb., 45c; postpaid.

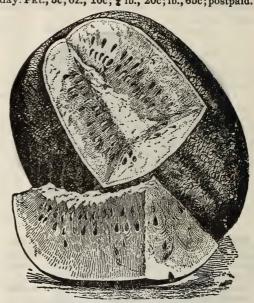
DUKE JONES. (Jumbo.) ls. Very large, nearly round, dark green; flesh solid, deep red, and of fine quality. Very productive. A good shipper. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ½ lb., 20c; lb., 60c; postpaid.

HALBERT'S HONEY. Is. A splendid sort for home use or local market. Vine vigorous and productive; fruit large and oblong; color dark glossy green; flesh very bright, rich red, and exceedingly sweet, extending close to the rind, too crisp and brittle to be a good shipper. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ½ lb., 25c; lb., 75c; postpaid.

ICE CREAM. (Peerless.) ls. It is medium in size, almost round; the skin is a pale green, slightly mottled; fiesh bright scarlet, solid to the center, sweet, melting and delicious. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ½ lb., 20c; lb., 50c; postpaid.

KLECKLEY SWEETS. (Monte Cristo.) ls. Large oblong melon, skin dark green. The rind is only about one-half inch in thickness. The scarlet flesh is sweet and sugary and is of such texture that it leaves no strings of pulp in eating. The melon is better for home use than for ship-

ping, and we believe it is the best table melon today. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; \(\frac{1}{2}\) lb., 20c; lb., 65c; postpaid.



SWEET HEART

SWEET HEART. ds. Vine vigorous and productive, ripening its fruit early; fruit large, oval, very heavy, uniformly mottled, light and light green; rind thin but firm; flesh bright red, firm and solid, but very melting and sweet. The melons retain their good quality for a long time Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ½ lb., 15c; lb., 50c; postpaid.

McIVER'S WONDERFUL SUGAR. ls. The melons attain a great weight, are of a very handsome appearance, never crack or lose their fine flavor. It is a very productive and hardy variety and one that will take the lead wherever known; oblong; striped skin. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 20c; lb., 65c; postpaid.

### Other Standard Varieties

Each deserving much more space than we can give it	All Po	stpaid.	
THE STREET OF SECURITY AND ADDRESS OF STREET	Oz.	- 1 lb	. 1b.
COLORADO PRESERVING CITRON. (Green seed.) For Preserves	0.10	\$0.20	\$0.65
DIXIE. ds. Fruit oval, large, early, and of fine appearance. Skin dark green,			
striped, flesh deep scarlet, sweet, tender and juicy	.05	.15	.50
Stiped, nesh deep scaled, sweet, tender and july	.05	.15	.50
FLORIDA FAVORITE. ls. Oblong; mottled dark green with lighter stripes			
GIPSEY OR RATTLESNAKE. ls. Oblong, dark and striped; bright red flesh	.05	.15	.50
GRAY MONARCH (White Icing). ls. Large, long,; crimson flesh, light skin	.05	.15	.50
IRONCLAD. ls. Large, solid, and of delicious flavor, striped, productive	.05	.15	.50
KENTUCKY WONDER. ls. Large, oblong, dark green, red seed and flesh	.05	.15	.45
KOLB GEM. ds. Striped, very large and an excellent shipper	.05	.15	.45
MOUNTAIN SWEET. ds. Early, fruit large, oval, rind dark green, flesh scarlet,			/
solid dark green skin	.05	.15	.45
PHINNEY'S EARLY. ls. Extra early, oblong; flesh pink	.05	.15	.50
			.50
TRIUMPH. ds. Enormous size, nearly round, dark green, rind thin and firm	.05	.15	.00

ONE OUNCE TO 300 FEET OF DRILL; 4 TO 5 POUNDS TO THE ACRE.

# Onion

ZWEIBELN

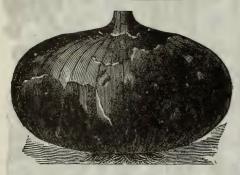
Ready for green onions in 60 days. Main crop matures in 130 to 190 days from sowing.

The onion is most successfully grown in a rich, sandy loam. Continued cultivation upon the same plot of ground, contrary to the general rule, rather improves the crop than otherwise. As early as the ground can be worked in the spring, sow the seeds in drills 14 inches apart, covering half an inch. When the plants can just be seen in the rows, commence hoeing, just skimming the surface. Subsequently weed thoroughly and carefully by hand. When the tops die, pull the onions and spread evenly over the ground; stir or turn until thoroughly dried, then cut the tops off one-half an inch from the bulb.

Take

NOTICE

Take off foc per lb. if seed goes by freight. off foc per lb. in 5 lb., lots.



LARGE RED WETHERSFIELD. This is the standard and favorite variety. Large size, deep, purplish red; flesh purplish white, stronger flavored than lighter varieties. Very productive and an excellent keeper. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ½ lb., 45c; lb., \$1.50; postpaid.

PRIZE TAKER. It is of immense size, nearly a perfect globe, with thin skin of bright straw color. It ripens up hard and fine, and presents a handsome appearance. The flesh is pure white, fine grained, mild and delicate in flavor. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 15c; ½ lb., 50c; lb., \$1.45; postpaid.

MAMMOTH SILVER KING. Handsome flat onion of enormous size, silvery white, tender, of a mild sweet flavor. The best keeper among the white varieties. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ½ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.35; postpaid.

WHITE PORTUGAL. (Silver Skin.) A large flat onion of mild flavor and great beauty; an excellent early ripening sort. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; ½ lb. 65c; lb., \$2.20; postpaid.

WHITE QUEEN. For pickling; small, flat, pure white; excellent flavor. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; † lb., 45c; lb., \$1.45; postpaid.

SOUTHPORT WHITE GLOBE. Very large, solid and handsome; deep globe. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 70c; lb., \$2.35; postpaid.

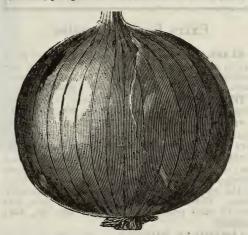
YELLOW GLOBE DANVERS. A fine productive variety of medium size, skin coppery yellow, flesh white, comparatively mild and well flavored. Best of keepers. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ½ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.35; postpaid.

EXTRA EARLY RED FLAT. Matures very early, yields abundantly, and is of mild flavor; medium size; deep red and solid. Poor keeper. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; \(\frac{1}{4}\) lb., 45c; lb., \$1.60; postpaid.

OHIO YELLOW GLOBE. It is of handsome, bright, even yellow color, with small neck. Ripens early and all at once; the firm, solid bulbs are excellent keepers. It is enormously productive. It is especially recommended for heavy muck land on account of its early maturing qualities. Pkt., 5c;oz., 15c; ½ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.35; postpaid.

land on account of its early maturing qualities. Pkt., 5c;oz., 15c; \(\frac{1}{4}\) lb., 40c; lb., \$1.35; postpaid. SOUTHPORT YELLOW GLOBE. Very large, deep globe; skin rich golden yellow; fine keeper. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; \(\frac{1}{4}\) lb., 45c; lb., \$1.35; postpaid.

AUSTRALIAN BROWN. Distinct from all others; is nearly round, wonderfully hard and solid, ripens extremely early; never makes scullions; of medium size, skin a deep amber brown, flesh mildand agreeable. No other onion has such keeping qualities. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ½ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.35; postpaid.



GLOBE WETHERSFIELD RED. Remarkable for size, earliness, productiveness, beauty of color, perfection of shape, and long keeping qualities. Possesses all the excellent qualities of Red Wethersfield and Yellow Globe Danvers. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 45c; lb., \$1.50; postpaid.

SOUTHPORT RED GLOBE. Large, matures late; a splendid keeper; of fine quality: Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; \(\frac{1}{4}\) lb., 45c; lb., \$1.50; postpaid.

#### Onion Sets

1 quart of sets will plant a row 100 feet long.

1 qualit of sets will plant a few feet	0 10115.
All Postpaid. pt. Red Bottoms\$0.15	qt.
Red Bottoms	\$0.25
Yellow Bottoms	.25
White Bottoms	.30
Red Tops	.30
Winter Tops	.20
Write us for prices on onion sets in la	rge lots.

GROWN IN THE FAR

Peas

I qt. to 100 ft. of drill; 1½ bushels per acre

ERBSEN

For first early Peas sow in a light, rich soil, as early in March or April as the ground can be worked; for later varieties, sow in April or May. Discontinue sowing from June to August, after which, by sowing an extra sort, a good crop can generally be secured. As Peas suffer consiberably from drought during the hot summer months, it will be found of great benefit to sow the Peas in a trench six inches in depth, covering the Peas to a depth of two inches. As soon as sufficient growth has been made draw the earth about the vines. In this way a great deal more moisture is kept about the roots than if sown on the level and afterwards hilled up. The wrinkled varieties are not so hardy as the smooth sorts and should be planted later, owing to their liability to rot in the ground, but are much superior in flavor to the smooth Peas. Dwarf varieties sow in rows one foot apart, and taller sorts from 2 to 3 feet apart. Those marked thus \* are wrinkled and sweet.

For prices on larger amounts of Peas, Beans and Corn, see our Market Gardeners' Price List Sent free.

For succession of Dwarf Growing Varieties plant Nott's Excelsior, Everbearing, Stratagem

### Extra Early Varieties

ALASKA. 2 ft. The earliest blue pea, of good flavor, dark green pods, well filled and ripen uniformly. One of the very best for market gardeners. Pkt., 5c; pt., 25c; qt., 40c.; postpaid.

TOM THUMB. 9 in. A smooth, white sort, very dwarf. Pkt., 5c; pt., 25c; qt., 40c; postpaid.

\*McLEAN'S LITTLE GEM. 1 ft. An early dwarf, green, wrinkled pea, of superior flavor and very prolific, Pkt., 5c; pt., 28c; qt., 45c; postpaid.

\*NOTT'S EXCELSIOR. 1 ft. Earliest wrinkled pea; of close compact, dwarf growth. The pods average three inches in length, and are well filled to the squared ends with large peas, unusually sweet. It not only yields heavily in pods, but also in shell peas. Pkt., 5c; pt., 28c; qt., 45c; postpaid.

\*AMERICAN WONDER. 1 ft. Of the finest quality. Very prolific, with pods of fine size and form; requires no brush or support. It may be planted a week apart for succession. Pkt., 5c; pt., 28c; qt., 45c; postpaid.

\*PREMIUM GEM. 1½ ft. The pods are large and crowded with six to eight very large peas of fine quality. The seed is green, large, wrinkled, often flattened. Pkt., 5c; pt., 28c; qt., 45c; postpaid.

FIRST AND BEST.  $2\frac{1}{2}$  ft. Very early, productive, pods good sized and well filled. A favorite market pea. Pkt., 5c; pt., 25c; qt., 40c; postpaid.

\*GRADUS, OR PROSPERITY. 2½ ft. An extra early wrinkled variety bearing immense pods, large peas of finest quality, superior both in size and delicious flavor. Pkt., 5c; pt., 30c; qt., 50c; postpaid.



NOTT'S EXCELSIOR

### Second Early or Medium Varieties

\*EVERBEARING. 2 ft. Peas are very large, of excellent quality. For continuance and profusion of bearing, this variety is unexcelled, which gives especial value for the late summer and autumn use. Pkt., 5c; pt., 28c; qt., 45c; postpaid.

\*ABUNDANCE. 2 ft. Long, round, well filled pod, productive, quality perfect. Pkt., 5c; pt., 28c., qt., 45c; postpaid.

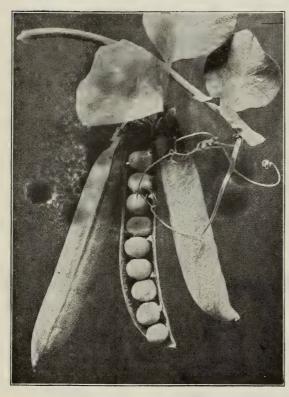
\*ADVANCER. 2½ ft. Long pods which are abundantly produced, and well filled to the end; of excellent flavor. A first-class pea in every respect. Pkt., 5c; pt., 28c; qt., 45c; postpaid.

\*HORSFORD'S MARKET GARDEN. 2 ft. A great favorite with the market gardeners. Pods are large, well filled with large peas of a delicious sweet flavor. A prolific bearer. Pkt., 5c; pt., 28c; qt., 45c; postpaid.

If sent by express at buyer's expense, 8c per pint or 15c per quart may be deducted from above prices.

# PEAS-Continued

Late or Main Crop Varieties



CHAMPION OF ENGLAND

# **Parsnips**

PASTINAKE

1 oz to 100 feet of drill; 5 or 6 lbs. per acre. Matures in 125 to 140 days from seed.

Sow in April or early in May. Cultivate the same as carrots. They may be dug in autumn and stored for winter use, but if left in the ground till spring are very much improved in flavor. Sow a liberal quantity of seed, as from its nature it does not always come up weil.

HOLLOW CROWN. Standard variety; roots long, very smooth; white, tender, sugary, and of excellent flavor. Oz., 5c; ½ lb., 15c, lb., 40c; postpaid.

#### IMPROVED GUERNSEY.

(Improved Half Long.) The roots do not grow so long as the Hollow Crown, but are of greater diameter and more easily gathered. Very smooth, the flesh fine grained and of excellent quality. Oz., 5c; ½ lb., 15c; lb., 40c; postpaid.

For a succession of tall growing varieties plant Gradus, Advancer, Champion of England.

\*CHAMPION OF ENGLAND. 4½ ft. Vines are heavy, pods large, nearly straight, and well filled with tender peas, which are sweet and of excellent quality. It is a profuse bearer, most reliable late sort. Pkt., 5c; pt., 28c; qt., 45c; postpaid.

\*TELEPHONE. 4 ft. Immensely productive. The pods are very large, so well filled with peas of excellent quality that Telephone has become one of the most prominent late peas to be grown for market. Pkt., 5c; pt., 3oc; qt., 45c; postpaid.

\*IMPROVED STRATAGEM. 2 feet. Vines of strong growth with large foliage; do not need any support. Pods of large size, well filled with large, dark green peas of rich, sweet flavor. One of the very finest. Pkt., 5c; pt., 3oc; qt., 45c; postpaid.

WHITE MARROWFAT. 4 feet. Vines are very robust. Bears many pods, always well filled. The peas are of only ordinary quality. Pkt., 5c; pt., 2oc; qt., 35c; postpaid.

MELTING SUGAR. This is the best of the edible podded peas. The pods grow about 5 to 6 inches long, are stringless and very tender, and may be used the same as a snap bean; 3 to 4 ft. Pkt., 10c; pt., 30c; qt., 45c; postpaid.

CANADA FIELD. Cow Peas. (See Forage Plants, page 6) \*Wrinkled and sweet.

# Okra or Gumbo

ESSBARER SAFRAN

1 oz. to 40 feet of drill. Ready for table in from 90 to 105 days from seed.

The pods when young are used in soups, stews, etc. The plants are of the easiest culture. Sow at the usual time for all tender vegetables, in drills two inches deep, setting the plants 2 feet apart.

IMPROVED DWARF. An early variety, pods comparatively short but very numerous. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ½ lb., 25c; postpaid.

WHITE VELVET. Pods round, smooth, large and attractive; produced in great abundance. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ½ lb., 25c; postpaid.

### **Peanuts**

Culture very simple. Plant in light, sandy soil in April, in pod or shelled, two to a hill on level ground. Hill up from time to time as required. Pkt., 5c; lb., 25c; postpaid.



# Parsley

PETERSILIE

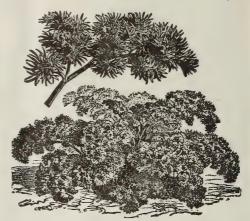
1 oz. to 150 of drill.

Soak the seeds a few hours in lukewarm water and sow early in the spring in drills one foot apart. Thin out to four inches. A few seeds sown in onion rows use no space. To preserve in winter, transplant to a light cellar or glass frames. Used for garnishing and seasoning.

CHAMPION MOSS CURLED. The plant resembles a tuft of finely curled moss, leaves extra large, and a rich deep green. Valuable for garnishing and also as ornamental foliage plants for borders of beds. Grows in window boxes. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 25c; lb., 60c; postpaid.

EXQUISITE. Beautiful and closely curled leaves of dark green, flavor excellent. As a pot plant for winter in window or on dining table it is simply "exquisite." Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ½ lb., 25c; lb., 60c; postpaid.

TURNIP-ROOTED OR HAMBURG. The root is the edible part. Used for flavoring soups. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 25c; lb., 60c; postpaid.



CHAMPION MOSS CURLED PARSLEY

Requires from 135 to 160 days from sowing to maturity

# Pepper

DEFERE

ONE OUNCE TO 2000 PLANTS



CHINESE GIANT
PEPPER PLANTS Page 33

LONG RED CAYENNE. Bright red; pods slender, hot and pungent. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; ½ lb., 60 c; postpaid.

RED CHILI. Very productive, small, red, very hot. Excellent for pepper sauce. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; postpaid.

GOLDEN DAWN. Golden yellow; mild and sweet, size and shape of Large Bell. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; postpaid.

CELESTIAL. Creamy white to scarlet; ornamental and prolific. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; ½ lb., 60c; postpaid.

MONSTROUS. Of an irregular conical shape, one side usually being convex the other concave. One of the most mild in flavor. Very large and of a deep red color when ripe. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; 1b., 75c; postpaid.

½ lb., 60c; postpaid.

The small peppers are the hottest, the large varieties being quite mild in flavor. Sow in hotbed early in April and transplant to the open ground when wheather is favorable. They may also be sown in the open ground when the danger of frost is past and the soil is warm

CHINESE GIANT. An extremely large sweet pepper, deep scarlet when mature, similar in shape to Large Bell, but more than twice as large. Strong, vigorous and productive. Pkt., 5c; oz., 30c; ½ lb., 75c; postpaid.

LARGE BELL OR BULL NOSE. Large and early; square shouldered, flesh thick, hard, and less pungent than most other sorts; much used for mangoes. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; ¼ 1b., 60c; postpaid.

SWEET MOUNTAIN. Nearly, if not quite, identical with Buil Nose. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; ½ lb., 60c; postpaid.

RUBY KING. Fruit very large, scarlet, sweet, of mild flavor, flesh quite thick, one of the best. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c;

One ounce to so hills: 3 to 4 pounds per acre.

# Pumpkins

From 100 to 120 days from sowing seed to maturity.

Pumpkins are planted frequently in connection with a crop of corn, or as a second crop after early peas, etc. The following are all thin and tender skinned varieties, as distinctive from the hard or thick-shelled squashes. The fruits are quite susceptible to frost and should be gathered and stored in a cool, dry place. If bruised they will not keep any length of time

SMALL SUGAR. Fruits of small size, averaging about ten inches in diameter, of excellent keeping qualities, flattened, silghtly ribbed. Skin deep orange-yellow, flesh sweet. Very early. Oz., 5c; ¼ lb., 20c; lb., 55c; postpaid.

LARGE SWEET CHEESE. Fruit flattened; skin rich cream color; flesh yellow, thick, tender, large, hardy and productive. Excellent for table use. Good keeper . Oz., 5c; 1 lb., 20c; lb., 60c; postpaid.

SWEET POTATO. Pear shaped, good size, skin creamy white. The seed is all in the cavity of the large end, the thick neck being solid; ex-perionally fine quality. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ½ lb., 25c; lb., 75c; postpaid.

JAPANESE PIE. Early and productive, of medium size, large at one end, terminating in a stripes; flesh is a rich salmon color, excellent quality; a good keeper. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ½ lb., 25c; lb., 75c; postpaid.

CUSHAW, OR CROOKNECK. (Sometimes 15c; ib., 35c; postpaid.



called a squash.) Productive; color light cream, sometimes lightly striped; flesh salmon colored mealy and sweet. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ½ lb., 20c; lb., 70c; postpaid.

KING OF THE MAMMOTHS. (Jumbo or Potiron). Weighs from 40 to 150 pounds. Round, flattened at both ends; skin and flesh bright yellow. crooked neck. Skin deep green with darker It makes a good table pumpkin. Good keeper. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; \(\frac{1}{4}\) lb., 30c; lb., 90c; postpaid.

CONNECTICUT FIELD. Very productive, largely grown for feeding stock. Oz., 5c; ½ lb.,

# Rhubarb or Pie Plant

One ounce to 500 plants

The richer the ground is the better. Sow in drills an inch deep, and thin out to six inches apart. In the fall transplant into very highly manured and deeply stirred soil setting them four feet apart each way, and give a dressing of coarse manure every spring. The stalks should not be plucked until the second year, and the plant never allowed to exhaust itself by running to seed. In removing be careful to pull off close to the roots instead of cutting.



VICTORIA. Stalks very tall and large; skin

thick and red-stained; pulp quite acid; very productive. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 40c; postpaid.

LINNAEUS. A large and tender sort, sometimes called wine plant. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; \( \frac{1}{4} \) lb., 40c; postpaid.

RHUBARB ROOTS. Set in spring and they will be ready for use the following season. 10c each, postpaid; 5c each, 50c per doz., by ex., not prepaid.

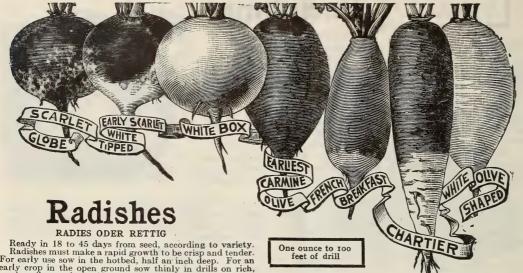
# **Sweet Potatoes**

One bushel of Potatoes should produce 2000, sprouts— 6,000 to 7,000 plants to the acre

Succed best in light sandy soil—Stable manure is the best fertilizer—To obtain the sprouts, the entire potatoes are planted in beds, say 5 or 6 feet wide, and as long as required, the bed being opened 20 inches deep, filled in with stable manure, and covered with 4 inches of sand—The potatoes are placed upon the sand 1 inch apirt and covered with an inch of sand. This is covered with old hay or trash till the sprouts appear, when more sand is added, after removing trash, till it is 4 inches in depth on top of the potatoes. The sprouts must be detached from the tubers without distributing them. To do this hold the tuber in place with the left hand while the sprout is taken with the right. The sprouts are transplanted to the field and placed in rows 4 feet apart by a foot in the row. Ninety days are generally allowed from transplanting to digging.

YELLOW JERSEY, YELLOW NANSEMOND. These are the most desirable varieties. Ready about April 1. Write for prices.

SWEET POTATO PLANTS. Ready about May 1. For prices see page 33. (POTATOES, IRISH -- See Page 17)



Radishes must make a rapid growth to be crisp and tender. For early use sow in the hotbed, half an inch deep. For an early crop in the open ground sow thinly in drills on rich, sandy soil as early in the spring as it is fit to work. For a succession sow every two weeks.

NEW SPARKLER. A distinct, new 18 to 21day radish; has a beautiful bright scarlet top, with tip of purest white. It is solid, crisp and sweet, remaining so for a long time. Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ½ lb., 35c; lb., \$1.00; postpaid.

\*GIANT CRIMSON GLOBE. This is a new

variety suitable for forcing or early planting out of doors. It will grow to 6 and 7 inches in circumference and still remain solid and juicy. often 4 inches across. It is round to oval, and is very attractive. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 3 oz., 25c; ½ lb., 30c; lb., 70c; postpaid.

\*EARLY BIRD. Bright red turnip, medium size. Ready to pull in 20 days after sowing. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ½ lb., 20c lb., 60c; postpaid.

\*ROSY GEM. Very desirable for forcing and outdoor planting. Tops and roots both small; skin bright scarlet, tipped white. One of the skin bright scarlet, tipped white. One of the finest turnip-shaped. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ½ lb., 20c;

lb., 60c; postpaid.
GLASS OR CINCINNATI MARKET. This new radish is a fine acquisition. It is a long radish of light red color, of uniform size. The flesh is transparent white, always crisp and brittle, even if grown to a large size, and mild flavored. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ½ lb., 20c; lb., 60c; postpaid.
\*ICICLE. The roots, 4 inches long are stump-

rooted and of transparent whiteness, with short leaves; grows very quickly, excellent flavor. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ½ lb., 20c; lb., 60c; postpaid.

STUTTGART. Early giant white, large top-shaped, often 4 inches across, flesh and skin white. Remains crisp and solid even after it has attained its full size. Can be stored for winter use. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; \(\frac{1}{4}\) lb., 20c; lb., 60c; postpaid.

### Other Popular Early and Summer Radishes

Large Packets, 5c. Deduct 10c per pound if by express.	]	By Mail	Postpaid
TURNIP SHAPED VARIETIES	oz.	lb.	lb.
*NON PLUS ULTRA. The standard forcing Radish; roots dark red; crisp and tender.		\$0.20	. 60
EARLY SCARLET TURNIP. Very early for general use.	.05	. 15	- 50
EARLY SCARLET GLOBE. Deep scarlet; flesh white and tender.	. 05	. 15	- 55
*EXTRA EARLY ERFURT. One of the finest round, red forcing varieties	. 10	20	. 60
SCARLET TURNIP, WHITE TIP. Beautiful and profitable for home and market	. 05	. 15	. 50
*WHITE TURNIP FORCING. Both skin and flesh white; c risp and tender			. 60
WHITE BOX. Popular white variety, grows quite large	.05	. 15	. 50
OLIVE-SHAPED SORTS			
*EARLIEST CARMINE OLIVE. Excellent quality, very bright and attractive	. 10	. 20	. 60
*WHITE OLIVE FORCING. White flesh and skin; crisp and mild flavor.	. Try	. 20	. 60
*FRENCH BREAKFAST. Red, tipped with white; very handsome	.05	. 15	.55
LONG VARIETIES			
LONG SCARLET, SHORT TOP. The standard long scarlet variety.	. 05	. 15	.50
*BRIGHTEST SCARLET OF LONG CARDINAL. Medium long of a vivid scarlet color, tipped with	.03	3	
white.	. 10	. 20	. 60
CHARTIER OR SHEPHERD. Large, long, summer radish; scarlet, white tip.	.05	.15	. 50
WHITE VIENNA, OR LADY FINGER. White roots which are crisp and tender.	. 05	. 15	.50
WHITE STRASBURG. Most popular summer sort, 4 inches long, 2 inches thick.	.05	. 15	. 50
SUMMER RADISHES, MIXED. Round and long.	.05	.15	-50
WINTER SORTS			
Sow in July. Pull before severe frost and store in damp cellar.			
CHINESE ROSE (Scarlet China.) Large oval, bright rose-colored, good keeper	. 05	. 15	.50
CALIFORNIA MAMMOTH WHITE. Very large, growing twelve inches long.	. 05	. 15	.50
ROUND BLACK SPANISH. Fine globe shaped, popular with Germans.	.05	. 15	. 50
LONG BLACK SPANISH. Black skin: white flesh, long, will keep until spring.	.05	. 15	.50
*For greenhouse forcing, hotbed planting or for extra early outdoors.			

#### Fall and Winter Sorts

1 oz to 20 hills; 3 to 4 lbs. to e acre. Hills 8 feet apart each the acre.

From planting to maturity 100 to 125

Arom planting to maturity 100 to 125 days.

If the winter varieties are not planted until the latter part of June they are more liable to escape the ravages of the borer. Gather before injured by frost for winter use, care being taken not to break the stem from the squash, as the slighest injury will increase the liability to decay.

FAXON. The ripe squashes vary in color, some being yellow, while others are green, mottled and striped. Sweet and very dry. It ma-

Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; \( \frac{1}{4} \) lb., 25c; lb., 75c; postpaid.

ORANGE MARROW. The earliest by 10 days of the winter squashes. It is creamy orange in color; fine form, handsome appearance. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ½ lb., 20c; lb., 60c; postpaid.
BOSTON MARROW. (Autumnal.) Large, oval

form; skin bright orange, mottled with cream good flavor, unexcelled for pies. Pkt., 5c; oz. 10c; ½ lb., 20c; lb., 60c; postroid color; flesh rich salmon yellow, fine grained and

oc; ¼ lb., 20c; lb., 60c; postpaid. ESSEX HYBRID. (Warren.) An early variety; large, round and slightly flattened at the ends, with a large nub at the blossom end,. Skin deep creamy orange. Flesh orange color, dry and solid. A fine keeper. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; \(\frac{1}{4}\) lb., 30c; lb., 75c;

PERFECT GEM. Nearly round; skin creamy white; flesh fine grained. Vine bears great number of small squashes. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ½ lb.,

30c; lb., 80c; postpaid.

WINTER CROOK NECK. Fruit long and crook-necked, skin dark green mixed with yellow. A fine keeper. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 25c; lb., 70c; postpaid.

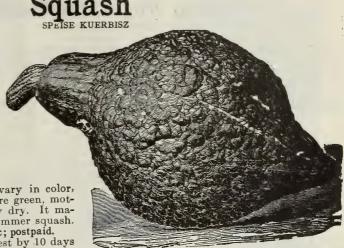
CHICAGO WARTED HUBBARD. Large size, dark green color, distinguished by a dense covering of knots (warts), a sure indication of splendid quality, thick flesh; good keeper. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 25c; lb., 70c; postpaid.

GOLDEN HUBBARD. Similar to the above except that the skin is deep orange yellow. Flesh fine grained and of excellent flavor. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 30c; lb., 80c; postpaid.

MARBLEHEAD. Resembling the Hubbard, but of a lighter color, and is remarkable for its sweetness, dryness and delicious flavor. Good keeper. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1 lb., 25c; lb., 70c; postpaid.

SIBLEY. (Pike's Peak.) Pear-shaped with stem on large end, skin smooth, pale green; flesh thick, orange color; very dry, rich, and delicate flavor. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ½ lb., 25c; lb., 75c; postpaid.

MAMMOTH CHILI. Enormous size, round, flattened at ends, skin orange color and slightly ribbed. Flesh thick and deep yellow. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; \(\frac{1}{4}\) lb., 30c; lb., 90c; postpaid.



HUBBARD SQUASH

#### Summer and Early Sorts

1 oz. to 20 hills; 4 to 5 lbs. to the acre. Hills 4 feet apart each way.

Ready for use in from 55 to 65 days from planting. Any good enriched soil is adapted to the growth of the Squash. The seed should not be sown in the spring until danger from the frost is past and the ground is warm and thoroughly settled. Keep the earth about the plants loose and clean. Three plants to the hill. For remedy against bu see none 2i. against bugs see pa

WHITE BUSH SCALLOP. (Patty Pan.) Very early, skin white, flesh tender and delicate, bears abundantly. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1 lb., 20c; lb., 60c; postpaid.



WHITE BUSH SCALLOP

GOLDEN BUSH SCALLOP. A very early, flat, scalloped variety; skin deep yellow; flesh pale yellow and well flavored. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1 lb.,

20c; lb., 60c; postpaid.
SUMMER CROOK NECK. Very early and productive. Fruit about one foot long, with crooked neck and warty surface; color bright yellow. Pkt.,

5c; oz., 10c; ½ lb, 20c; lb., 60c; postpaid.
FORDHOOK. Small, oblong, shell yellow, flesh dry and sweet, and of good flavor. Very early; desirable for either summer or winter use Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ½ lb., 30c; lb., 85c; postpaid

# Salsify or Vegetable Oyster

One ounce to 75 feet of drill

Resembles a small parsnip, and when thinly sliced and cooked is a good substitute for oysters, having a very similar flavor—It succeeds best in light, rich soil. Sow early and quite deep.—The leaves when they first appear look like grass, making it specially important to plant in rows.—Thin out and cultivate like the carrot, roots are perfectly hardy, and may remain out all winter, but should be dug early in the spring; store a quantity for winter use in cellar.

MAMMOTH SANDWICH ISLAND. Grows uniformly to an extra large size

The root is pure white and of superior quality. Invaluable to market gardeners

Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; \(\frac{1}{4}\) lb., 25c; lb., 85c; postpaid.

# Spinach

One ounce to 100 feet of drill; 12 lbs., per acre

Cultivated very extensively for 'greens." A profitable crop for market. Select a rich, well-drained soil, highly manured For a succession, sow early in April and again in May, in drills one foot apart and one inch deep, properly thinning out when the plants are an inch in the leaf. For early spring use, sow early in autumn and protect the plants with a light covering of leaves or straw

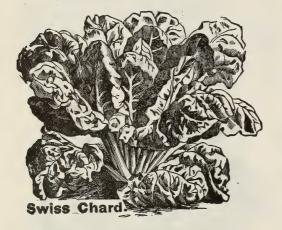
BLOOMSDALE. (Savoy.) The earliest of all and one of the best; the leaves

are numerous, curled and wrinkled. Oz., 5c; ½ lb., 10c; lb., 30c; postpaid.

LONG-STANDING. (Thick Leaved.) A fine market sort. Leaves large and thick, somewhat crumpled. Does not run to seed early. Oz., 5c; ¼ lb., 10c; lb., 30c; postpaid.

FRICKLY. (Fall.) The hardiest of all, therefor the best where the winters are severe. Oz., 5c; ½ lb., 10c; lb., 30c; postpaid.

NEW ZEALAND. Entirely different from true spinach in type, in that it thrives during hot weather and in any soil, rich or poor. The tender shoots with golden yellow leaves are of good quality and may be cut throughout the summer. This is something new, but extra good. Plant three or four seeds in hills two feet apart each way. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 3 oz., 25c; lb., 85c; postpaid.



### Swiss Chard or Sea Kale

Far superior to the common beet for greens, of almost the same flavor and equal to spinach. It is much easier to wash and prepare for the table. Sown early in the spring in rows. and the seedlings thinned out to 6 inches in the rows, it makes rapid growth of leaves, and is fit for use for greens sooner than any other variety, and can be cut throughout the entire summer Later the leaves grow very large, with broad, flat, wax-like stems and mid-ribs, which may be cooked like asparagus or made into pickles. Pkt., 5c; oz., 1oc; †lb., 25c; lb., 85c, postpaid.

Mason County Mich., Mar. '10. Your Corn Saver Beets are fine for cows. I raised some 7 inches in diameter and about 20 inches long. Mrs Agusta Larson

ounce to 2,000 plants lb.(transplanted) per acre

# l'omatoes

LIEBESAPFEL

For Tomato Plants see page 33.

Mature in from 90 to 150 days from planting

For early plants sow seeds in boxes or hotbeds in March When the plants are about two inches high, transplant to four inches apart each way. Set out of doors as soon as danger from frost is over Transplant carefully four feet apart each way, and cultivate well as long as the vines will permit. To obtain early fruit, pinch off the ends of the branches when the first fruit is set

EARLIANA. It is a full week ahead of all others Plants of strong growth and very productive Fruits large, deep red, and of superior quality. Smooth and free from cracks. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; ½ lb., 75c; postpaid.

DWARF STONE. Livingston's. and productive; in size, color and quality of fruit equals the Stone; in habit of vine resembles Dwarf Champion, but is stronger and more erect, admitting very close planting Pkt., 5c; oz., 25c;

1 lb., 65c; postpaid.
DWARF CHAMPION. DWARF CHAMPION. (Tree Tomato.) A great favorite. Extra early; dwarf and compact in habit, the plant growing stiff and upright, fruit smooth, medium sized, purplish-pink. Pkt.,

5c; oz., 25c; ½ lb., 65c; pos.paid.



### Tomato--Continued

LIVINGSTON'S HUMMER. It is as round as a ball, and as there is very little indenture about the stem, there is practically no waste in preparing the fruits for use. The flesh is rich crimson scarlet and of a very fine quality. Ripens early, and is especilly good for canning. Not quite as large as some varieties, but a very good keeper, thus making it a good variety for marketing. Pkt., 5c; oz., 30c;

lb., 95c, postpaid.
LIVINGSTON'S CORELESS. A new, large main-crop variety. In shape it is almost round having about the same diameter each It has no green core, and is of a bright red color making it very valuable either for slicing or for canning. It is immensely productive and the firm solid flesh makes it one of the best for long distance hauling or shipping. It ripens all over and through and up under the stem all at the same time. Pkt., 5c; oz., 35c; ½ lb., \$1.00, postpaid.

CHALK'S EARLY JEWEL. The largest, smoothest, and finest flavored, early bright red tomato, so hardy that a very early planting can be made in the open ground. The foliage protects the fruit, borne in clusters, from sun-scald enabling the heavy crop to ripen perfectly. The tomatoes are bright scarlet, deep globe shape, large and solid. Produced continuously throughout the season. Pkt., 5c; oz., 25c; ½ lb., 65c; postpaid.

PONDEROSA. Of immense size, solid, meaty, almost seedless, pinkish purple, and of good flavor, late. Pkt., 5c; oz., 25c; ½ lb., 80; postpaid. CRIMSON CUSHION. (Beefsteak.) Fruit very

large, round and regular; bright scarlet; flesh



NEW GLOBE

solid and of the best quality; very productive. Pkt., 5c; oz., 25c; \(\frac{1}{4}\) lb., 75c; postpaid.

LIVINGSTON'S NEW GLOBE.

Beautiful globe



LIVINGSTON HUMMER

shape, permitting a greater number of slices than with flatter sorts. Among the very first to ripen, large size, very smooth, firm fleshed, few seeds, ripens evenly; color rose, tinged purple. Flavor excellent. The fruit is borne on short, jointed branching plants in great abundance. A good general cropper; one of the best for forcing Pkt., 5c; oz., 25c; ½ lb., 75c; postpaid.

STONE. Large perfectly smooth; bright scarlet; ripening even to the stem without a crack; very solid and heavy. The standard main crop variety. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; ½ lb., 50c; postpaid.

JUNE PINK. An extra early purple-fruited tomato similar to the popular scarlet-fruited Earliana in growth of vine shape and size of fruit and

time of maturing. Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 75c. EARLY MICHIGAN. One of the best second early sorts. Its first fruits are very early, but the vines continue to bear for a long time, fruit medium size to large, perfectly smooth, solid but without a hard core; deep red color, and of excellent flavor. Pkt., 5c; oz., 25c; 2 oz., 40c; ½ lb., 75c; postpaid.

Other Standard Varieties		ostpaid	
	Pkt.	Oz.	1 lb.
ACME. Bright pink; smooth, round, early, productive and popular	\$0.05	\$0.20	\$0.50
ATLANTIC PRIZE. (Early Ruby.) Very early; smooth, bright red and solid	.05	.25	.65
DWARF ARISTOCRAT. Erect, strong vine; red fruits of finest quality.	05	.20	-50
DWARF ARISTOCRAT. Erect, strong vine; red fruits of finest quality	05	.25	.65
ENORMOUS. Color deep red, smooth, solid meat, and few seeds	05	.25	.75
FAVORITE. Large, smooth, productive; a good shipper and canner	05	.20	٠50
GOLDEN QUEEN. The best, large, smooth, yellow tomato; finest quality.	05	.15	.65
HONOR BRIGHT. Borne in clusters, excellent flavor, scarlet, long keeper.	05	.20	-50
MAGNUS. Fruit thick, heavy and solid; crimson with purple tinge	05	.25	.65
MATCHLESS. A rich cardinal red. Large size.	05	.25	.80
PERFECTION. Early, large size; very productive; fine blood red	05	.20	- <u>5</u> 0
QUARTER CENTURY. Very early. Like the Dwarf Champion, only bright red.	05	.25	.75
SUCCESS. Large, bright scarlet, smooth and solid.	05	.25	.65
TROPHY. Large and bright red, solid, smooth; a great yielder	05	.20	-50
Small Tomatoes			
Used for preserves, pickles, and to make "tomato figs."			
YELLOW PEAR. Bright yellow color; flesh yellow and fine flavored	0 =	25	
DED DEAD Fault height and of results down and the navored.	05	.25	
RED PEAR. Fruit bright red, and of excellent flavor, distinctly pear shaped	05	.25	
YELLOW PLUM. Plum-shaped, clear, deep yellow, fine flavored.	05	.25	
RED CHERRY. About five-eighths of an inch in diameter; borne in clusters	05	.25	
HUSK. (Ground Cherry.) Fruit golden yellow, size of cherry	05	.25	

Ready from 40 to 60 days from seed.

oz. to 150 ft. of drill; 2 lbs. to acre.

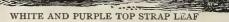
The turnip is most easily affected in form and flavor, by soil, climate and mode of culture. Sow in drills about 16 inches apart and half an inch deep, or sow broadcast, but in either case be sure to have the ground rich and freshly

dug.

Be careful to weed and thin out, so the young plants will not be checked and injured. Get the spring crop started very early so that the turnips may have time to grow before the hot weather causes them to become tough and strong. Sow for main crop from the middle of July to the last of August. In the field, turnips are generally sown broadcast, though much larger crops are obtained by drill

The simpliest method of keeping root crops in good condition for winter use. Store in cool cellar in boxes, etc., and cover with dry sand or fine soil, thus excluding the air. They will keep as solid as when freshly dug, and are ready for use at any time.

EXTRA EARLY PURPLE TOP MILAN. Two weeks earlier than any other. Flat; white, with purple top, flesh white, fine grained and delicate. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ½ lb., 20c; lb., 60c; postpaid.



EXTRA EARLY WHITE MILAN. Similar to above, but pure white. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1 lb., 20c;

lb., 60c; postpaid.

EARLY PURPLE TOP GLOBE. Deservedly popular, heavy producer, of rapid growth, and superior quality; either for the table or stock. An excellent keeper. Oz., 5c; ¼ lb., 15c; lb., 45c; po. 'paid.

PURPLE TOP STRAP LEAF FLAT. The old well-known sort for early spring and fall; purple above ground, flesh fine grained, of mild flavor and a good keeper. Oz., 5c; 1 lb., 15c; lb., 45c; postpaid. EARLY WHITE FLAT DUTCH, STRAP-LEAVED. A fine early white sort, of quick growth and

good quality. Oz., 5c; ½ lb., 15c; lb., 45c; postpaid.

EARLY WHITE SNOWBALL. (Six Weeks.) A perfect globe-shaped, white-skinned turnip. A good keeper; fine for family or market. Oz., 5c; ½ lb., 15c; lb., 50c; postpaid.

WHITE EGG. An egg-shaped variety, for spring or fall sowing; flesh white, firm, fine grained, mild and sweet; particularly desirable for table. Oz., 5c; ½ lb., 15c; lb., 50c; postpaid.

YELLOW ABERDEEN. Round, yellow flesh of fine texture, a good keeper. Oz., 5c; ½ lb., 15c;

lb., 40c; postpaid.

LARGE YELLOW. (Amber Globe.) Flesh yellow, fine grained and sweet; very hardy and productive, splendid keeper. Oz., 5c; ½ lb., 15c; lb., 40c; postpaid.

GOLDEN BALL. (Orange Jelly.) Yellow fleshed; a rapid grower, of fine flavor. Oz., 5c; ½ lb.,

15c; lb., 40c; postpaid.

POMERANIAN WHITE GLOBE. Very productive; in good soil roots grow from 10 to 12 pounds; good for table or stock. Oz., 5c; ½ lb., 15c; lb., 50c; postpaid.

COW-HORN. A white turnip of peculiar long shape and quick maturity. It grows to a large size, standing half out of the ground. Oz., 5c; ¼ lb., 15c; lb., 50c; postpaid.

STANDARD VARIETIES. Mixed. Oz., 5c; ¼ lb., 15c; lb., 40c; postpaid.

# Ruta Bagas or Swedes

Should be sown about a month earlier than other turnips.

AMERICAN PURPLE TOP. Tops very small; bulbs large; skin purple above, yellow underneath; flesh golden yellow, fine texture, sweet and of richest flavor; hardy, productive, and a good keeper; desirable for table use and stock feeding. Oz., 5c; lb., 15c; lb., 40c; postpaid.

SKIRVING'S PURPLE TOP YELLOW. Quite productive;

flesh yellow and sweet flavor, shape oblong. Oz., 5c; \(\frac{1}{4}\) lb., 15c;

ib., 40c; postpaid.

SWEET GERMAN. (Long White French.) Bulb enormous.

Flesh white, solid and rich. The best keeper of all the Swedes, and popular for both table and stock. Oz., 5c; ½ lb., 15c; lb., 40c; postpaid.

### ${f Tobacco}$

One ounce will sow about 25 square feet and produce plants for one acre. CONNECTICUT SEED LEAF. An old, well-known variety.

Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; ½ lb., 60c; postpaid.

HAVANA. Best for the manufacture of cigars. Pkt., 5c; oz., 200; 1 lb., 60c; postpaid.



All roots sent by buy express are er's expense.

# Small Fruits

Wyoming Laws are such that we cannot fill orders from that state.

quoted all for 1 yr. old roots.
Write for prices on older plants.



SNYDER BLACKBERRIES

### Currants

Set plants 4 ft. apart in rich soil. Cultivate well or mulch heavily. Keep part of old wood pruned out.



CHERRY. Berries sometimes more than half an inch in diameter, bunches short, vigorous and productive when grown on good soils and well cultivated

FAY'S PROLIFIC. The leading market variety, bunches and berries large and uniform in size, easily picked; exceedingly productive.

Large, bright red; berries medium size of excellent quality. Erect grower, very productive. Ripens late, a valuable sort.

WHITE GRAPE. Very large yellowish white, swe-t or very mild acid. Excellent quality and valuable for the table. Productive.

Price of all currents, 15c each; 1 doz., \$1.25; postpaid; by express, \$1.00 doz.; \$6.00 per 100.

Weld, Co., Colo., Jan. 18, '10 We had quite a variety of your seeds last year and were all planted on new ground and did real well. Mr. Chas. F. Rolf.

### Blackberries

For garden culture set in rows 4 ft. apart light, rich soil being preferable

BLOWER. A splendid new sort. Has produced 2694 berries on one bush, 2720 quarts on 1 acre. Large size, jet black, good shipper, best quality, unexcelled productiveness. 12c each; 6 for 65c; postpaid. By express, 6oc per doz.; \$3.75 per 100.

SNYDER Very popular for the northwest on account of its extreme hardiness; wonderfully productive, size medium, fruit juicy and sweet, canes remarkably strong and thrifty. Pinch the canes back when they have reached 4 feet in height Price, 10c each; 80c per doz. postpaid. By express, 45c per doz., \$3.00 per 100.

### Gooseberries

Plant in good rich soil in rows 5 ft. apart by 3 ft, in the row.

DOWNING. An old and well known variety. Fruit large and handsome, pale green, of fine quality. A strong vigorous grower seldom affected by mildew. One of the best. 200 each, postpaid; by express \$1.80 per doz.

HOUGHTON. Fruit small to medium, pale red, of fine flavor. Plants of slender, spreading growth and enormously productive. 20c each, postpaid; by express \$1.10 per dozen.



HOUGHTON GOOSEBERRIES

# Small Fruits-Continued

Wyoming Laws are such that we cannot fill orders from

### Grapes

Make the soil mellow, and plant six feet apart and deeper than they stood in the nursery.

BRIGHTON. Bunch large, well formed; berries large; round, excellent flavor and quality; skin red, one of the earliest in ripening. 15c each; \$1.25 doz.; postpaid. By express 90c doz.

CONCORD. The old, well-known and deservedly popular variety. Succeeds wherever grapes can be grown. 10c each, \$1.00 doz.; postpaid. By express 75c per doz. \$3.75 per 100.

MOORE'S EARLY. Bunch and berry large. Vine very hardy and productive. Ripens early. Like the Concord, succeeds in nearly all sections. 15c each; \$1.25 doz. postpaid. By express \$1.00 doz.

POCKLINGTON AND DIAMOND. Two of the best white grapes both large, juicy, tender and sweet with little pulp. Price 15c each; \$1.25 doz.; postpaid. By express \$1.00 doz.

WORDEN. A fine variety of the concord type, but earlier, bunch and berry larger, of better, quality, and vine is hardler than that variety. 12c each; \$1.00 doz.; postpaid. By express, 75c doz.

# Raspberries

Plant in rows 5 ft. apart and 3 ft. apart in row.

CUMBERLAND. Largest black raspsberry known. Perfectly hardy and vigorous grower. For productiveness nothing exceeds it. In quality rich, sweet, and lucious; a midseason-variety Each 8c; 6oc doz.; postpaid. By express 45c dozen. \$2.75 per 100.

CARDINAL. This wonderful berry surprises all by its great growth, extreme hardiness, exceeding productiveness and the unusual richness of its pure flavored, large purple berries. 12c each; \$1.00 doz.; postpaid. By express 75c doz.

KANSAS. Strong, vigorous grower, standing extremes of drought and cold, and bearing immense crops. Early berries jet black and of best quality. 8c each; 6oc doz.; postpaid. By express 45c doz.



POCKLINGTON (White)

LOUDON. The Loudon red raspherry is unsurpassed as to hardiness, productiveness and quality of fruit. This capberry begins bearing fruit very soon after planting and continues to bear until quite late. Often after the new canes have formed, a second crop of berries will be produced the same year. The berries are large, of a good color and excellent flavor. Few suckers are formed, making it easier to care for them. Undoubtedly one of the best red raspberries for home garden or for shipping. 6c each; 6oc doz.; postpaid. By express, 4oc a doz., \$2.25 per 100.

### Strawberries

CULTURE. On arrival of plants unpack them at once, loosen the bunches "heel" them in the ground or dip their roots in a "puddle", made by ming earth in water until of the consistency of cream, and lay away in a cool. damp place until they can be planted. Do not leave in package and pour water over them, as this will surely cause the plants to heat and spoil. To grow large berries and plenty of them fertilizers must be used freely. Ground bone is excellent. Do not plant deep, but press the earth very firmly about the roots. Should the weather be warm, shade for a few days with coarse litter. Cultivate well and keep out the weeds. For field culture plant in rows four feet apart, with plants one foot apart in the row. For garden culture, plant three feet by one foot. Turn runners the direction of the row. When the ground freezes, mulch with light coat of straw. Remove the mulch in the spring and cultivate. (B) Perfect flowers—can be planted alone. (P) Pistillate, imperfect flowers—must have some marked (B) mixed with them, as close as one row in three.

BEDERWOOD. (B) This is one of the best known varieties for planting

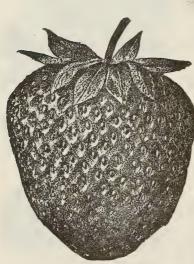
BEDERWOOD. (B) This is one of the best known varieties for planting with Warfield, as it produces a large amount of pollen. It is of excellent color and a good shipper. Ripens early

SENATOR DUNLAP. (B.) A medium sized variety; very hardy, productive and vigorous grower Continues bearing until quite ate. It is unsurpassed in quality. Claimed to be the best all around variety yet introduced. troduced.

WARFIELD. (P.) This is one of the best known market berries, of medium size and excellent quality and a good shipper — It is one of the best early sorts and maintains its size well throughout the season.

Price of above Strawberries per doz 30c: \$1.10 per 100: postpaid: by express, 75c per 100: \$5.00 per 1000

BRANDYWINE. (B) One of the best known varieties Very productive Berries a glossy crimson, and flesh firm and solid Per doz. 35c; \$1.35 per 100 postpaid; by express \$1.00 per 100, \$6 50 per 1000.



BRANDYWINE

### Flower Seeds

It will pay you to read the following carefully:

General Culture.—A rather light and moderately rich soil thoroughly spaded, is most desirable. That the tiny seed-lings may be seen and the weeds removed, it is better to plant all flower seeds in rows. Sow the seed evenly in the rows, cover with the finest of soil, about three times the diameter of the seed, and press the soil firmly over the seed. The soil, should never become dry after the seeds have swelled, for if it does, they will be pretty sure to fail. Do not grow the plants too thick. Keep the weeds down and the surface of the soil well stirred with a hoe or rake during the summer, especially if the weather is dry. A great many varieties can be sown in the house, if desired early, and afterwards transplanted. Most plants will continue to bloom much longer if the flowers are picked, and not allowed to form seed.

Send us \$0.25 and select PACKETS to the value of \$0.30

1.00 2.00 1.25 3.00 4.00

These Rates apply only to seeds in Packets, but not to seeds by Weight. No discount can be allowed on Flower Seed Specials.

# Seeds of Annuals

In this department we include both annuals that bloom die the first year, and such perennials as flower freely first year.

For seeds of other perennials, see Pages 68-69. For seeds of other vines, see Pages 66-67. For seeds of other house plants, see Page 65.

ACROCLINIUM. Daisy-like, everlasting flowers; pink and In this department we include both annuals that bloom and die the first year, and such perennials as flower freely the first year.

summer; of easy culture. Grows 5 inches high. Blue or white ... AGROSTEMMA. (Rose of Heaven.) Attractive pink-like blossoms on long slender stems. Very pretty in masses. Perennial...5c ALYSSUM. Profuse bloomer, good for bordering or for bouquets, fine for window boxes. Sow very early . . . Sweet. Fragrant white flowers. The old favorite..........5c Little Gem. Dwarf and compact. Good for border...........5c Carpet of Snow. Very dwarf trailing plants. ..............5c



ASTERS. (For aster plants see page 62) One of the most popular of our garden flowers for late summer and fall display. Sow seed early and give deep rich soil with plenty of mulching.

Hohenzollern. Improved. The flowers are very large and double, with long, curled petals on long 

Giant Comet. beautiful, distinct variety, resembling the Japanese chrysanthemums. Mixed . . . . 10c



ALYSSUM, SWEET.

Branching. Large, late-blooming. The long, strong stems make 



ANTIRRHINUM

Truffant's Peony Perfection. Large and perfectly double, with beautifully incurved petals, giving the flowers a globular form. Mixed colors. 5c

Chrysanthemum Dwarf. Good sized flowers, free bloomer. Mixed colors 

AMARANTHUS. Rapid growing, bright-colored foliage plants. Sow seed early and set out in rather poor soil to get best effects.............5c ANTIRRHINUM. (Snapdragon.) Dark glossy leaves and beautiful spikes of flowers, with finely marked throats; one of the most showy border

plants. Of easiest culture. Queen of the North. Large, fragrant, white flowers. Nice for pot-cul-

Tall Sorts, Mixed. All shades of red and yellow; best for cutting....5c Dwarf Sorts, Mixed. Large variety of colors; best for edging......5c



BALSAM. (Lady's Slippers or Touch-Me-Not). To grow these to perfection, start the seed in the house or hotbed, transplanting to very rich soil in the garden. Transplanting them two or three times has a tendency to dwarf them and make them more double.

Camellia-Flowered. The best of all balsams. Flowers very large, perfect in form, double and produced in abundance. Mixed colors......5c

BACHELOR'S BUTTON. See Centaurea Cyanus and Globe Amaranth. Page 62.

BUTTERFLY FLOWER. See Schizanthus. Page 65.

CACALIA. (Flora's paint brush.) Small, tassel-like flowers. Golden yellow and scarlet ... 5c

CALENDULA. (Pot Marigold.) Very free and attractive bloomers, growing well in almost all situations. Double, all shades of yellow.....5c

CASTOR BEAN. See Ricinus, Page 64.

CANDYTUFT. A dwarf-growing annual, making a striking display early in the season. Sow early where plants are to bloom. Grows one foot high.

Empress. A complete mass of pure white flowers. Valuable for bouquets...........5c

Fine Mixed. Red, pink and white...... 5c

CANNA (Indian Shot) Stately plants with handsome foliage and showy flowers. The seeds should be soaked 24 hours in warm water before planting. It sown in February should bloom in July

Larg. Flowering French. Saved from best and largest flowers only. All colors ..... 5c

CALLIOPSIS. A showy plant, producing flowers of yellow, red and brown. Sow quite early, and thin to 6 inches apart. Mixed . . . . . . . . 5c



CELOSIA. Plumosa. About two feet high, of branching habit, with feathery plumes of brilliant red; one of the most effective ornamental 

dwarf plants, producing spikes of comb-shaped

are fine for borders.

Cyanus. (Bachelor's Button.) Also called Blue Bottle, Ragged Sailor and Corn Flower. It is a hardy annual, coming up year after year from self-sown seed. Mixed.....5c Emperor. Intense blue.

Gymnocarpa. (Dusty Miller.) Graceful, fine-cut, silvery whitefoliage. Nice for edging beds.5c Imperialis. (Sweet Sultan.) Double sweetscented flowers borne on long, stout stems. Will keep for over a week in water, if cut just when they are about to open; white, lilac, rose and pur-



CHRYSANTHEMUMS. Annual. Distinct from the pot plant varieties, blooming all summer. All shades of yellow. Choice mixed....5c

CLARKIA. Very pretty free flowering annuals, desirable for shady places . . . . . . . . . . . . 5c

CLEOME. Pungens. (Giant Spider Plant.)
Rose colored flowers with long stamens. A tall
grower, and blooms freely until frost. . . . . . . 5c



COSMOS

COSMOS. An autumn plant with feathery foliage. The flowers are borne profusely in loose clusters. Seeds should be sown early in the spring and the plants transplanted to two feet apart when danger from frost is past. 5 to 7 feet high.

Lady Lenox. Strong, vigorous grower, bearing shell-pink flowers of extraordinary size and substance, Excellent for cutting......10c

#### FOR GREEN LICE

To get rid of the little green lice or aphis on plants use Sulpho-tobacco soap. 3 oz. cake 10c, by mail 13c. 8 oz. cake 20c, by mail 28c. See page 34.



DIANTHUS

DIANTHUS. Of value for bedding. The colors range from pure white to the richest crimson, spotted and striped. Perennial but bloom the first summer, and for years, if the flowers are freely picked.

Heddewigi. (Double Japan Pinks.) Much larger than the Chinese pinks. 5c

Heddewigi Fireball. Brilliant scarlet 5c

Heddewigi Snowball. Pure white 5c

Heddewigi Mixed. All colors 5c

Heddewigi Midnight. Blood red 5c



CALIFORNIA POPPY

ESCHOLTZIA (California Poppy.)
Sow early, where it is to remain, as it will not bear transplanting. The foliage is finely cut and handsome and the flowers are very showy, large and free freely produced.

californica. All shades of yellow..5c Rose Queen, Rosy carmine ......5c

EVERLASTINGS
See Acroclinium, Celosia, Globe Amaranth, Gypsophila.
Pick when flowers first open and hang, stems up, to dry for winter bouquets. 5c

GYPSOPHILA. Thrives everywhere and furnishes light and grace to a bouquet. The tiny white flowers are on branching stems.......5c

HELIANTHUS. See Sunflower, page 65.



KOCHIA. (Burning Bush or Summer Cypress.) The plants grow with many slender branches resembling a small, closely sheared ever green with light green leaves until fall when the whole plant is crimson. Seed germinates readily. Sow May 1st, and thin to 2 feet apart;  $2\frac{1}{2}$  feet high.

KOCHIA.

#### STARTED PLANTS.

About May 10th we can furnish started plants of the following:

Asters, Hohenzollern mixed, at 50c per doz. postpaid. Pansies, Mammoth Butter-fly mixed, 50c per doz. postpaid. Salvia, Splendens, 10c each, \$1.00 per doz. postpaid. Verbena, Choice mixed, 50c per doz. postpaid. All of these plants are well rooted strong stock, just the right size for transplanting.

FOR FERTILIZER IN THE FLOWER BEDS USE "SWARD FOOD." PAGE 28

LARKSPUR. Hyacinth flowered. The flowers which resemble a double hyacinth, are borne freely in long spikes of blue, pink and white. The plants are of dwarf habit. Sow where the plants are to bloom.

MARIGOLD. Wherever a rich display of bloom is desired, the Marigold is almost indispensable.

French. Dwarf grower; double flowers, rich golden yellow marked with velvety brown....5c

MIGNONETTE. (Reseda Odorata.) A well known fragrant favorite; in bloom the whole season if gathered freely. Large flowering......5c



NASTURTIUM. Dwarf or Tom Thumb. A bed of dwarf nasturtiums in the yard is very brilliant and attractive, blooming all the season, 1 ft. high

 King of Tom Thumbs.
 Bright red, dark foliage
 5c

 Scarlet King.
 Brilliant scarlet
 5c

 Mixed, oz.
 10c
 5c

NIGELIA. Miss Jekyll. (Love in a Mist.) The plants are vigorous and give an abundance of flowers of the clearest blue, contrasting most charmingly with the fine, fern-like foliage....5c

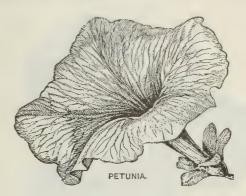
PANSIES. For started plants see page 62. The seed may be sown in the hot bed or open ground,. Keep the soil moist. They prefer a half shady place. Do not let the plants seed if you wish to keep them in bloom. If sown in the fall, pansies will bloom very early in the spring.

PANSY SPECIAL—No. 19. One Packet each of Bugnot, Mammoth Butterfly and Odier 25c



Mammoth Butterfly. The flowers are very large. The colors are rich red, chocolate, and pur-Bugnot. The flowers are large, with broad blotches, and delicate pencilings to the edges of Odier. The blotched, or five spotted variety. Very rich and showy ...... 10c Fancy Striped. A striking mixture ......5c Giant Atropurpurea. Dark purple ........5c Giant Bronze. Shades of bronze..........5c Giant Cardinal. Brilliant red . . . . . . . . . . . 5c Giant Emperor William. Dark blue . . . . . . 5c Giant Goldelse. Yellow ................................5c Giant King of Blacks. Beautiful blacks.....5c Giant Snow Queen. Pure white ..........5c

PANSY SPECIAL — No. 13. One packet of each of the above 8 Giant named colors... 30c



PETUNIA. Petunias are very popular for their rich coloring, continuation of bloom, pleasing fragrance, and easy culture. Can be sown in the open border, in full sun or partial shade. Transplant easily 1½ feet high.



PHLOX RDUMMONDI. Seed sown in open gound in early spring will begin flowering about July first and bloom until frost. Thrives in almost any situation. For masses of seperate colors or for boquets they are unsurpassed. One foot high.

Alba. Pure white5c
Scarlet. Very showy
Rosy Chamois. Beautiful shade of rose5c
Extra Choice Mixed. Best large flowered 5c
Starred and Fringed. Very dwarf, flowers
fringed and distinctly edged with white. Mixed
5c



**POPPIES.** These exceedingly showy and easily cultivated plants grow and bloom well in ordinary soil. Sow the seeds where the plants are to grow, as they do not bear transplanting.

Tulip. Cut-shaped, brightest scarlet, with black spot at base of each petal. Single.....5c

Carnation-Flowered. Brilliant, finely fringed double flowers of various colors............5c

Paeony-Flowered. Mixed. Splendid large double flowers of all colors..................5c



PORTULACA. (Rose Moss) Brilliant dwarf annuals, blooming profusely from early summer to autumn. For low beds and masses of color they are very desirable. They thrive best in a rather rich, sandy soil and a sunny situation; will stand any amount of dry weather.

Single Mixed. All colors.......5c

Double Mixed. Not all the plants will come double, but the single ones can be pulled out .. 10c



RICINUS. (Castor Bean.) Semi-tropical plants grown for their great size and picturesque foliage; colors range from bright green to dark red. One plant or a dozen make an admirable sight for a long distance. 6 feet to 10 feet high 5c

SALPIGLOSSIS. (Velvet Flower.) Strong, erect plants with curious, funnel-shaped flowers of rich colors. Plant in warm, rich soil; among the best fall flowers. 1½ feet.......................5c



frosts. Start in house and transplant into light soil. Tender perennials, 2 to 3 feet........5c SCABIOSA. (Mourning Bridge.) An old favorite greatly improved. Excellent for boundet.

SCHIZANTHUS. (Butterfly Flower.) Flowers are pretty and freely produced. Purple, yellow and crimson

SNAPDRAGON. See Antirrhinum, page 59. STOCK. German Ten Weeks' Perfection. Very desirable because of its brilliancy of color, profusion and duration of bloom. Fragrant, with large double rosette-like flowers. Mixed...10c

Princess Alice. Snow white. Of branching habit. Very profuse bloomer, especially if kept

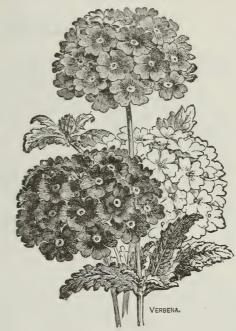
SUNFLOWER. (Helianthus.) Adapted by its tall vigorous growth for a background.

Mammoth Russian. Of immense size, single, 5c Californicus. Extra large and very double, 5c VERBENA. (For started plants see page 62.) For beds or massing the verbena is unrivalled; flowers of the most brilliant colors. Sow them early and they will bloom profusely from June until winter.

Defiance. Best scarlet ................5c 

WALLFLOWER. Single annual. Very fragrant; purple, orange and bronze. A favorite English flower. Seed sown the first of May will bloom from July until severe frosts. It is very satisfactory as a pot plant for winter, if kept in a 

ZINNIA. Flowers all summer, making the most brilliant display possible, excellent for border or summer hedge. Seeds grow easily, and young plants transplant safely.



Giant Flowering. Plants of vigorous growth, about three feet high, bearing profusely their perfectly formed double flowers, mixed colors....5c Dwarf Fireball. Glowing, brilliant scarlet . 5c Flowers striped with various colors.5c White Gem. Small, double white flowers. . 5c

# Seeds of House Plants

These can readily be grown if given careful attention. For winter blooming, plant during the spring or summer, in shallow boxes, in mellow soil about one-fourth sand. Sow the seed on the surface, and cover with a very little more soil; water carefully, cover with a pane of glass and keep dark until the seeds germinate, then light and air should be admitted by removing glass, partially at first. Place the box in the sun and transplant when large enough to handle.

CHRYSANTHEMUM. Perennial. Japanese and Chinese large flowering. These are for pot culture, for blooming in the house in winter. sown early, will flower the first year. Double 

COLEUS. The best known of ornamental foliage plants with richly-colored leaves of maroon, garden or in pots.

CYCLAMEN. 'Giganteum. They make flowering bulbs in one season if sown early in sandy soil. Beautifully mottled leaves, immense flowers of great substance. Mixed colors. . . . . . . . 15c

FEVERFEW. Clusters of very double, pure white flowers three-quarters of an inch in diameter. Fine for bedding or pot culture .....5c

GERANIUM. Favorite house plant. Seed started early will bloom the first year. ......5c

HELIOTROPE. In shades of purple, fine for bouquets; the sweet vanilla odor is liked by all, 5c

tion that the first is the first time to the second second

IMPATIENS SULTANI. Rosy carmine flowers one inch in diameter, produced freely throughout the season. Although a house plant, it does 

KENILWORTH IVY. (Linaria.) Beautiful trailing plant for hanging baskets. ......5c

LOBELIA. A dwarf plant, splendid for porch boxes, hanging baskets and vases. Deep blue flowers and dark foliage.. ..............5c

PRIMULA. (Chinese Primrose.) One of the finest plants for winter blooming in the house; do well in a cool room and in north window where most other plants fail; very profuse flowering, 15c

SENSITIVE PLANT. (Mimosa.) A curious and pretty plant; the leaves close and droop at the slightest touch and at night ..........5c

SMILAX. One of the most graceful climbers for the window. Sow seed in February and keep 

VINCA. (Periwinkle.) Splendid house and bedding plant, with glossy leaves and circular flower White, pink, crimson. Mixed ...........5c

# Seeds of Annual Climbers

The annual climbing flowers are easily grown and add much to the beauty of a house, especially where it is undesirable to have perennial climbers on account of shutting out the light in winter.



BALLOON VINE

BALLOON VINE. (Love in a Puff.) A rapid growing, graceful climber. Thrives in light soil. Height 5 feet .....................5c

BALSAM APPLE AND PEAR. Very rapid and dense climbers, with golden-yellow fruit which opens when ripe, showing the seed and blood-red inside.

CANARY BIRD FLOWER. A rapid growing, delicate vine with clean, handsome foliage and an abundance of bright canary-yellow blossoms, somewhat resembling a bird with half extended wings. An excellent climber for shady places. . . . . 5c



CYPRESS VINE

CYPRESS VINE. A beautiful climber, with a profusion of scarlet or white star-shaped blossoms and finely cut foliage, adapted to ornamental work. 10 feet. Mixed .............................5c

DOLICHOS. (Hyacinth Bean.) Splendid climber, producing abundant clusters of pea-like purple and white flowers, followed by ornamental seed pods. 10 to 20 feet...............................5c

GOURDS. These are desirable for many places where an immense amount of vine is wanted quickly. Most sorts grow 20 or 30 feet in a season.

Dish Rag. Many ladies prefer a dish cloth made of the sponge-like lining of this gourd to anything else, as it is always sweet and clean as long as any part of it is left...................5c

Sugar Trough. They have thick shells which are very light but durable .......5c

Pear Shaped. Striped yellow and green .5c

Mixed Gourds. All of the above. .......5c

HUMULUS. (Japanese Hop.) A rapid growing climber of easy culture, leaves variegated. Sows itself after the first year ....................5c

MOON FLOWER. (Impomea Noctiflora.) One of the most vigorous climbers. Will grow 30 feet; its arge white flowers open evenings and cloudy days. The hard outer coat of the seed should be cut through with a knife, and planted in warm rich ground. Keep the soil moist ......5c

MORNING GLORY OR CONVULUS. Too well known to need a description. Mixed colors, 5c

Japanese. The plants are vigorous, the flowers of immense size. The seeds germinate a little slower than those of the common Morning Glory,

before sowing

NASTURTIUMS. Ideal ramblers that can be readily made to climb fences or wire netting. They are also very showy planted at the top of a steep slope, or simply trailing on the level ground. They endure hot dry weather very well and bloom continually till frost. Foliage clean and refreshing. The blooms are larger and the stems longer than the Dwarf Nasturtiums. Mixed, per oz., 10c.

Sing Theodore. Rich deep crimson; dark

Mixed, per oz., 10c. 5c

King Theodore. Rich deep crimson; dark
leaves 5c

Edward Otto. Brownish lilac 5c

Scarlet. Bright glowing red 5c

Mme. Gunther's Hybrids. Striped or blotched
with shades of red, yellow and orange 5c

Nankeen. Clear yellow 5c

Pearl. (Moonlight.) Whitish 5c

Vesuvius. Brilliant salmen rose 5c

PASSION FIGURED. One of the back support

WILD CUCUMBER. A very rapid climber, often growing 30 feet in one season. It is covered with clusters of white, sweet scented flowers, followed by ornamental prickly seed pods. It is fine to cover a trellis, old tree or unsightly building, and will sow itself after the first year Oz., 15c Pkt., 5c.

SPECIAL NO. 16. For those who desire vines to cover long stretches of fence, etc., we have a mixture of 12 or more varieties of annual climbers 15c per ½ oz: 25c per oz.

Phelps County, Neb., Apr 20, 10
Received seeds and bulbs in good condition yesterday. Can conscientiously recommend your goods
as they have always given the best of satisfaction
being especially adapted to this climate
A L Polhernus

# Sweet Peas

Sweet Peas are among the most beautiful of all our hardy annuals. Select a sunny, open place, several feet from any building or close fence, and as far as possible from large trees. Sow as early in the spring as the ground can be worked. Make a trench six or eight inches deep, but cover the seed only about an inch at first. As they come up, rake the dirt around the little plants, so that by the time they have reached the top of the ground, the trench will be almost full. Furnish support early. Give them plenty of water, and keep the blossoms picked closely. If they produce seed pods, they will stop blooming



PRICE

Except where noted, 5c per pkt., 6 pkt. 25c. 10c per ounce, 1 oz. each of any 4 varieties 25c; each variety is 20c per 1/4 lb.; 60c per pound postpaid.

Phyllis Unwin. Very large size. Rosv car-

Prince of Wales. Rosy crimson with large hooded flowers.

Prima Donna. Exquisite rose pink; large and profuse.

BRIGHT RED

Queen Alexandra. One of the best scarlet; self-colored. Very large flowers.

King Edward VII. Grand large flowers of a rich crimson scarlet.

Salopian. Rich red scarlet; large and fine.

ORANGE

Evelyn Byatt. Standard rich orange salmon, wings a somewhat deeper shade. Very striking. Helen Lewis. Orange-rose wings with rich,

crimson-orange standard. Miss Wilmott. One of the richest orangepink sweet peas

PINK AND WHITE

Extra Early Blanche Ferry. Standard rosenk, wings creamy white. Very early. pink, wings creamy white. MAROON

Black Knight. Deep maroon, veined black; large and open.

Othello. Chocolate-red, self colored. Rich and dark; very attractive.

LAVENDER AND LIGHT BLUE

Lady Grisel Hamilton. A very light dainty

Mrs. Geo. Higginson Jr. A clear azure blue. Frank Dolby. Pale blue, very large and fine.

PURPLE AND BLUE

Duke of Westchester. Very rich purple, tinted with violet.

Navy Blue. Dark indigo blue. Large and well formed.

Horace Wright. Large purple flowers on long stems. WHITE

Nora Unwin. Nicely waved or fluted; usually has three flowers on a stem. One of the best white sweet peas yet introduced.
Shasta. Vines vigorous. Standard and wings both waved. Creamy white when first open

changing to ivory white.

Burpee's White Spencer. Extra long stems bearing three or four pure white blossoms. Standards fluted. 10c.

CREAM OR YELLOW

Primrose Spencer. Pronounced primrose; standard and wings crinkled.

Hon. Mrs. E. Kenyon. Cream or pale yellow. Large flower. Sybil Eckford. Wings delicate lemon; standard blush pink on lemon ground.

LIGHT PINK Countess Spencer. Enormous flowers, del'cate pink shading deeper at the edges. 10c. Gladys Unwin. A pale rose pink, with large bold flowers on long stems. Very early. Lovely. A soft shell pink. Very good.

15c per ½ lb.; 45c per lb. postpaid.

# Seeds of Perennials and Biennials

In the following list we describe Biennials and Perennials which live in the garden and bloom the following year. While they do not bloom as quickly as Annuals, yet they are worth waiting for. They embrace some of our most beautiful flowers, and many continue to give a fine display for years. If these perennials are planted in the fall, one year's time will be gained, as most of them will bloom the following spring.

BELLIS. (Double English Daisy.) Very pretty for edgings. Blooms during the spring. Sow early in house, and transplant to a rich, partially shaded situation. White and pink, mixed......5c

CAMPANULA. (Canterbury Bells.) Popular perennials producing bell-shaped flowers of many different colors.....................5c



Large Flowering Double. Mixed. 5c
DIANTHUS. Plumarius. The clove pink,
sweet scented; flowers double fringed. 10c

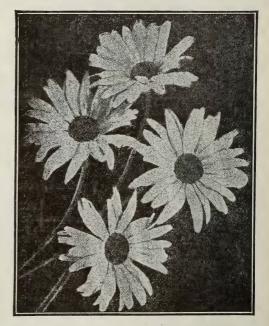


CARNATION

Margaret. Dwarf habit, blooms in a few months from seed. Choice mixed. . . . . . . . 5c

White Grenadin. Of good form and substance Like the above except color.......5c

COREOPIS. Lanceolata. One of the best hardy perennials; flowers large, single, golden yellow, always graceful; will bear cutting well. 5c.



DAISY, GIANT SHASTA

# Seeds of Perennials and Biennials-Continued

DIGITALIS. (Fox Glove.) Of easy culture, with thimble-shaped flowers borne in spikes. Prefer half shady place. 3 feet..........5c



ORIENTAL POPPY

HOLLYHOCK. In situations suitable for tall flowers we know of nothing better. They are much superior to the old fashoned sorts. Sow in June and July to get blooming plants the next summer, or if planted in the house in February they will often flower the first season.

PHLOX. Perfectly hardy and need no protection; once started, will flourish in any soil... 5c

POPPY. Oriental. Large, gorgeous, scarlet blossoms; bottom of petals black; one of the showiest of hardy perennials, producing flowers 6 inches and over in diameter very early.....5c

**PENSTEMON.** Flowers bell-shaped, an inch and a half long, borne in racemes or spikes. The roots should have some protection in winter..5c

STOKESIA CYANEA. (Cornflower Aster.) A hardy perennial, bear ng handsome lavenderblue cornflower-like blossoms. Height, 2 ft..10c

SWEET ROCKET. (Hesperis.) Sometimes called Dame's Violet. Produces clusters of pink and white four-petaled flowers which are very fragrant during the evening. It grows readily in the open ground. 1½ ft. high.....5c

PINKS
See Carnation,
Page 68,
and Dianthus, Page



SWEET WILLIAM

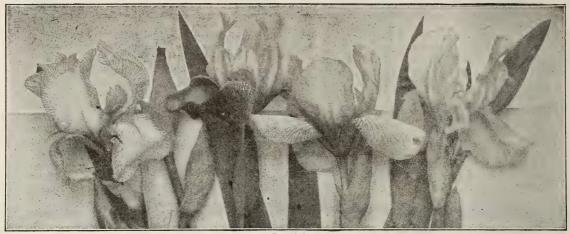
SWEET WILLIAM. (Dianthus Barbatus.) The plants when in flower are eighteen inches in height and produce large clusters of brilliantly colored flowers, on stout stiff stems. Sow seed in drills early in spring. When well started, thin out, or transplant. Single. Mixed 5c Double. Mixed 5c Bright Red 5c

Colfax Co., Neb., Jan. 31, '10.

Last year we ordered some of your roses and I want to tell you that they prospered very well and nearly all blossomed the same year we planted them.

John L Zrust

# Hardy Perennial Plants



GERMAN IRIS

Orders for plants in this list cannot be filled after May 1st.

There is an increasing demand for plants that are perfectly hardy and do not have to be taken up every fall or replaced every spring. The following list has been selected with care and contains a fine assortment of plants that make valuable permanent beds. They flower at different periods so that a succession of bloom may be obtained from early summer until after frost in the

AQUILEGIA. (Columbine.) See cut page 68. Blooms early and does well either in the sun or in partial shade. The unique long-spurred flowers are very nice for cutting. Mixed colors only 10c each; 3 for 25c. Dozen, 75c; postpaid.

BLEEDINGHEART. (Dielytra Spectabilis.) Graceful sprays of heart-shaped pink and white flowers, blooming in May and June. Foliage finely cut and very pretty. Each, 15c, 3 for 40c; postpaid.

DAISY, GIANT SHASTA. A hardy perennial blooming for several months, and more abundantly each season. The flowers are extremely large and graceful, center is yellow, and the petals are pure white. The cut flowers placed in water will keep for a week Each, 12c, 3 for 30c; postpa d.

DELPHINIUM. (Perennial Larkspur.) Without question the best hardy blue flower, having

having a long season of bloom. All shades of blue. 3 ft. high, 15c.

HOLLYHOCK. For planting in masses by itself or a background for lower growing plants, the Hollyhock plant can not be dispensed with; an oldfashioned plant coming into general use again. We offer only double varieties. White, yellow, red and pink. Each, 12c; 3 for 30c; postpaid.

LYCHNIS. Chalcedonica. Produces numerous heads of verbena-like, scarlet flowers. They are very showy and add much to a garden. Grow about 3 ft. high. 10c each; 3 for 25c; postpaid.

IRIS. This was the resplendent Goddess of Mythology; the Rainbow deified; also called the Fleur-de-Lis, the floral emblem of France.

These flowers have been overlooked. They are perfectly hardy and exceedingly beautiful. As they multiply with great rapidity, one does not have to expend a great sum in order to get a fine bed of them started. Put the Iris in a sunny place where, if possible, they will have some bullding or a hedge to protect them from the wind. The flowers are so very delicate that the wind. The flowers are so very delicate that they soon lose their beauty if the storms sweep over them. The ground should be rich, and well supplied with water. Spade the earth deep and plant the roots 18 inches apart, covering them 2 inches. Keep them well cultivated and you will be well repaid for your trouble.

If the buds are cut just before they open they will last much longer, the new ones opening as soon as the old ones fade.

Siberian Blue. Probably the finest blue flower on earth. A real deep blue, not at all a purplish shade. The stems are long and as the flowers last a long time in water, they are excellent for cut-ting. 15c each, 6 for 50c; postpaid.

German Iris. (See cut.) The Iris so commonly seen. Often called Flags. Blooms in great profusion during June and July.

White with a delicate blue edge Silver Queen.

Gypsy Queen. Yellow and brown, very showy.

Lilac. Palest blue.

Cream. A fine cream color.

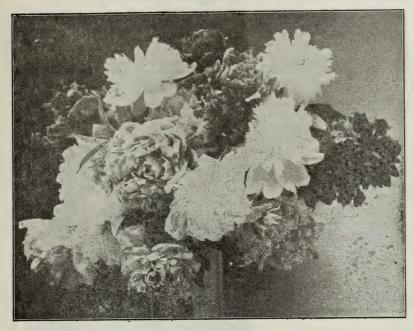
White. Pure white.

Blue. The common blue Iris.

15c each, 6 for 50c; postpaid.

MINT. Old-fashioned mint. Each, 10c, 3 for 25c; postpaid.

# HARDY PLANTS-Continued



GROUP OF PEONIES

LaSublime, a very striking, rich deep crimson. Sure bloomer. \$1.00 each, \$10.00 per doz.

L'Esperence, rosy pink, large flower. Very early. 35c each, \$3.00 per doz.

PEONIES. Perfectly hardy, large, bush-like plants with great flower rivaling the rose ir color and perfection of bloom; pleasantly fragrant. In bloom for Decoration Day.

Andre Laures, light red, prolific and beautiful. 35c each, \$3.00 per doz.

Festiva Maxima, queen of the white peonies. Very large and beautiful. 60c each, \$6.00 per dozen.

Golden Harvest, soft pink, cream and gold. One of the most prolific and sure bloomers of all the peonies. 60c each, \$6.00 per doz.

Humeii, enormous vanished pink flowers, cinnamon scentec 35c each, \$3 per doz

Mons Dupont, sulphur white tinged with brilliant carmine in the center. Very choice. \$1.00 each, \$10.00 per doz.

Prince Imperial, brilliant purplish scarlet. 600

each, \$6.00 per doz.

#### HARDY PHLOXES

These we consider the most desirable of all hardy perennials, flowering abundantly from July until late in the autumn. The immense flower heads often measure 7 inches across with flowers as large as a half dollar, and comprise all shades—vermillion to white. They delight in sunny location and rich soil, but are by no means particular. Height, one to two feet.

August Rivierie Fine bright red.

August Rivierie Fine bright red.
Coquette. White with crimson eye.
Cross of Honor. White with band of lilac.
Eclaireur. Reddish carmine with darker eye.
Isabey. Orange salmon, center crimson.
Madame Bezanson. A splendid deep crimson.
Pantheon. Fine deep salmon rose.
The Queen. Pure white.
Each, 15c; 6 for 80c; dozen for \$1.50; postpaid.
Mixed, not named, at \$1.00 per dozen; postpaid.

RUDBECKIA. (Golden Glow.) One of the most showy, hardy plants and one of the easiest culture possible. The plant grows from 4 to 5 feet high, commencing to bloom in July and continuing for weeks, laden with double golden-yellow flowers, lasting well when cut. Will bloom freely the first season. Each,

10c; 3 for 25c; postpaid.

RIBBON GRASS. Stripes of green and white in unending variety. 1 foot high. Clump 10c; 3 for 25c; postpaid.



PHLOX

# Summer Flowering Bulbs

Plant in deep, rich soil, when the ground becomes warm. For earliest flowering the tender bulbs may be started in the house—For succession of bloom, plant up to June 1st. After fall frost, lift the bulbs, let them dry, and then, removing the tops, store in a cool, dry place, away from frost, for planting in the spring.



#### Canna

The most popular decorative plant of the day. The earth should be spaded deeply and well enriched. After planting water sparingly until the plants have taken root and show good leaf growth. When in full foliage they may be watered very freely.

Price for dormant roots, ioc each; \$1.00 per dozen. Started plants 15c each; 3 for 40c; \$1.50 per dozen; post-

Allemania, scarlet orange bordered with yellow;

Alphonse Bouviere, richest red; showy variety. 5 ft.

Beaute Pointevine, a rich glowing crimson. 21 ft. Burbank, immense flewers of a rich yellow. 3½ ft. Egendale, bronze foliage, flowers deep red.  $4\frac{1}{2}$  ft. Flizabeth Hoss, large yellow spotted with red.

Florence Vaughan, pure yellow dotted with red.

Frederic Benary, current with orange throat and yellow edge. 5 ft.

King Humbert, giant flowered; orange scarlet; bronze leaf.

Mad. Crozy, crimson scarlet with yellow border.

Madame Paul Cazeneuve, rosy pink flowers with dark foliage. 4 ft.

Queen Charlotte, rich crimson with band of bright yellow.

CALADIUM ESCULENTUM. (Elephant's Ear.) Fine tropical plant bearing immense leaves. Start as directed for cannas; when growing you cannot make the soil too rich or keep it too wet. 15c each; 2 for 25c; postpaid.

#### DOUBLE DAHLIAS

Large, symmetrical double flowers, having broad velvet petals, incurving at the center. Bloom from August to

petals, incurving at the center. Booth from the freezing weather.

Gem. Beautiful dark red, very double and a good bloomer 15c each; 6 for 80c; postpaud.

Glowing Coal. Clear, bright red, very large, double blooms. 15c each; 6 or 80c; postpaid.

Miss Thatcher. Golden yellow, very large, and double; 15c each; 6 for 80c; postpaid.

Nymphaea. Very light pink, prolific bloomer. 15c each; 6 for 80c; nostpaid.

Uncertainty. Blush white to dark crimson, mottled and striped, no two flowers alike 15c each; 6 for 8oc; postpaid White Swan. Very large, pure white flowers. 2oc each; 3 for 50c; postpaid.



MADEIRA VINE. A rapid climber, twining to great height. Thick, glossy leaves and feathery, very fragrant white flowers. It grows any where, but does better in a warm, sunny location. It is also very pretty for training in the house. Strong tubers, 5c each; 3 for 10c; 30c per dozen; postpaid.

OXALIS. Summer-blooming. A very pretty plant for edging flowers beds. Bears an abundance of pink and white flowers and delicate foliage. 15c per dozen; postpaid.

TUBEROSE. A beautiful, white, wax-like, very

sweet-scented, double flower, growing on tall stems. 5c Each; 40c per doz., postpaid.

We always endeavor to send out none but five roots, but cannot replace any that fail to grow, owing to our cheap prices and the numerous outside hindrances which may affect the plants.

# Summer Flowering Bulbs-Cont'ed

Gladiolus

This is one of the best of the summer-flowering bulbs. It is a flower any one can grow and is lovely enough to satisfy the most exacting. The flowering season may be continued by planting from middle of April to the first of June. There is no limit to the range of color. Nothing is finer for vases; the flowers will last for days and the buds open after being cut. Set the bulbs 6 inches apart, and 2 to 4 inches deep. For fall treatment, see top of page 72.

Brenchleyensis. Intense scarlet; fine. 3c each; 25c dozen.

Augusta. Lovely, pure white, blue anthers. 5c each; 50c dozen.

"1900". Brilliant red, white blotch. 4c each; 35c doz.

Yellow Shades. 5c each; 50c doz.

Madame Monneret. A beautiful pink. 3c each; 25c dozen.

May. White, flanked crimson, superb spike. 3c each; 25c dozen.

Groff's Hybrids. The size and beautiful shadings of this strain give the greatest possible range of varieties. Each, 5c; 6 for 25c; doz., 40c; postpaid.

Childsi, Fine Mixed. All colors and varieties. Every one a beauty

Each, 5c; dozen 40c; postpaid.

Good Mixed. Especially recommended to make a brilliant show in the garden for a small outlay; all bloomers. Each, 3c; 4 for 10c; doz 25c; postpaid. 50 for 75c; 100 for \$1.00; by express at buyer's expense.

# Hardy Lilies

Lilies thrive best in a dry, rich soil, where water will not stand in the winter. After planting they require very little care, and should not be disturbed for years, as established plants bloom more freely than if taken up annually. In this list we offer only such varieties as are hardy enough to stand the winter out of doors. It is well, however to protect them with a covering of litter or straw.

Auratum. (Gold-banded.) Immense white flowers, thickly spotted with crimson, each petal having a distinct yellow stripe; very fragrant. Blooms in July. Each 15c; 3 for 40c; postpaid.

Elegans. Perfectly hardy and will succeed in almost any situation. Flowers large and showy; bright red, flushed orange. 1½ feet. Blooms in June and July. 12c each; \$1.25 per dozen; postpaid.

(White Day Lily.) A beautiful plant for partly shady places, with broad, light green leaves. Flowers large, pure white, borne in large trusses; fragrant. Blooms in August. Each, 20c; 3 for 50c; postpaid.

Hemerocallis Flava. (Lemon Lily.) Flower large, pure yellow; quite fragrant. Grows  $2\frac{1}{2}$  to 3 feet high. Blooms in July and August. Each 15c; postpaid.

Speciosum Rubrum. White, beautifully spotted with red; petals reflexed like the Tiger Lily. Very fragrant; flowers in August. This is one of the most useful lilies, perfectly hardy and flowering well under all circumstances. Each, 20c; 3 for 50c; postpaid.

Speciosum Album. Same as the above, but pure white.

Each, 20c; 3 for 50c; postpaid.

Superbum. Flowers bright orange red, thickly spotted with purple. Remarkable for immense height (often 8 ft.) and profusion of bloom; a strong plant, bearing from 20 to 30 flowers. Blooms in July. 12c each; \$1.25 per dozen; postpaid.

Tigrinum Splendens. The well-known "Tiger Lily," grows from 7 to 9 feet high and bears an immense number bright orange flowers spotted with black. Blooms in August. 10c each; \$1.00 per dozen; postpaid.

Umbellatum. A splendid hardy Lily, and should be found in every garden. Colors range from deepest red to yellow. Blooms in June. Each. 15c; dozen, \$1.50; postpaid. Wallacei. Flower rich, clear buff, spotted black, late

white bells, delightfully fragrant; do well in shady situations. Flower each season without any attention. 6c each; 3 for 15c; 50c per dozen; postpaid.



#### BULBS FOR FALL PLANTING

In September of each year we receive our importa-tions of Hyancinths, Tulips and other bulbs, which re-quire to be put in the ground in fall If you do not re-ceive our Fall Catalog, ask for one



# Bedding and House Plants

Can be supplied up to about June 1 st

The sizes of plants furnished by us are, in all instances, as large as can be advantageously forwarded by mail, and are strong, thrifty, well established stock.

**ACHYRANTHUS** 

Lindenii, long lance shaped leaves of a deep blood red. Price, 10c each, 3 for 25c, postpaid.

ALTERNANTHERA

Dwarf growing foliage plants used for bedding Aurea, bright yellow.

Tricolor, crimson and dark green. Price 10c each, 3 for 25c; postpaid.

CARNATIONS

Eldorado. The finest yellow. Enchantress. Large, shell pink. G. H. Crane. A fine large scarlet, strong grow-

Harlowarden. Large, free blooming, crimson. Mrs. Thomas W. Lawson. Large, deep pink. Lady Bountiful. Large, pure white, very free. 12c each; 3 for 30c; postpaid.

CHRYSANTHEMUMS

Black Hawk. A rich, bright red, large. Glory of Pacific. Very early, light pink. Ivory. Large, pure white, incurved, early.
Major Bonnafon. Incurved, light yellow, fine.
late. 12c each; one of each of the four for 40c; postpaid. COLEUS

Brilliant, rich dark red with yellow border. Golden Bedder, rich golden yellow. Harlequin, mottled red green and bronze. Milton Rogers, green, with yellow ribs and cen-

Red Cloud, bronzy red with green edge. Verschaffeltii, rich red; fine bedder. Price 12c each; 4 for 40c, postpaid.



DOUBLE PETUNIAS

Plants of the easiest culture, producing flowers in pro-

Figure 7 the Carlot of Figure 7 the Carlot of Pinks of the Carlot of Pinks of Pinks



#### FERNS

Asparagus Plumosus, the fine leaved variety used so much in cut flower work.

Asparagus Springeri, drooping variety; very

nice for hanging baskets.

Boston, the well known variety so often seen.

Price 15c each, \$1.50 per doz; postpaid.

#### GERANIUMS

Contraste, double dark red; dwarf. Gertrude Pearson, single rose-pink with white blotch on the two upper petals.

Jean Viaud, large double light pink. LaFavorite, double pure white. Mrs. A. Blanc, large single deep salmon. Peter Crozy, double scarlet; ivy leaved.

double dark crimson free bloomer. Price 12c each, 3 for

30c postpaid.

S. A. Nutt,



GERANIUM



DIRECTIONS FOR PLANTING

If the plants look wilted when received put them in lukewarm water for 15 or 20 minutes. When planting care should be taken to set the plants at least two inches above the first joints or branches and press the soil firmly around the roots. Give them a good watering. Shade from sun and wind until they begin to grow. Order in spring not later than June 1st. Orders for two-year-old roses must reach us by April 15th.

EVERBLOOMING TEAS AND HYBRID TEAS, For Bedding and Potting. Prices, by mail postpaid, each 10c; three for 28c; six for 50c; twelve for \$1.00. Except where noted, these prices are for one-year-old plants.

The roses given under this class are famous for their vigor, profuseness, brilliancy and exquisite fragrance of flowers. They bloom freely the first year and are hardy in the north if given protection. These are all good for house culture as well as for outside.



CLOTILDE SOUPERT. Blush white, produced in sprays, begins blooming very young. Two-year-old roses, 35c, postpaid.

MOSELLA. (Yellow Soupert.) Light yellow,

with a chrome yellow center; buds dainty and tractive. Two-year-old roses, 35c, postpaid. PINK SOUPERT. Medium Sized Flowers,

perfectly double; color fine rose pink. Two-

year-old roses, 35c each, postpaid.
GOLDEN GATE. Rich, creamy white, beautifully tinged with golden yellow and rose; a constant bloomer, large, very double. Two-year-

old roses, 35c each, postpaid.

LA FRANCE. Silvery rose, flowers large and of distinct fragrance. Two-year-old roses, 35c

each, postpaid.

MAMON COCHET. Color, rich coral pink, elegantly shaded with rosy crimson; superb, long pointed buds, immense bloomer. It is deliciously sweet and a hardy, vigorous grower. Two-year-old roses, 35c each, postpaid.

METEOR. Remarkable for its large size, constant bloom and brilliant color; bright, rich, velvety crimson, and a most constant and abundant bloomer. Two-year-old roses constant and abundant bloomer. 35c each, postpaid.

PAPA GONTIER. Extra large, finely formed buds and flowers; strong, robust grower; constant bloomer; rich rosy red; very full and sweet. Two-year-old roses, 30c each; postpaid.

SAFRANO. Handsome flowers of bright apricot yellow changing to orange and fawn; sometimes tinted with rose. Two-year-old roses, 35c each, postpaid.

Prices—One-year-old roots of any of the above, 10c each; 3 for 28c; 6 for 50c; 12 for \$1.00; postpaid. ANNIE MULLER. A pink everblooming rose. It is sometimes called a pink baby Rambler, but is somewhat taller and the flowers are of a different form. This rose grows to a height of twenty-four inches and the freely branching numerous flower stalks carry a large number of buds and blossoms at the same time. The flowers, when open, are a brilliant cerise pink, measuring two inches in diameter, with a double row of curiously twisted petals. The center is chrome yellow. 15c each; 2 for 25c.

HUGH DICKSON. The foliage is deep red on the young shoots changing to deep green with age. Flowers large, brilliant crimson shaded with scarlet. 15c each, 2 for 25c, postpaid. Two-year-old roses, 35c each, postpaid. Two-year-old

J. B. CLARK. Very fragrant flowers of an intense deep scarlet shaded with blackish crimson like the sheen on a plum. 15c each; 2 for 25c, postpaid. Two-year-old roses 35c each, postpaid. GEN. JACQUEMINOT. Rich crimson-scarlet with particularly handsome buds. 12c each, postpaid.

Two-year-old roses, 35c each, postpaid.

INSECTICIDES FOR ROSES. If the leaves curlup, they are infected with aphis. Sulpho-Tobacco Soap or Kerosene Emulsion. If the leaves turn white, it is mildew. Remedy: Powder with Grape Dust. If the leaves turn brown and are badly eaten, slugs are doing the mischief. Remedy: Dust with Slug Shot or spray with Paris Green solution, 1 oz to 12 gals. water. If troubled with tiny hoppers use Sulpho-Tobacco Soap. For prices see page 20.

THE "TRIPLETS" COLLECTION 35c-Postpaid Special---Baby Rambler, Crimson; Baby Dorothy, Pink; White Baby Rambler Order roses not later than June 1st.

BABY RAMBLER. (Crimson.) Possesses all the charming brilliant red color of the Crimson Ram-

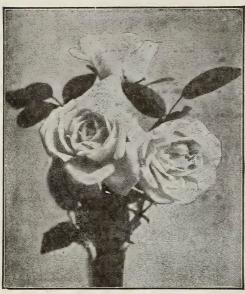
bler, only it is dwarf and everblooming. Begins blooming when only a few inches high. A plant in a 5 or 6 inch pot is a thing of beauty. Also an excellent bedder, forming clusters of flowers as large as the Crimson Rambler. 12c each; 2 for 20c. Two-year-old roses, 35c each, postpaid.

BABY DOROTHY. A splendid companion to the crimson Baby Rambler; is just as vigorous and free blooming. This is much the same color as the climber Dorothy Perkins, hence the appropriateness of the name "Baby Dorothy." As a pink bedding rose it has no equal. 15c each.

Two-year-old roses 35c each, postpaid.

WHITE BABY RAMBLER. This rose has identically the same habit of growth and freedom of bloom as the other two "Baby" roses. No collection of dwarf roses is complete without the White Baby Rambler. 15c each. 1 each of the above, one year old 35c; postpaid.

for 40c.



FRAU KARL DRUSCHKI

#### THE INTERNATIONAL COLLECTION THE SIX FOR 50c

Any one rose 10c Any three for 28c ETOILE DE FRANCE. Color, superb, velvety crimson with the center a vivid cerise. The buds are long and pointed,

borne singly and erect, flowers are very large, valuable for cutting. The foliage is a handsome bronze-green. Two-yearold roses 35c each, postpaid.

ETOILE DE LYON. This magnificent Tea Rose is a rich golden

yellow; a strong, healthy and vigorous grower, immense bloomer. Will withstand very well, both heat and cold. Two-year-old

roses 35c each, postpaid. GRUSS AN TEPLITZ. Succeeds under the most ordinary conditions. In color it is of the richest scarlet, shading to velvety crimson; a free, strong grower, quite hardy and a most profuse bloomer. Foliage very beautiful. Two-year-old roses

35c, postpaid.

KAISERIN AUGUSTA VICTORIA. Color, pure, snowy white; a continuous bloomer, producing successive crops of buds and flowers in greatest profusion. Buds and blossoms are beautiful

and fragrant. Two-year-old Roses 35c each, postpaid.

KILLARNEY. (See cut.) Flowers are rich, rosy pink and very large. Plant a vigorous grower, free bloomer and entirely hardy. Two-year-old roses 35c each, postpaid.

WELLESLEY. A beautiful shade of pink. It is a vigorous grower, remarkably free flowering, and possesses unusually fine keeping qualities. Two-year-old roses 35c each, postpaid.

4 HARDY ROSES FOR 40c POSTPAID AMERICAN BEAUTY. Well known as one of

the grandest and most beautiful constant-blooming roses; immense buds and flowers, rich glowing crimson, exceedingly sweet. Two-year-old roses 35c

each, postpaid.

FRAU KARL DRUSCHKI. The color is marvelous, snow-white, without a tinge of color. The best and hardiest white rose in cultivation. Strong vigorous grower. (See cut.) Two-year-old roses
35c each, postpaid.
MARCHIONESS OF LORNE. This beautiful

rose produces flowers of exceedingly rich rose color in the center with vivid carmine; large, very sweet

in the center with vivid carmine; large, very sweet and remarkable for its truly perpetual habit.

MARGARET DICKSON. The color is white, with pale flesh center, very large. The flowers are of magnificent form, produced singly on long stiff stems, fragrant and very double, habit of growth vigorous with large, luxuriant foliage. Two-year-old roses 35c each, postpaid.

MOSS ROSES

Moss roses are strong, vigorous growers, perfectly hardy and like rich ground. Both flowers and buds have an abundance of lovely deep green moss; very free flowering.

BLANCHE MORREAU. Flowers in clusters, and

are large, full and sweet, pure white.
PRINCESS ADELAIDE. One of the best; extra

large flowers; color bright rosy pink.
CRIMSON GLOBE. A fine deep crimson.
Price of MossRoses, 15c each; three (one of each)



KILLARNEY

# Wedding Bells Collection

Price 28c, postpaid.

THE BRIDE. White Tea Rose. Flowers very large on long stiff stems. They last a long time after being cut, making it one of the best for bouquets. Sometimes a pinkish white in very hot weather but usually a pure white. Two-year-old roses 35c each, postpaid.

BRIDESMAID. Pink Tea Rose. A clear shining pink, on long strong stems. Lasts a long time after cutting. A very fitting companion to the above. Two-year-old roses 35c each, postpaid.

RICHMOND. Its scarlet-crimson flowers are very fragrant. Buds pointed, foliage dark. Twoyear-old roses 35c each, postpaid.

# Hardy Climbing Roses

Orders for Roses in this list should reach us by April 15 at the latest

# Two New Climbing Roses

EVERBLOOMING CRIMSON RAMBLER. Flower of Fairfield. Every one has admired the popular crimson rambler, but it has had one drawback. It produced only one crop of bloom in a season. The Flower of Fairfield is in form and color like the ordinary Crimson Rambler, but it is less liable to sunburn. It begins blooming early in the spring and continues to produce repeated crops of bloom until late in the autumn. This rose is not only good for covering trellises, but is also excellent for cutting. Price 16c each; 2 for 30c. Two-year-old roses, 35c each, postpaid.

BLUE RAMBLER. Veilchenblau. (Violet blue.) it has been the endeavor of rosarians to produce a blue rose, and their efforts have at last succeeded in the production of Veilchenblau. The semi-double flowers come in clusters similar to the Crimson Rambler. When first open, they are partly bright red, partly bright rose but soon change to a steel blue. It is a hardy, vigorous grower and is not troubled by mildew. Price 16c each, 2 for 30c; one each of the Two New Climbing Roses for 30c. Two-year-old roses, 65c each, postpaid.

SINGLE CLIMBING ROSE

HIAWATHA. Flower of a striking ruby-crimson with white centers. The blossoms are single, but are so freely produced as to completely cover the plant and render them most beautiful and attractive objects. Single roses of this sort are not so well known or so generally planted as they should be. They are very graceful and artistic for garden decoration. 12c each; 3 for 28c, postpaid. Two-year-old roses 35c each, postpaid.

OTHER CLIMBING ROSES.
CRIMSON RAMBLER. It is a vigorous grower, making a gorgeous display of brilliant crimson clusters of blossoms, each cluster a bouquet in itself. The blooms remain on the plant for a long time without losing their brightness.

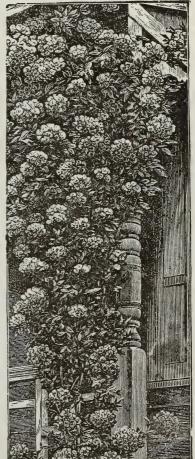
DOROTHY PERKINS. The flowers are a most beautiful shell pink and hold a long time without fading. About one and a half inches across; are borne in clusters of from ten to thirty and are very double; the petals are very prettily rolled back and crinkled; the buds are remarkably pretty. In hardiness, vigor and habit of growth it is all that can be desired. The foliage is of deep green, of thick, leathery texture, and remains on the plant in perfect condition till well on into the winter, making it almost an evergreen variety

QUEEN OF THE PRAIRIES. Clear, bright pink, very double

and full; blooms in clusters, one of the finest.

THALIA. (White Rambler.) It climbs rapidly, is entirely hardy; produces immense clusters of pure white roses; perfectly double, of delightful fragrance.

Price, of the four above, 10c each; 3 for 28c; postpaid. Twoyear-old plants, 35c each; postpaid.



FLOWER OF FAIRFIELD

# Hardy Climbing Roses-Continued

Orders for roses in this list should reach us by April 15.

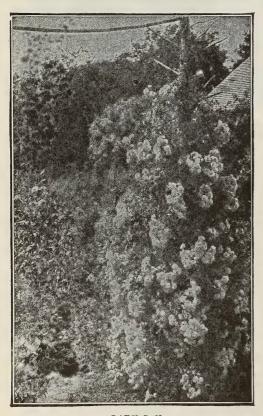
HARDY WHITE MEMORIAL ROSE, WICHURAIANA. Will creep all over the ground or can be trained up to a trellis. Hardy as grass, and will grow in sun or shade, poor ground or rich. Needs no protection, will care for itself and bloom profusely every season, without attention. The flowers are single and very large, pure satiny white, with bright golden center. Borne in clusters. 10c each; 3 for 25c; postpaid.

#### TWO VALUABLE CLIMBING ROSES

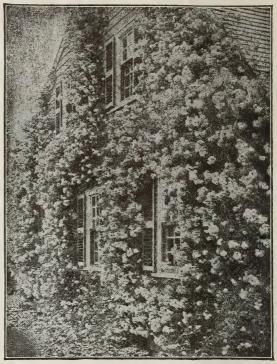
For 25c, postpaid.

TAUSENDSCHON. (Thousand Beauties.) The flowers appear in large clusters from the beginning of June to the end of July. The color is a soft pink changing to a rosy carmine It is a strong vigorous grower, and nearly thornless. 15c each; 2 for 25c. Two year old roses, 35c each postpaid.

ALBERIC BARBIER. A hardy yellow climbing rose. The foliage is a dark glossy



LADY GAY



TAUSENDSCHON

green with a bronzy red tinge in the Spring. The flowers are a rich deep yellow in the bud, changing to a creamy white with a canary yellow center. 15c each; 2 for 25c.

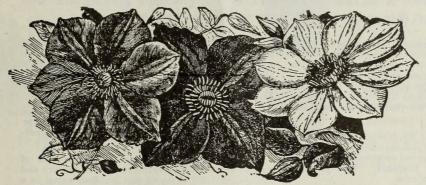
BALTIMORE BELLE. The buds are a delicate pink, gradually changing to a blush in the half opened flowers, and finally becoming white when the blossoms are fully expanded. The blooms come in large clusters making the whole plant an entire mass of bloom. Very hardy and a rapid grower. 10c each; 3 for 28c. Two-year-old roses 35c each, postpaid.

PHILADELPHIA RAMBLER. Undoubtedly the brightest and best of all hardy crimson climbing roses. Blooms two weeks earlier than the Crimson Rambler. Flowers are perfectly double, borne in large clusters, completely covering the bush. 10c Each; 3 for 28c; postpaid. Two-year-old roses 35c each, postpaid.

LADY GAY. Flowers are deep, clear rich rose pink; immense trusses like Crimson Rambler. Healthy, hardy and very rapid grower. 12c Each; 3 for 30c; postpaid. Two-year-old roses 35c each, postpaid.

# HARDY CLIMBING VINES

Orders should reach us by April 15 at the latest CLEMATIS



HENRYII

It is a good idea to plant hardy vines along the division fences and it is wonderful the pretty hedges they make.

Fences of any kind are soon covered with a mantle of living green. They should be planted two feet apart.

MADAME EDOUARD ANDRE

**JACKMANI1** 

Jackmanii. The flowers are large, intense, rich, velvety, violet purple and are produced in masses. Well known and very popular. Two

year old roots, 50c each, postpaid.

Henryii. One of the best. Of robust habit and a very free bloomer; the flowers are white,

large and very showy.

Mme. Edouard Andre. An entirely distinct variety and nearest approach to bright red ever sent out. Ramona. Single, lavender blue. Flowers are frequently 8 to 10 inches in diameter.

Paniculata. One of the most beautiful of our hardy fall blooming vines. The flowers are small, pure white, very fragrant, borne in large clusters fairly covering the plant, so that it is a mass of fleecy white; the fragrance is delicious. Two year old roots, 50c each, postpaid.

Price of Clematis, one year old roots, 14c each; 3

for 35c; postpaid.

AMPELOPSIS VEITCHI. (Boston Ivy.) It clings firmly to the smoothest walls. The color is deep green in summer, changing to bright crimson and yellow in autumn. 12c each; 3 for 30c; dozen, \$1.00; postpaid. Two year old roots, 50c each, postpaid.

PASSION FLOWER. (Passiflora Incarnata.) A strong growing vigorous climber, making a fine covering for porches and verandas. Flowers 2 to 3 in. across, white with light purple corona. Farther south the roots are hardy, but in this latitude they should be dug up and placed in cellar until spring. 12c each; 3 for 30c; postpaid.

HONEYSUCKLES

Chinese. This variety has reddish green foliage and reddish flower buds. When flowers are

expanded, creamy white petals are displayed.

Hall's Japan. A strong growing almost evergreen sort, with pure white flowers changing to yellow Very fragrant and covered with flowers from July to November.

Two-year-old plants,

35c each, postpaid.

Monthly Fragrant. Red and yellow; very fragrant, blooms all summer; leaves tinged red-

dish color. Two year-old roots, 50c each, postpaid. Scarlet Trumpet. Bright red trumpet-shaped flowers: blooms freely; vigorous and rapid grow-

ing. Two-year-old plants, 35c each, postpaid.

Price of Honeysuckles, 12c each; the four varietie, one of each, 40c, postpaid.

#### SWEET PEAS

Do not fail to plant a lot of Sweet Peas. They bloom continuously a l l summer and make a most beautiful addition to any lawn. We handled almost a ton of sweet peas last year. They are grown for us in Calgrown for us in Cal-ifornia by sweet pea specialists and we get the be that can be had. best

Ask for prices in large lots. See page 67.



CINNAMON VINE. A vine of very rapid. growth, quickly covering trellis with a handsome clean, glossy green foliage. Plant the bulbs about 1 inch deep in rich soil. With the approach of winter cover with straw and leaves to prevent eezing. 3 bulbs for 15c; 6 for 25c; postpaid. BIGNONIA. (Trumpet Creeper.) For covering

unsightly places. Has large orange-colored flowers; a free bloomer, very attractive and showy. 12c each; 3 for 30c; postpaid. Two-year-old roots, 40c each, postpaid.

WISTERIA

Particularly valuable for training over buildings, second floor verandas and wherever tall-growing climbers are wanted; it is a vigorous grower, and entirely hardy. The flowers are borne in long, pendulous clusters.

Chinese Purple. Of lovely, rich, violet-purple color, deliciously scented and handsome. Each 12c; 3 for 30c. Two-year-old roots, 50c each,

postpaid.

Chinese White. Of similar habit to the purple variety; but with pure white flowers; a lovely climber. 16c Each; 3 for 45c; postpaid. One plant each of Purple and White, 25c; postpaid. Two-year-old roots, 50c each, postpaid.

# HARDY FLOWERING SHRUBS

Shrub Orders must reach us not later than April 15, as they commence growing soon after that date and then could not be successfully handled.

HYDRANGEA. Paniculta Grandiflora. This is without question one of the finest hardy shrubs in cultivation. The flower trusses form immense heads from 7 to 9 inches across. Color white, afterwards changing to deep pink. It blooms from July until destroyed by frost. 10c each; 3 for 27c; postpaid. Two-year-old shrubs, 50c each, by express.

SNOWBALL. Japan. Moderate in growth and compact in form; large globular flower clusters of the purest white, produced in great abundance. 12c each; 2 for 20c; postpaid. Two-year-old shrubs, 35c each, by express.

SYRINGA. Garland. (Mock Orange.) An old-fashioned favorite shrub. Pure white and highly scented flowers, borne in great profusion in June. 12c each; 2 for 20c; postpaid. Two-year-old shrubs, 50c each, by express.

WEIGELIA. This is a family of strong vigorous growing shrubs. We strongly recommend them.

Candida. Handsome snow-white flowers, borne in great profusion during June and July. Handsome light green foliage. 12c each; 3 for 30c; postpaid. Two-year-old shrubs, 50c each, by express.

Eva Rathke. The flowers are of a very deep, rich, crimson color produced with the utmost profusion. 12c each; 3 for 30c, postpaid; two-year-old shrubs, 50c each, by express.

Rosea. Large rose-colored flowers, almost covering the whole plant. 12c each; 3 for 30c; postpaid. Two-year-old shrubs, 50c each, by express.

DWARF FLOWERING ALMOND. Blooms very early in the Spring. The flowers are very double, either pink or white. 4 to 5 foot shrubs. 60c each by express.

BECHTEL'S DOUBLE FLOWERING CRAB. Hardy, blooms very early in the Spring. The flowers are fragrant and of a delicate pink. 5 to 6 foot shrubs. 75c each by express.

TEA'S WEEPING MULBERRY. The slender branches grow downward, giving the plant an umbrella-like shape. It is very graceful, and is also perfectly hardy. Very nice for ornamenting lawns or for cemetery planting. 5 to 6 ft. bushes. \$1.00 each, by express.

HONEYSUCKLE. Tartarian. Well known shrub blooming in May and June. Red or white. 12c each; the two for 20c; postpaid. Two-year-old shrub; 30c each, postpaid.

SPIREA. (Meadow Sweet.) This class of shrubs offers a great variety, both in flowers and foliage, making them of the greatest value in a collection. They are all of easy cultivation, rapid growth, and will amply repay the planter with an abundance of flowers.

Anthony Waterer. Bears clusters of crimson flowers throughout the summer. The plant is of dwarf habit and comes into bloom very early. Each 15c; 3 for 35c; postpaid. Two-year-old shrubs, 30c each, postpaid.

Van Houttei. (Bridal Wreath.) A vigorous plant that sends up tall slender shoots, which curve gracefully toward the ground, and the last of May or in June are literally covered with pure white flowers. 12c each; 5 for 50c; postpaid. Two-year-old shrubs, 30c each, postpaid.

LILACS. Charles X. Large reddish purple flowers. Strong two-year-old bushes 50c each.

Marie Le Graye. Pure white, of immense size. Strong, two-year-old bushes, 50c each.

ALTHEA. (Rose of Sharon.) Tree. This is a very valuable tree-shrub, coming into bloom in August and remaining in flower for several weeks. The blossoms somewhat resemble double hollyhocks. 4 to 5 foot shrubs. 50c each by express.

BERBERIS Thunbergii. (Japanese Barberry.) Used a great deal for making hedges. 18 to 24 inch plants 20c each; \$2.00 per doz., by express.

CALIFORNIA PRIVET. Very popular for hedges 18 to 24 inch plants. 10c each; \$4.00 per 100.

# FALL BULBS

In September of each year, we import from Holland, a large shipment of Fall Bulbs. These should be planted any time from the middle of September until the ground freezes. The list includes Tulips, Hyacinths, Narcissus, Crocus, Jonquils, Scillas, Chionodoxas, for outdoor planting. Roman Hyacinths, Freesias, Chinese Sacred Lilies, Easter Lilies, Callas and Oxalis for planting in the house.

We issue our Fall catalog about the middle of August. If you do not receive a copy by the first of September, let us know.

#### GRISWOLD SEED CO., LINCOLN, NEBRASKA



#### MAKES FLOWERS FLOURISH

Flowers are like people; their health depends upon their food. It must be nourishing, but not too rich to force growth and cause reaction. A chemically correct flower food for house plants is

#### Walker's Excelsion Brand

It has no odor whatever, and can be used dry or dissolved in water for sprinkling. Use it, and your flowers will flourish and their health will last. Small size (feeds 25 plants 6 months), 25c; large size (enough for a year), 50c; postpaid.



# STANDARD FLOWER POTS AND SAUCERS

We pack these carefully but will not be responsible for breakage in transit.

					I	Per	doz.	Per 100	
								\$1.25	
		pots,						1.50	
		pots,							
		pots,						6.00	
6	inch	pots,	with	sauc	ers.		1.10	9.00	
								ch Doz.	
		pots,					.15	1.50	
8	inah	note	with	29110	ore		т6	T 60	

One-third off if saucers are not wanted.



Write for prices of larger sizes.

#### NEPONSET PAPER POTS

Made of waterproof paper and are light clean and unbreakable. 2½ inch, 10c per dozen; 60c per 100, 4 inch, 25c per dozen; \$1.50 per 100. All pots sent by express or freight at purchaser's expense.



# PLANT FOOD TABLETS

A New, Scientific, Concentrated Fertilizer for Potted
Plants and Vegetables

Takes the place of liquid manure. Used by dissolving in water. It starts the plants at once into healthy and vigorous growth and nakes them bloom luxuriantly. These Tablets drive insects from the soil. They are odorless, non-poisonous and clean and easy to handle. If your plants are not doing well, try Sterlingworth Plant Food Tablets, and see how quickly they are benefitted. Trial size box, sufficient for 10 house plants for 3 months, 10 cents postpaid. Regular size box, sufficient for 35 plants for 3 months, 25 cents postpaid.

# RAFFIA AND REEDS

Raffia is used in making baskets, hats, shopping bags, sofa pillows, etc. The material is very strong and durable. The coarse Raffia works up rapidly, while by splitting the strands much more dainty effects are obtained.

RAFFIA-Colored, per skein (about 2 oz.) \$0.10	by mail \$0.13
Colored, 3 skeins	by mail32
Natural, per skein (about 3 oz.)	by mail .00
Natural, per pound	
Natural, 6 pounds, \$1.00 by express at you	

# REEDS OR RATTAN

Size	Ft.	Price	By I	Mail	Ft	Price	By Mail
No. 1	.30	\$0.05	\$	0.06	180	.\$0.25	\$0.29
No. 2	.25	05		.06	150	25	30
No. 4	.20	05		.07		25	
No. 5	15	.05		.08	90	25	33
No. 6	12	05		.08	72	25	35
Samples on	application	1. Need	iles. 6	ofor			05
Basket-mak	ing instruc	tions, po	stpa	id			25



RUBBER SPRINKLER
With bent neck \$0.75
Postpaid ... 85

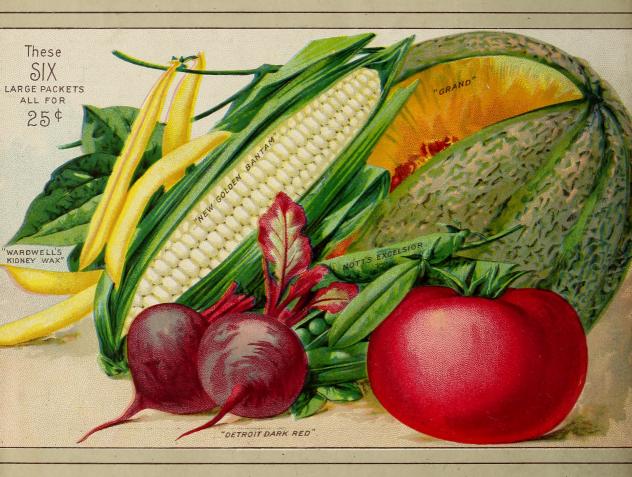
LENOX SPRINKLER
Very handy, each ... \$.50
Postpaid ... ... ... ... ... ... 60

FLOWERING PLANTS A



# GRISWOLD SEED Co.





LINCOLN, NEBRASKA.